





## HURT BY AN AUTOMOBILE

While driving to his home near Kellner one night last week Robert Hannaman was struck by an automobile and thrown from his rig and received a bad scalp wound. In the rig with him were five other members of the family but they all escaped without serious injury.

The owner of the car drove away without stopping to assist the Hannaman family or even to find out what damage had been done, and he was not recognized in the dark. The authorities in this city were notified of the facts in the case and they have since been looking for the man who was driving the car.

## FORMER RESIDENTS WRITE

Mr. and Mrs. Rex Ringler, who were formerly located in this locality but who are now living at Belle Plaine, Iowa, in sending their subscription for the Tribune, write as follows: "Although we lived up there but a short time, it seems like home to us yet. We have been having high water here, the highest for years, but the crops look fine. Corn planting is a done here and some corn is up ready to grow, and all the small grain looks fine. We never missed but one copy of the Tribune during the past year. Wishing you a prosperous year, I will close."

Mr. and Mrs. Rex Ringler.

## LARGE CROWD OUT FOR SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT

The entertainment given at Daly's Theatre on Monday evening by the pupils of S. S. Peter and Paul parish school called out a large crowd of spectators, the theatre being filled with people who wanted to hear the young people in their work. The following was the program rendered: Over Hill and Dale Lucille Reiland, Ave. Marie, Chorus Our Inquisitive Little Ones Spring Waltz Georgia Payne, Grace Dixon The Merry Workers Cleopatra Glide Duet Roma Iover, Charlotte Brookman Military March Duet Leona Freund, Georgia Payne Indian Drill Lucille Reiland Voice of Spring The Flag We Love Gun Drill

Noretta Rorer, Roma Bever The War of Rose—An Allegory Characters

Cornelia, Queen of Flowers Leona Freund Gentilia, the Wanderer Georgia Payne

Ruba, the Red Rose Lucille Reiland Eglantaria, the Yellow Rose

Lilla, the Lily Carol Steib Viola, the Violate—Caroline Boles

Joanette Peltier, E. Croftand Amarillis Evelyn Chamberlain, Teresa Zoller, Ruth White

Columbina—Florence Link, Viola Ganama, Cecile Parmeter, Leon

Popliva—Dorothy Dixon, Oligney, Gertrude Love

Scene II—Rose Drill Duet Notre Dame Waltz

Nellie Farrell, Dorothy Crowe TABLEAU

The Star Spangled Banner—Chorus

## NOTICE

Registration booths will be open on June 5th, 1918, from 7 o'clock A. M. until 5 o'clock P. M. Signed: SAM CHURCH, Secretary Local Board for Wood County, Wisconsin.

## INDIAN ADOPTS WHITE CHILD

Mr. Standenwater of Mather, this county, the Winnebago Indian whose son died in the service in France, has adopted a little white girl from the state school for dependents located at Sparta. Heretofore Indians have been wards of the whites, but in this instance, the tables are turned. Mr. Standenwater evidently has a big heart in him.—New Lisbon Times.

## REGISTER JUNE 5th

Do not forget to register on the 5th of June if you have reached the age of 21 since last registration day. The only exception to this rule are men who are actually in active military or naval service. Divulge students and students of medicine must register. It is necessary to go to the registration place in person. Any man who expects to be absent from home on Wednesday, June 5th, 1918, should go at once to the office of the local board where he expects to be and have his card filled out and certified. He must then mail his card to the office of the local board having jurisdiction of the place where he permanently resides, and in view of the fact that this card must be received by his home local board on or before June 5, it is essential that anyone who expects to be away from home on that date arrange for his registration immediately.

## FORMER RESIDENT DIES

Mrs. Gus Langendorf died at her home in Merrill on Monday after illness of about a year. Decense, whose maiden name was Tressie Klevine, was born in the town of Sigel, December 6, 1858, and was married to Mr. Langendorf on the 4th of December, 1884. They have been residents of Merrill during the past twenty-eight years. Her husband with three children, Clayton, Elmer D. and Fred Raymond, are left to mourn her sad loss. The following sisters and brothers: Mrs. Augusta Demitz of Grand Rapids; Henry Klevine of Merrill; Mrs. Joseph Rick of Grand Rapids; Mrs. Hugh Dean of Thief River Falls, Minn.; William Klevine of Marshfield; Mrs. Joseph Spinner of Hammond, Ind.; Leona Klevine of Thief River Falls, Minn.; Mrs. Robert Wright of Milwaukee; Mrs. Ida Gorham of Chicago; Charles Klevine of Grand Rapids.

Miss Alma Lind is spending several days in Chicago this week.

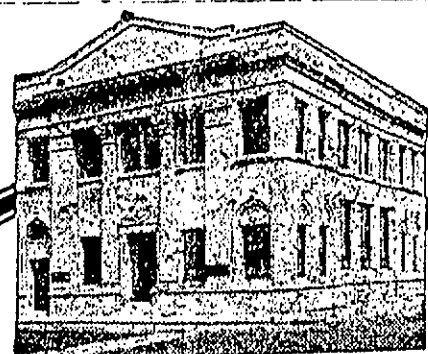
## BIG CROWD TURNED OUT TO SEE BOYS GO

Although the weather was a trifle chilly and there was a hint of rain in the air on Tuesday morning, there was a large crowd of people out to see the soldiers boys and bid them farewell as they departed from the city. The parade that morning was a trifle late in forming, as the train was in and waiting before they arrived at the depot, but as there was no danger of getting left, nobody worried a great deal about this part of the matter.

The procession formed at the Amusement hall as usual, and the boys of the National Army were formed in a wedge by Marshall Roonius, carrying a rope with the National colors. Behind them came the band and Company K, after which there were the veterans from the Civil war. Among these was M. H. Lynn, who carried and played the snare drum that went thru the war with him. There were also a large number of citizens and automobiles in the parade, and these, with those who had assembled at the depot before the procession arrived, made such a crowd about the train that it was almost impossible for the boys to get thru to find a place on the cars that were waiting for them.

It was a brave showing, and one that calculated to impress everybody present with the importance of the occasion. The boys seemed to be in a happy frame of mind, and inclined to make the best of the thing. This, however, is the way in which our boys go to war, and reports from the front are to the effect that they keep their good spirits right with them even in the thick of the affair.

FOR SALE CHEAP—1915 Hudson 6-10 Touring Car in excellent condition. Complete set of new tires and new overhauling. Inquire of M. P. Johnson at Johnson and Hills Hardware Department.—tf.



## A Sensible Road

There are a number of things of vast importance to us all. Good health gives you a fighting chance. Morality commands respect. Education makes your chance in life easier to see. Thrift insures independence. A well kept up savings account MEANS THRIFT.

An account with this bank will help you to travel this good road.

Wood County Nat'l. Bank

SAFETY

SERVICE



## Marx Made Trousers Week

May 25th to June 1st.

## A Quality Product

It is a pleasure to be able to truthfully call your attention to a line of men's trousers which, even in the face of the unusual conditions that confront all of us, have so thoroughly and honestly maintained their reputation as

## A Quality Product

We invite you to visit our store and inspect our offerings in

## MarxMade Trousers

We have your size and feel assured you will be pleased with the variety of patterns and the prices. It will be our pleasure to show you.

And also everything for that Complete Outfit for Summer Wear, all Rightly Priced.

Abel & Podawiltz Co.

Grand Rapids, Wis.

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back"

## WORK OR FIGHT

Provost Marshall General Crowder has issued a general order to take effect July 1st, after which every man of draft age must work or fight. Not only idlers, but all idlers registered engaged in what are held to be nonessential occupations, are to be brought before the local board and there given a new job in the service of the United States.

At the head of the list are gamblers, race track, and bucket shop attendants and fortune tellers. But the order also includes waiters, bartenders, ushers, elevator operators, attendants at clubs, hotels, clerks in stores, and other men working about the store. A person may be at the bottom of class No. 1 and even in class No. 4; if he falls within demerit or class designation in the order, he will be given a number in Class No. 1 that will put him in the military service at once.

All idlers, no matter what their age or class, will find themselves confronted with the alternative of finding suitable employment or entering the army. After July 10th, any registrant who is found by a local board to be a habitual idler, or not engaged in some useful occupation shall be summoned before the board given a chance to explain and, in the absence of a satisfactory explanation, be inducted into the military service.

In other words, any man loafing around a pool room, saloon or on the streets of the city of Grand Rapids or anywhere in Wood county, will have to get a job, or he will be sent to the army. The following five classes are particularly mentioned in the order, "work or fight," which goes into effect on July 1st:

(a) Gamblers of all types, employees and retailers of bucket shops and race tracks, fortune tellers, clairvoyants, palmists and the like.

(b) Persons engaged in the serving of food and drink, or either in public places including hotels and social clubs.

(c) Passenger elevator operators and attendants, doormen, footmen and other attendants of clubs, hotels, stores, apartment houses, office buildings and bath houses.

(d) Persons, including ushers and other attendants, engaged with games, sports and amusements, excepting actual performers in legitimate concerts, operas or theatrical performances.

(e) Persons employed in domestic service.

(f) Sales clerks and other clerks employed in stores and other mercantile establishments.

HARRY HAGERSTROM IS NOW AT PORT BEN HARRISON

Port Ben Harrison, Ind. May 22, 1918

Dear friends:

As I am awful anxious to get the Tribune it is probable that I had better tell you where I am. We left Camp Grant last Saturday at 4:30 and went to Ft. Ben Harrison, Ind., via Chicago and Kankakee, Ill. Had a dandy trip; big train and all sorts of cars, with lots of room for everybody. We arrived at our new home on Sunday about 2 A. M. Well, it was warm; could have slept under the trees had we wanted to.

This camp is a beautiful place, and we all left Camp Grant without regret. When Sunday came we found green grass and shade trees; big trees at that. Reminded me of Washington avenue, and all day we took good advantage of the grass and shade. Our old camp never had any grass, for it was a large corn field before the U. S. took it.

There are 344 men in this company, all railroad men, and every man has had five years or more experience, and you can imagine what happens when a bunch of these kids see a Pennsylvania or New York train go by. Our camp is only a half station's throw from the railroad track and every few minutes a flyer comes by, and you can hear the remarks to the effect that either the engineer is not going fast enough or that the fireman is making too much black smoke, or something that might be of assistance to the train crew if they could only hear it. Every day you see a troop train going east thru here, and I think it is one of these that we are going to be on before long. If I had more time I would like to tell you more of this place.

The camp is a good place, and here you find all the "enemy aliens" that can't go across. They are used for guard or border duty. From all appearances they do not make very good infantry men. I guess they are in a good place as only good men are wanted over there. Now I am going to wish you all good luck and send my best regards. I am glad I am in the "Hoosier" state. At present they call you a soldier and a Hoosier. Yours truly,

H. L. Hagerstrom.

SEED CORN

The County Council of Defense has still several bushels of Longfellow corn at \$7.50 per bushel and some Minnesota No. 13, at \$12.50 a bushel.

If you still need corn for late planting or to replant you may get this at the Agricultural School at Grand Rapids or at the office of F. L. Mushach at Marshfield.

Under present conditions of food shortage and high prices be sure to replant all missing hills of corn.

W. W. CLARK, Sales Manager.

A SUCCESSFUL BAZAAR

The bazaar held at Rudolph on Sunday was a most successful affair, as there was a large crowd present from the surrounding country, while about fifteen went up from this city and took part in the doings. After the games during the afternoon and evening, there was a dance, music being furnished by the Speltz orchestra.

SPELL OUT AMERICAN.

People writing to the soldiers in France are urged to spell out "With American E. F." Abbreviating as A. E. F. causes considerable confusion after reaching France, as the Australian Expeditionary Forces are also there and A. E. F. may also mean them.

NOTICE TO MOTHERS

Bring your babies to the Emerson school, west side Friday afternoon. Hours 2 to 5 to be weighed and measured.

COUNCIL OF DEFENSE

WOOD

Place your orders now for green and dry wood. Badger Box & Lumber Co., Phone 314.

Pineapple, the cheapest fruit you can buy, extra large sizes, on sale Friday and Saturday at Howard's Variety Store for 15¢.

## A SAME FOURTH OF JULY IS DESIRABLE

"Over there" precious lives must be sacrificed in the cause of humanity and world democracy. "Over there" property is destroyed by fire, shell and cannon as a result of cruel war.

"Over there" heroic patriotism must be displayed, that "government by the people" shall not perish from the earth. Over here there is a special reason that human lives, the man-power of the nation be saved and protected. Here destruction of property by careless fires is a crime. Here powder and explosives might well be saved for over there.

Neither is powder and noise necessary for a proper display of patriotism, even on Independence day. Well planned parades, parades, flag drills, picnics, band concerts and exercises in parks, and short timely war talks are quite as interesting and more effective in developing and impressing true patriotism, full of meaning instead of noise.

Such a celebration would eliminate the usual Fourth of July accidents and fires, lockjaw, powder-poisoning, fullness and indigestion.

Realizing the extent and needlessness of the Fourth of July sacrifices of lives, limbs and property, this commission has considered the matter of promulgating an order regulating the storage, display and use of fireworks.

Strong objection has been made to the commission against such an order to take effect at this time. "Holsters and retailers of fireworks claim that they have large stocks of fireworks on hand, which they will be unable to sell, if such order is enforced now.

After a full hearing and due consideration, the commission decided that such order go into effect on September 1st, 1918.

Many cities have adopted ordinances regulating or prohibiting fireworks.

Section 4298F prohibits the sale of fireworks, fireworks or fire crackers, containing picric acid, chlorate of potash compound, dynamite, mixture of dynamite or other high explosive mixtures, pellets or tablets compounded of the foregoing, explosive cases using blank cartridges, or explosive paper caps, blank cartridges, or any firecrackers of more than three inches in length and more than one inch in diameter.

Police officials should strictly enforce this statute and the local ordinance.

Each city should confine the use of fireworks to parks or other places away from buildings, which by reason of shingle roofs and frame construction are liable to fire.

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

A BIG CROWD OUT.

The graduation exercises given at the Lincoln auditorium on Friday evening called out a large crowd of people, so that every available seat in the room was taken long before the exercises began, and a number of more would have been in attendance had there been accommodations for them.

The evening was a most pleasant one as all of the children who were on the program had prepared their work in a most systematic manner so that everything passed off without a hitch. There was music by various organizations. About this time Mr. Thuroff gave the principal talk of the evening being given by Prof. H. G. Houghton of the University of Wisconsin. He chose as his subject "The Citizen of Tomorrow," a very appropriate one for the occasion, and there is no question but what his talk, touching, as it did, upon the things of today, was thoroughly appreciated by all present.

Prof. Schwelbe also gave a short talk on the necessity of diploma was made by Guy O. Babcock, president of the school board. The evening's program was closed by all present singing the Star Spangled Banner, accompanied by the high school orchestra.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES

Commencement exercises were held at the Catholic school on Friday of last week, when a good sized class was graduated from that institution. The following are those who graduated this year:

Francis Arpin, George Bauer, Archie Collins, Robert Collier, James Conway, Donald Fischer, Francis Frechette, Daniel Greiber, Walter Haman, Harold Hart, Edward Knap, Clarence Reiland, Leonard Reiland, Robert Reiland, Wm. Schnabel, Hubert Schlig, Harry Stark, Caroline Boles, Evelyn Chamberlain, Dorothy Dixon, Leona Freund, Viola Gammis, Gertrude Jensen, Florence Link, Gertrude Love, Leona Oligney, Cecil Parmeter, Georgia Payne, Jeanette Peltier, Nina Porter, Lucille Reiland, Carol Steib, Ruth White, Teresa Zoller.

CONFIRMATION SERVICES.

Confirmation services were held at the west side Lutheran church on Sunday, on which occasion a large class was confirmed. The names of those in the class are as follows:

Otto Ben, Clarence Boles, Arthur Busko, Henry Demitz, Emil Hill, Gerhard Janz, Wilbur Janz, John Krueger, Royal Krueger, Herman Mantz, Arnold Perling, Albert Voller, John Wilke, Carl Wittenberg, Ella Barz, Helen Barz, Clara Goetz, Elsie Law, Ella Ottenberg, Lola Payne, Norma Plamann, Lydia Plamann, Vi Oh Ristow, Louise Thuroff and Marie Wittenberg.

MORE MEN WANTED

The United States government is now sending out an urgent request for more men. Same to be men with trades of all kinds, mechanics and hosenens. These men wanted are outside the draft age, being from 18 to 21, and 31 to 45. It would seem that the government is having no particular difficulty in securing fighting men, as there are plenty of these within the draft age, but that mechanics and hosenens are scarce and they are willing to go outside of the draft age to get them. There will be a recruiting officer in this city on the 5th and 6th of June, and if you care to go into this branch of the service, he is the man to see.

SURPRISE THEIR PASTOR

A number of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Reinicke surprised that couple on Saturday evening there being about fifty in the party. Rev. Reinicke is pastor of the Scandinavian Moravian church, and those present were mostly members of the congregation. The visitors presented their pastor with a purse, which was accepted with appropriate remarks, after which the evening was spent in a very pleasant manner.

DEATH OF LLOYD KLUGE

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kluge are mourning the death of their infant son, Lloyd, who died on Sunday from an attack of pneumonia. The little fellow was not quite two months old, having been born the 28 of March. The funeral was held on Tuesday afternoon from the residence, services being conducted by Rev. Pastor, pastor of the east side Lutheran church.

HIGH WATER HERE

While it was reported from point up river that we were going to have a flood here, the expectation being that the water would get to the 14 ft. mark, it did not get but a trifle over 12-2 feet. While this was high enough, it does not cause any inconvenience about the city.

## AN EVENING MEETING OF THE FEDERATED CLUBS

The Grand Rapids Federation of Women's Clubs will hold an evening meeting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mead on Thursday evening, June 6th. An excellent program has been arranged for this occasion by the Civic Committee, and is one that will be of special interest to every one, dealing as it does with all things that go to make up and beautify our city. The gentlemen are particularly invited to attend this meeting. The program to be given is as follows: Reception—Mrs. Geo. W. Mead Reception—Central Division City Possibilities—A. T. Thompson Civic Talk—Geo. W. Mead Music—Mrs. E. B. Redford, Mrs. I. P. Witter. "Song Spots"—Mrs. W. F. Kellogg

## KRUGER-FOLEY

Miss Mildred Kruger and Mr. Leon Foley, both of this city, were married on Monday morning at St. Peter and Paul church, Rev. Redding officiating. They were accompanied by Miss Ruby Huntington and Mrs. John Foley. After the ceremony the bride party repaired to the home of the bride's father where a wedding breakfast was served to the relatives and immediate friends of the contracting parties. The couple left the Sunday for Chicago, where they will spend their honeymoon.

Both of the contracting parties are well and favorably known in this city, the bride being the daughter of Fred Kruger, and was born and raised in this city, and is a most estimable young lady. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Foley, who also lived in Grand Rapids the greater part of his life, graduated from the University of Wisconsin, and while there enlisted in the marine corps, and is now stationed at the Great Lakes Training station. Both of the young people have many friends in this city who will unite with the Tribune in extending the heartiest of congratulations and wishing them a long life of happiness.

DO NOT LIKE THE REPORT.

The people of Stevens Point are apparently not very well satisfied with the report made by the engineer from the University of Wisconsin, who recently examined the water in the Wisconsin river with the view of determining whether its condition was owing to the refuse dumped into it by the sulphate mill or not. Mr. Tully, who made the explanation, stated that the mills had nothing to do with the water's low, to disprove and smell of the water was due to natural causes. The people over there state that it has never been possible to have an examination made except when the water in the river was high, at which times the refuse from the mill would not be much in evidence, as it would be scattered thru a large volume of water that was moving at a very rapid rate, and would stand a better chance of being purified.

Of course one does not have to be an analytical chemist in order to discover that the sulphate and sulphate plants are contaminating the water in the river. Any man with a nose need only walk along the bank when the water is low, to discover the fact, and if he happens to be a fisherman he can give additional data on the matter that would be of value to a chemist who is really seeking for information on the subject.

MIGHT HAVE BEEN SERIOUS.

John Roberts and Rev. Thuroff had an unusual experience one night last week that might have been much more serious than it was, but which terminated fairly well, when all the time they were considered. Messrs. Roberts and Thuroff were returning from a Red Cross meeting at Pittsville and while howling along at a fairly good rate of speed the automobile jumped the track and struck a telephone pole. About this time Mr. Thuroff got out of the car in rather an unceremonious manner, and on his flight to the ground he passed thru a barbed wire fence. The overboard gentlemen were bruised up by the fall and his clothes were badly torn by the contact with the barbed wire fence, but otherwise he came out of the scrimmage without any trouble. Everything considered, it was rather a narrow escape.

MANY ACRES IN PICKLES.

Pittsville Record: Probably there hasn't been a year with the exception of the first year of the establishment of the Helms plant here, that there has been more acreage picked to pickles than this year. The preservation plays a great part in this pickle acreage, as it is well known that the greatest amount of money can be made from the least acreage in pickles than in any other crop of the Pittsville district. The price paid for cucumbers has steadily raised until now it is in conformity with every other commodity.

WILL CELEBRATE THE FOURTH

A meeting was held on Tuesday evening to make the preliminary preparations for the proper celebration of the Fourth of July. It is the intention to make the celebration a good one, but something out of the ordinary. Capt. E. A. Pierce will be general chairman and Paul Thompson secretary. Frank Abel will have charge of the advertising and street carnival; Charles Nash entertainment; T. A. Taylor, street parade; A. G. Koch, military encampment and Ed. Lipke baseball.

HABIT-WHITE

Miss Martha Habitz of Junction City and Mr. Robert White of this city were married Tuesday morning at St. Peter and Paul church, Rev. Wm. Redding officiating. They were accompanied by Mrs. A. Otto and Mr. Jess Westover of Port Edwards.

Mr. and Mrs. White expect to make their home in this city, the groom being employed in the power mill.

DEATH OF LLOYD KLUGE

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## Save on--- Suits, Coats and Dresses



Ladies & Childrens Coats Reductions from 10 to 20 per cent. Silk & Wool Suits at 10 per cent. Discount. Silk & Wool Dresses at 10 per cent. Discount.

\$1.65 Foulard Silks 36 in. wide yard \$1.35

Good Silks, cheaper than wool. \$1.25 Silks Striped Dress per pair 98c

Silk Lisle Lace Hose Tan 19c

Silk Lisle Lace Hose Black 25c

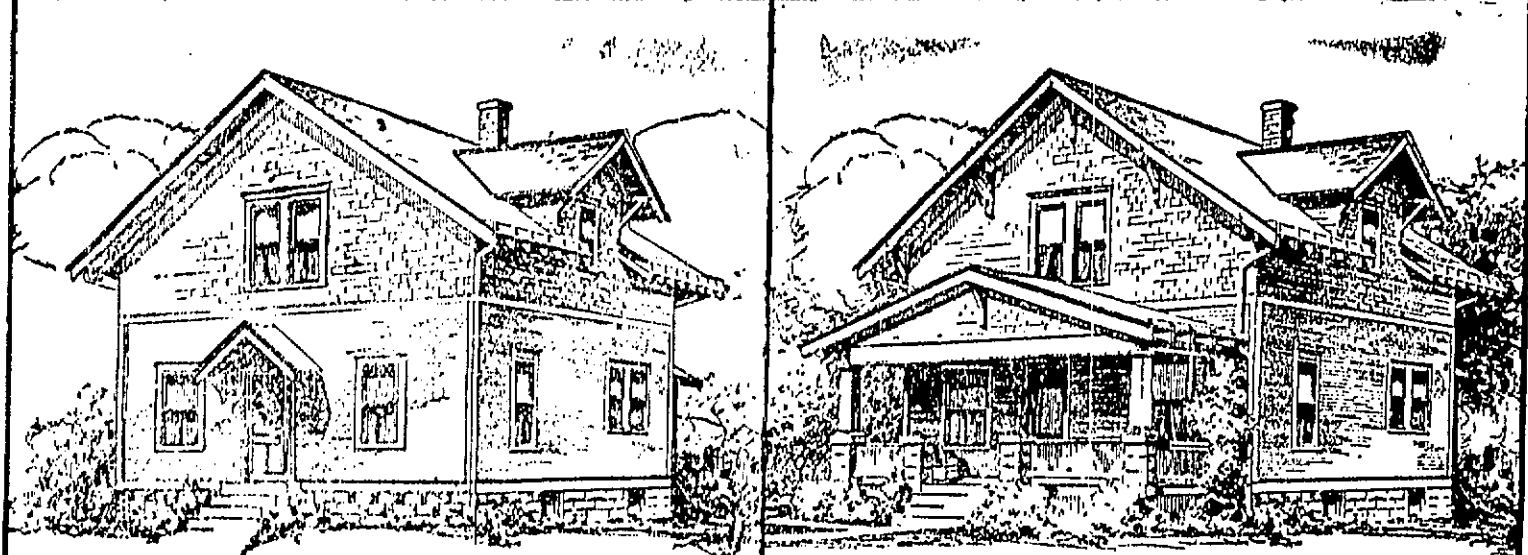
6 to 13 Waist Union Suit 59c

5 to 7 Corsetry and Wool knee pants at 35c

Remnants in Curtain Nets

Reed Knitting and Shopping Bags at 30c to \$1.45

W. C. WEISEL



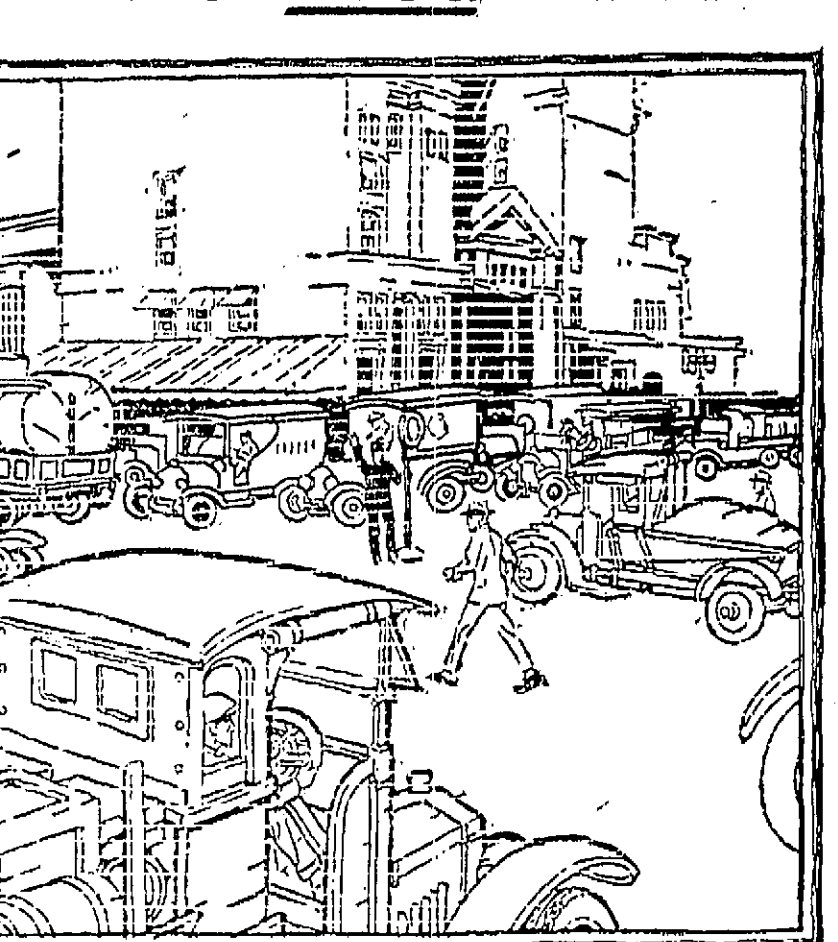
## What a Porch Can Do

Which of these houses had you rather own? If they were for sale which one would you buy? If they were to let, which one would you rent? In which house had you rather live? The pictures are of the same house—before and after building the porch.

Perhaps your house needs a porch to make it more inviting, more saleable, easier to rent, or more enjoyable to live in. If so, come in and talk the matter over with us. We will be glad to make suggestions for the improvement of the appearance and value of your home.

KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.

## United States Tires are Good Tires



## Tire-buying Economy

Your car must give greater service this year than ever before. It speeds up your work—increases your working power.

The highest car economy lies in utmost service. The most economical tires are those which will give you greatest use of your car.

That's just what United States Tires will do for you. You can depend on them for continuous service,—most mileage at lowest mileage cost.

Equip with United States Tires.

Our nearest Sales and Service Depot dealer will be glad to assist you in selection.

Chain Tread



## AN EVENING MEETING OF THE FEDERATED CLUBS

June 6th. An excellent program has been arranged for this occasion by the Civic Committee, and is one that will be of special interest to everyone, dealing as it does with all things good, to improve and beautify our city. The gentlemen are particularly invited to attend this meeting. The program to be given is as follows:

Hostess, . . . . . Mrs. Geo. W. Meador  
Reception, . . . . . Central Division  
City Possibilities, . . . . A. T. Thompson  
Civic Talk, . . . . . Geo. W. Meador  
Music, . . . . . E. B. Redford, Mrs. M. B. Witter  
"Song Spots", . . . . . Mrs. W. F. Kellogg

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Board of the contracting parties and favorably known in this city, the bride being the daughter of Fred Kruger, and was born and reared in this city, and is a most estimable young lady. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. The Polek, and is a native of the Rapids the greater part of his life, graduated from one public school and latter attended the University of Wisconsin, and while there enlisted in the marine corps, and is now stationed at the United States Training station. Both of the young people have many friends in this city who will unite with the Tribune in extending the warmest of congratulations and wishing them a long life of happiness.

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there state that it has never been possible to have an examination made except when the water in the river was so low that the refuse from the mill would not be much in evidence, as it would be scattered through a large volume of water that was moving at a very rapid rate, and that, under a few changes of the day, the water is being constantly being purified. Of course one does not have to be an analytical chemist in order to discover that the sulphite and sulphate plants are contaminating the water in the river. Any man with a nose need only walk along the river when the water is low, to discover the fact, and if he happens to be a fisherman he can give definite evidence that the water is of no value to a chemist who would be seeking for information on the subject.

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ty and Mr. Robert White of this

They were married Tuesday morning at the SS. Peter and Paul church, Rev. M. Reding officiating. They were accompanied by Mrs. A. Otto and

Mr. and Mrs. White expect to make their home in this city, the groom being employed in the paper mill.

### DEATH OF LLOYD KLUGE

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kluge are mourning the death of their infant

son, Lloyd, who died on Sunday on an attack of pneumonia. The little fellow was not quite two months old, having been born the 28

March. The funeral was held on Tuesday afternoon from the residence, services being conducted by Rev. Pautz, pastor of the east side Lutheran church.

**HIGH WATER HERE**

river that we were going to have flood here, the expectation being that the water would go to the 14 ft. mark, it did not get but a trifle over 10 feet. While this was high

1-2 feet. While this was high enough, it does not cause any inconvenience about the city.







KAISER SENT GUNS  
FOR U. S. REVOLT?German Rifles Stored in America  
for Uprising if Calais  
Was Taken.

## PLOT BARED IN NEW YORK

Reports That Arms Had Been sent  
to "Germanize" America Related  
at Inquiry Conducted by  
Attorney General.New York, May 16.—Reports that  
thousands of rifles had been secretly  
imported from the Krupp works at  
Essen in order to "Germanize" the  
United States were related on Tues-  
day at the inquiry conducted by State  
Attorney General Lewis into rumors  
of the hoarding of arms by German in-  
terests in the United States.Edgar A. Holmes of this city, a wit-  
ness, credited the reports to a man  
named James H. Crossley, Holmes,  
as a broker, tried to buy the rifles,  
but was unsuccessful, he said. During  
the negotiations, he said, Crossley told  
him that some 1,000,000 rifles had been  
imported from Essen by German in-  
terests in the United States.Holmes testified he had never seen  
the rifles, but had talked with an en-  
gineer named Francis L. Judd, who  
said he had seen boxes containing 250,  
000 rifles. Three months ago, Holmes  
said, the United States tried to buy  
them, but they were not produced.Holmes had been in touch with United  
States officials throughout the negotia-  
tions, he said.Gustave Laussing was named by  
Holmes as the man who was said by  
various intermediaries to be able to  
deliver the guns. Judd told Holmes  
the rifles had been in an East side  
warehouse in New York and had been  
removed, but were within an automob-  
ile side of an hour and a half from  
Broadway.Charles H. Murray, a hotel owner of  
Washington, D. C., testified he had  
heard of the existence of the rifles  
through a Russian agent, Ivan Norov,  
who claimed they had been taken to  
an upstate New York farm and that  
he had shot one of them himself.Norov had visited him after dining  
at the German club in New York  
through Sunday. Murray met Laussing  
and was shown an itemized listing of  
the quantity of rifles hidden as fol-  
lows: 450,000 Mauser guns, 100,000  
000 carbines, 100,000 rifles, 1,000  
rounds cartridges, 1,000,000 rifles and  
60 machine guns.Laussing, according to the witness,  
said they were stored in 40 places.

## OVERMAN BILL TO WILSON

Measure Empowers the President to  
Reorganize Departments and  
Agencies.Washington, May 16.—The long fight  
in congress over the Overman bill, em-  
powering the president to reorganize  
government departments and agencies,  
ended on Tuesday with passage of the  
measure unanimously by the house. It  
goes to President Wilson for his signa-  
ture.The vote was 265 to 2. Representatives  
Stearns of Illinois and Gillett of  
Massachusetts, both Republicans, cast-  
ing the only negative votes.An amendment to extend the inter-  
state commerce commission from the  
operations of the measure was defeat-  
ed, 215 to 87.

## BATTLE RAGING IN MOSCOW

Bolsheviks and "Reds" Clash at Cap-  
ital—Soviet Troops Fire on Flag at  
Anarchists' Headquarters.Moscow, May 16.—Fighting began at  
night in the center of the city between  
bolshevik troops and anarchists. The  
soviet troops surrounded the anarchist  
headquarters, over which a black flag  
was flying, and fired on the flag.The anarchists replied with grenades  
and machine guns. Similar fights oc-  
curred on other streets.Washington, May 16.—Details of the  
latest demands on Russia by Germany  
were received here from Swedish  
sources. Russia has been asked to  
give up Moscow, cease arming troops  
and to dissolve all recently formed  
units.James Gordon Bennett Dies.  
New York, May 16.—James Gordon  
Bennett, proprietor of the New York  
Herald, the Evening Telegram and the  
Herald edition of New York Herald,  
died at his villa in southern France.  
He was born in New York May, 1841.Hun "Subs" Fail to Return.  
Zurich, May 16.—A whole squadron  
of German submarines, of a new large  
type, failed to return after a cruise,  
according to information received from  
a German source. The new type  
U-boats are said to be unsatisfactory.To Command U. S. Marines.  
Washington, May 16.—Brig. Gen.  
John Lejeune on Saturday was ordered  
to France to command the brigade of  
marines there, succeeding Brig.  
Gen. Charles A. Doyen, invalided  
home.Fire Destroys Berlin Granaries.  
Paris, May 16.—The Berlin municipal  
granaries near Grossbeeren have  
been destroyed by fire, with the loss of  
20,000 quintals of grain, according to a  
dispatch from Zurich to the Petit Jour-  
nal.British Airmen Bomb Hun.  
London, May 16.—Fourteen tons of  
bombs were dropped by British airmen  
on Paderborn, Bapaume, Shilt,  
Ducul, Zeelange and the Bruges  
docks. Field Marshal Haig announced.  
Eight airplanes were shot down.Housing Bill Is Passed.  
Washington, May 14.—The confer-  
ence report on the \$90,000,000 housing  
bill to provide quarters for war work-  
ers was adopted Saturday by the  
house. The report has yet to be acted  
on by the senate.

## FIELD MARSHAL FRENCH

This is a new portrait of Field Mar-  
shal Lord French, who has been made  
lord lieutenant of Ireland. The Irish  
who are opposing conscription fear he  
will rule them with an iron hand.

## BORGLUM IS ACCUSED

DOCUMENTS BARE ALLEGED AT-  
TEMPTED AIRPLANE DEAL.Sculptor Charged With Criticizing U.  
S. Board to Help His Own  
Firm.Washington, May 15.—Documents  
made available from the official files  
of the government show Gutzon  
Borglum, the sculptor, whose charges  
against the aircraft program have led  
to the investigation, are now being  
connected with negotiations for the  
establishment of a new aircraft-  
producing corporation, in which he was  
to be a silent partner.Negotiations between Borglum, Hugo  
Gibson, connected with the British war  
mission in the United States, and Ken-  
nedy of the Douglas Manufacturing  
company of Milwaukee, began last De-  
cember, the documents show. A state-  
ment by Mr. Gibson, included in the docu-  
ments, tells how he withdrew after be-  
coming suspicious of Borglum's activi-  
ties and reported the matter to Howard  
Coffin, then head of the aircraft pro-  
duction board.The documents which have been sup-  
plied from official files of the war  
department and are now in the hands  
of senators most intimately connected  
with the aircraft investigation, declare  
that Borglum continued his negotia-  
tions after President Wilson authorized  
him to make an inquiry into the air-  
craft situation.

## GENERAL MAURICE IS RETIRED

Army Council Quits Accuser of Pre-  
mier Lloyd George Action Ends  
Political Ordeal.London, May 16.—General Maurice,  
former director of military operations,  
has been retired by the army council.  
It was officially announced.The council considered Maurice's  
explanation of the breach of confi-  
dence committed by writing and  
circulating publication of the letters ques-  
tioning the veracity of Premier Lloyd  
George and Chancellor of the Ex-  
chequer Bonar Law and decided he  
should be placed at once on retired  
pay.

## SHIP LOSSES CUT IN HALF

Official French Statistics Show That  
Allies Are Overcoming  
U-Boat Menace.Washington, May 15.—Official  
French statistics on the submarine  
warfare received here in a dispatch  
from France show that the total losses  
of the allied and neutral ships, includ-  
ing accidents at sea, were approx-  
imately only one-half as great during  
April this year as in April, 1917.

## DON'T HOLD WEAT

So great has become the European  
demand for flour that the  
food administration is urging  
farmers not to hold wheat for  
selling their next crop except in a  
few states where the period of  
harvesting winter wheat over-  
laps the period of planting.While it has been the practice in  
many communities for farmers to  
hold over wheat for seed, the food  
administration regards it as un-  
necessary. It is almost be-  
yond belief that in any part of  
the country the yield from the  
next harvest will be insufficient  
to meet all seed requirements for  
the succeeding crop. It has  
never failed in the past; there is  
no reason to believe it will now.

## Yank Fells Eighth Hun Plane.

Paris, May 16.—Aviator Frank Bay-  
les of New Bedford, Mass., has just  
shot down his eighth enemy machine,  
Lieutenant Gustave, the French "ace,"  
who has 21 victories to his credit, has  
been wounded in the side.1,000 Truck Drivers Strike.  
Chicago, May 16.—Shipping and  
freight traffic was paralyzed when ap-  
proximately a thousand members of  
the "Truck Drivers" union went on  
strike for an increase in wages. The  
men demand \$25 a week instead of \$21.Snow Storm in Des Moines.  
Des Moines, May 16.—Des Moines  
experienced a 15-minute snow storm  
on Monday in which one-tenth  
of an inch of snow fell followed by  
rain. The weather bureau said no  
damage to crops would result.Asks Six Billions for Guns.  
Washington, May 15.—An estimate  
of \$6,000,000,000 to be expended dur-  
ing the next twelve months for heavy  
ordnance was submitted to the house  
appropriations committee by Brig.  
Gen. J. D. Barrette.Weinberg Trial June 10.  
St. Louis, May 15.—Following the  
plea of not guilty by C. H. Weinberg,  
head of the disbanded Missouri branch  
of the German-American Alliance, who  
is charged with disloyalty, his trial  
is set for June 10.Oklahoma Is Painted Red.  
Hewitt, Okla., May 15.—A crowd  
led by C. W. Wagner, who was seen  
from France, was being held on disloyalty  
charges, stripped him of his clothes,  
painted his body red and adminis-  
tered 20 lashes.BERLIN TRIES TO  
HIDE 'SUB' LOSSESFrench Minister Declares Ger-  
many Knows War Against  
Ships Won't Succeed.

## ALLIES MASTERS OF SEA

Sinking of Allied Ships by Divers  
Shown to Have Dropped, While  
Destruction of Pirates Has  
Grown Steadily.Paris, May 15.—The effectiveness of  
the German submarine campaign is  
declining. The German government is  
aware of this fact, declared Georges  
Leygues, minister of marine, before  
the committee of the chamber  
of deputies, but has made the greatest  
efforts to conceal it. He said that the  
situation was most favorable and that  
the sinkings of submarines in the first  
three months of 1918 was greater than  
the number built by the enemy.Minister Leygues referred to the  
statement made in the reichstag on  
April 17 by Vice Admiral von Capelle,  
German minister of marine, in which  
he said 300,000 tons of allied shipping  
were sunk monthly. This figure, the  
minister said, was incorrect.It was reached and passed in April,  
May and June of 1917. In July it  
declined and in November it fell below  
400,000 and since has diminished con-  
tinuously.Mr. Leygues said that in February,  
March and April 3,723 French steam-  
ers and 788 French sailing vessels  
passed through the danger zone where  
a few months ago losses by torpedoing  
were very heavy. Not a single ship  
was sunk.On the other hand, he said, the num-  
ber of submarines destroyed had in-  
creased progressively since February.  
In such proportion that the effective-  
ness of enemy squadrons cannot be  
maintained at the minimum required  
by the regulations. "The number of  
"U" boats destroyed in January, Feb-  
ruary and March was far greater in  
each month than the number construct-  
ed in the same month in February  
and April. The number of submarines  
destroyed was three less than the to-  
tal destroyed in the previous three  
months.These results, the minister declared,  
were due to the methodical character  
of the war against submarines; to the  
close co-ordination of the allied navies  
and to the intensive and spirit animat-  
ing the officers and crews of naval  
and aerial squadrons and to the intensi-  
fication of the use of old methods and  
the employment of new ones."The situation is most favorable,"  
the minister continued, "but it does  
not authorize the slackening of effort.  
Russia, it is necessary to retake it.  
The enemy has put new submarines  
into service and is trying a fresh  
offensive, in which he plays for his  
last stake."

## STORM KILLS 19 IN 2 STATES

Probably 150 Injured in Iowa and  
Illinois—Damage Estimated  
at \$1,000,000.Chicago, May 15.—With additional  
reports coming in the death list from  
the tornado on Thursday in Illinois  
and Iowa swelled to 17—16 in Iowa  
and seven in Illinois. As winds are  
still down in many localities, it is  
feared that other deaths are still un-  
reported. Probably 150 persons were  
injured and a rough estimate placed  
properly damage at \$1,000,000.A list of the afflicted communities,  
with the number of deaths, is as fol-  
lows:  
Nashua, Ia., 2; Plainfield, Ia., 1;  
New Hampton, Ia., 3; Calmar, Ia., 4;  
Toulon, Ill., 2; Franklin, Ill., 3; El-  
mhurst, Ill., 2.With 60 per cent of the telephone  
and telegraph wires down, southern  
Michigan also is recovering from one  
of the worst wind and electrical storms  
in several years. The storm struck  
the state shortly after midnight Thurs-  
day, sweeping across the southern sec-  
tion of the state and striking Detroit with  
its full velocity.

## MILLION TONS OF U. S. SHIPS

Total of 149 New Vessels Put on  
the High Seas Up to  
May 11.Washington, May 16.—The first mil-  
lion tons of ships completed and de-  
livered to the United States govern-  
ment under the direction of the ship-  
ping board have been put on the high  
seas to help defeat Germany. A total  
of 150 vessels of 1,018,221 tons was  
completed up to May 11, according to  
statistics compiled by experts of the  
shipping board. Since January 1 more  
than half of the total tonnage, 667,800,  
has been delivered and the monthly  
totals have shown a steady increase.

## Flyer Missing; Fate Unknown.

New York, May 16.—While on an air  
trip above the German lines in  
France, Lieut. Frank K. Knapp, an  
American with the British Royal air  
force, disappeared on April 16 and his  
fate is not known.Platinum Is Commandeered.  
Washington, May 16.—All platinum  
found by refiners, some importers, man-  
ufacturing jewelers and large dealers  
has been commandeered by the govern-  
ment. The price fixed is \$105 per  
troy ounce.Wilson Sees "Blue Devils".  
Washington, May 15.—President  
Wilson received 85 French Alpine  
troopers known as the "blue devils,"  
who arrived here on Monday afternoon  
on their tour of the United States for  
the Red Cross.British Defeat Turks.  
London, May 15.—British troops  
after capturing Kispit in Mesopotamia  
pursued the Turks 20 miles to the  
northward, says an official state-  
ment issued by the war office on Mon-  
day afternoon.U. S. Cadet Falls to Death.  
Fort Worth, Tex., May 15.—Cadet  
Harry J. Myers of Bryans, O., crash-  
ed to instant death when he lost con-  
trol of his plane while making a spin-  
ning nose dive from an altitude of 1,000  
feet east of Itasca field, near here.Gen. Mahon to Quit Ireland.  
London, May 15.—Lieut. Gen. Sir  
Dunlop Mahon, commander in chief of  
the forces in Ireland, announced pub-  
licly on Thursday that he was to leave  
Ireland. He said he did not know  
who his successor would be.

## GUTZON BORGLUM

Gutzon Borglum, the famous sculp-  
tor, who, after an investigation into  
the delay in constructing aircraft for  
our forces in France, made charges  
that graft, profiteering, pro-Germanism  
and inefficiency were responsible.  
The war department and the depart-  
ment of justice have started investiga-  
tions.

## PRAISE U. S. TROOPS

BRITISH NEWSPAPER SAYS:  
"FINEST SIGHT OF WAR."National Army Men Make Good Ap-  
pearance During Parade in  
London Streets.London, May 14.—The appearance  
of American National army men on  
parade in London on Saturday aroused  
the enthusiasm of the Sunday papers  
as have few events in months. "The  
wonderous sight in giving unstinted praise  
to the appearance of the men, and  
praise for them a record of splendid  
achievement when they reach the front."And the waiting crowds found a  
new name for the visitors. As the  
first battalions swung out from Wat-  
terloo station some called out to a  
friend that they were "a real husky  
lot." This word pleased the fancy of  
the crowd, and soon every one was  
calling for cheers for the "huskies.""It was a great friendship which  
was struck up between the London  
crowd and the American boys who  
have come across to give them a hand.  
That was the feeling that persisted to  
the last when the visitors said good-  
bye for the time being to London.""Since the thrilling days of the first  
months of the war," says the Observ-  
er, "London has not known such an im-  
pression of enthusiasm as of Satur-  
day.""The finest sight I have seen since  
the war began," was the verdict of a  
young soldier who has seen service  
on four fronts. The men are a fine  
looking body and appear to be in the  
pink of condition."The companies filed past with light,  
elastic step, keeping excellent time  
and executing a mighty favorable im-  
pression of their marching qualities  
and physique.King George V. and the Prince of  
Wales, standing outside Buckingham  
palace, reverently bared their heads  
as the American National army troops  
from Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.,  
marched to the strains of "The Star  
and Stripes Forever," played by the  
Grenadier Guards.

## PROBE FARM TOOL PRICES

Resolution Authorizes Board to In-  
vestigate Production and Supply  
of Implements.Washington, May 15.—Investigation  
by the federal trade commission of the  
production and supply of agricultural  
implements and of the prices farmers  
are compelled to pay for machinery is  
authorized in a resolution introduced  
by Senator Thompson of Kansas and  
adopted by senate. The resolution  
provides for an inquiry as to the ex-  
istence of "any unfair methods of  
trade or competition," and "any act,  
combination, agreement or conspiracy"  
to control prices of farm im-  
plements, and for an investigation as  
to whether farmers "are required to pay  
an unreasonable price for the things  
they are required to purchase and use  
on the farms."Wilson Sets Memorial Day.  
Washington, May 14.—National Mem-  
orial day, which is observed May 30,  
is designated by President Wilson in  
a proclamation issued Saturday as  
a day of public humiliation, prayer,  
and fasting. The people of the nation  
are asked to gather that day in their  
places of worship and pray for the vic-  
tory of the American armies which will  
bring a peace founded upon mercy,  
justice and good will.Women for U. S. Arsenal.  
Rock Island, Ill., May 15.—Duplicit-  
ing the action of Great Britain, the  
employment of women in the work-  
shops of the arsenals of the United  
States was begun Monday at the Rock  
Island arsenal.Star German Flyer Killed.  
Amsterdam, Hol., May 15.—Lieuten-  
ant Gellgel, a star Bavarian airman,  
has been killed on the western front,  
according to the Cologne Gazette. He  
was credited with 15 aerial victories  
in France.People in Finland Starving.  
Copenhagen, May 14.—The people  
of Finland are starving because no  
food is reaching that country from  
Germany, according to reports received  
here. People are said to be dying in  
the streets of Helsinki and Viborg.Leaders Meet Kaiser.  
Copenhagen, May 14.—German  
Chancellor von Hertling and Foreign  
Minister von Kuehlmann have gone to  
Emperor Karl's headquarters, where  
the Austrian and German emperors are  
expected to confer on their arrival.Army Chaplain Sentenced.  
Washington, May 15.—Chaplain  
Franz C. Feltner, who was sent back  
from France by General Pershing and  
afterward was stationed in Hawaii,  
has been sentenced to a long term of  
imprisonment on charges of disloyalty.Anxiety Over Aviator.  
Honolulu, T. H., May 15.—Anxiety is  
felt for the safety of Maj. Harold  
Clark, who started on an interisland  
trip by airplane. He was heard but  
not seen in the fog over the island of  
Hawaii and his motor was skipping.WISCONSIN  
HAPPENINGSNews of the Badger State Arranged  
in Condensed FormMadison.—When a clerk in the office  
of the secretary of state stuck a paper  
knife into an envelope to open it, a  
powder after over his hand and caused  
violent itching. "A cow itch powder"  
was the report of an analysis by the  
chemical department of the state  
university. The powder was turned  
over to the postal authorities.Appleton.—First place in the Law-  
rence contest for oratorical and ex-  
temporaneous speaking at Peabody  
Hall was won by Louis Katalanous of  
Detroit and Morgan Schaefer of War-  
ren, respectively. Schaefer spoke on  
"Why American Democracy Must  
Win" and Katalanous' subject was  
"The Wandering Jew."Appleton.—H. C. Hansen, head mill-  
er at the Wiley flour mill, this city,  
killed on the Kimberly road, a car  
alighting from a rapidly moving auto-  
mobile. His hat blew off and he fol-  
lowed it with too much haste. He was  
60 years old and is survived by a wife  
and nine children.La Crosse.—Theodore Hauke, mis-  
sing and wanted in connection with the  
murder of Mrs. Cora Miller, wealthy  
West Salem widow, last July, stands  
first on the county's list of alternates  
for the next draft increment. A charge  
of desertion will be laid against him  
in case he fails to appear when called.Randolph.—The Rev. Otto Engel,  
pastor of Trinity Lutheran church,  
in an address delivered in honor of the  
boys who left to fight on foreign bat-  
tlegrounds, urged his hearers to support  
the cause of America by making great  
sacrifices. A service flag was dedi-  
cated.Kenosha.—The federal government  
has approved the schedule for the  
completion of the Sheridan road that  
Kenosha county and has ordered the  
road completed this year. The Ken-  
osha portion of the road has been  
known to tourists as the worst road in  
Wisconsin.Oconomowoc.—Archbishop S. G.  
Messmore of Milwaukee ordained the  
Rev. Father Aloisius Kipke of St.  
Paul, Frank Berg of Milwaukee, and  
Aloysius Prenger of Chicago to the  
Redemptorist priesthood at the Red-  
emptorist college chapel at Lac La  
Pelle.La Crosse.—The war on fortune tell-  
ers, who make money off persons hav-  
ing relatives in the army, started by  
Mayor A. A. Bentley, reaped another  
victim in municipal court when a jury  
found Mrs. Samuel Mitchell, trance  
medium, guilty. She was fined \$14.35.Oshkosh.—The county board of su-  
pervisors has taken action to buy five  
acres adjoining the present fair site  
and will acquire four acres more when  
the Winnebago County Fair associa-  
tion fulfills an agreement to distribute  
its stock among the farmers.Janesville.—Girls of the high school  
have become so interested in the mil-  
itary work of the boys that they have  
organized a company of their own and  
are being drilled by the officers of the  
boys' company. About 150 girls are  
taking the training.Rhinelander.—It is understood that  
pearl fishing will be underway on the  
Great Lakes this year. Nearly a cen-  
tury of clam shells are piled up near  
the Police force where pearl hunters  
have their camp. These shells will be  
shipped to a button factory in Iowa.Oconomowoc.—Word has been re-  
ceived by relatives here that Lieut.  
Clarence H. Schoenke, One Hundred  
and Sixty-third infantry, who has been  
in France several months, is on his  
way to the United States. The rea-  
son of his return is not known.Marquette.—The Rev. C. O. Olander,  
68 years old, pioneer pastor among  
Swedish Lutherans of this city and  
northern Michigan, died in Minneapo-  
lis. He erected the first church of his  
denomination in Marquette in 1876.Madison.—John Breen, held in jail  
for alleged failure to register under  
the draft, found ground shift in his  
breakfast food. John Schmidt, an  
alien enemy, fellow prisoner, is charged  
with the deed.Grantburg.—A special election is ex-  
pected to be held soon to vote on the  
question of selling the municipal elec-  
tric plant to the General Electric and  
Power company of Cluquet, Minn.Monroe.—Lawrence Searer, of this  
city, worked nineteen hours, blisging  
out for a day and capturing a sev-  
eral little foxes upon which he received  
a bounty of \$25.Janesville.—The dead body of Adel-  
bert Newberry of Richmond, torn and  
crushed, was found at his home. He  
had been gored by a bull.La Crosse.—Sixty homes for work-  
men to be paid for on the institution  
plan, are planned by the La Crosse  
Progressive league.East Ellsworth.—While spading in a  
corner of his garden, James Hurley,  
struck a mines trap jar, with upon  
examination was found to contain a  
human hand preserved in alcohol. It  
is thought to be the hand of Wallace  
Morse, who lived near the Hurley res-  
idence some twenty years ago.Hudson.—Owing to a series of acts  
ranging from petty depredations and  
vandalism performed by young men  
officers of the law at Hudson have ad-  
vised and adopted a slogan, "Work, En-  
list or Get Out."Argyle.—John Wagner of the town  
of Ridgeway has the following record  
of the capture of wild animals the past  
season: seventy muskrats, bounty,  
\$30.00; thirty-seven skunks, bounty  
\$10.75; nineteen coons, bounty \$7;  
three minks, bounty \$12; fifteen foxes,  
bounty \$10; one weasel, bounty \$1.Oconto.—Eight hundred square feet  
of mushroom beds have been planted  
in the barn of Hunter Orr by himself  
and Mark Karbon and fungi are al-  
ready beginning to show above the  
soil.Winneconne.—Walter Neumann, who  
lives on the John Mueller place, two  
miles west of this village, was serious-  
ly injured by a bull. He was knocked  
down and gored, his collar bone and  
breast-bone being broken and other  
injuries inflicted.Sturgeon Bay.—The first Dood coun-  
ty soldier to lose his life in France  
was Private Lester Dewey Erskine, 20  
years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest  
H. Erskine of Jacksonport. He died  
of meningitis.Appleton.—The Walter Brewing  
company and the Appleton Brewing  
company announced an increase of  
\$1.50 a barrel for keg beer and 10  
cents a case on bottle beer. The new  
price list is \$11 for keg beer or \$2.40  
for a case of twenty-four bottles.Racine.—Paul Voight, who sued the  
street car company for \$10,000 dam-  
ages, will be unable to collect the \$554  
awarded him by a jury in the circuit  
court, because the same jury found  
him guilty of contributory negligence.New Lisbon.—Residents of this city  
witnessed an impressive sight when  
several flat cars filled with blazing  
lumber pulled into the city at a sixty-  
mile gait. The trainmen discovered  
the fire after leaving New Lisbon, aban-  
doned the rest of the train and rushed  
with the blazing pile to New Lis-  
bon for water. The fire department  
saved all but one of the cars.Appleton.—First place in the Law-  
rence contest for oratorical and ex-  
temporaneous speaking at Peabody  
Hall was won by Louis Katalanous of  
Detroit and Morgan Schaefer of War-  
ren, respectively. Schaefer spoke on  
"Why American Democracy Must  
Win" and Katalanous' subject was  
"The Wandering Jew."Appleton.—H. C. Hansen, head mill-  
er at the Wiley flour mill, this city,  
killed on the Kimberly road, a car  
alighting from a rapidly moving auto-  
mobile. His hat blew off and he fol-  
lowed it with too much haste. He was  
60 years old and is survived by a wife  
and nine children.La Crosse.—Theodore Hauke, mis-  
sing and wanted in connection with the  
murder of Mrs. Cora Miller, wealthy  
West Salem widow, last July, stands  
first on the county's list of alternates  
for the next draft increment. A charge  
of desertion will be laid against him  
in case he fails to appear when called.Randolph.—The Rev. Otto Engel,  
pastor of Trinity Lutheran church,  
in an address delivered in honor of the  
boys who left to fight on foreign bat-  
tlegrounds, urged his hearers to support  
the cause of America by making great  
sacrifices. A service flag was dedi-  
cated.Kenosha.—The federal government  
has approved the schedule for the  
completion of the Sheridan road that  
Kenosha county and has ordered the  
road completed this year. The Ken-  
osha portion of the road has been  
known to tourists as the worst road in  
Wisconsin.Oconomowoc.—Archbishop S. G.  
Messmore of Milwaukee ordained the  
Rev. Father Aloisius Kipke of St.  
Paul, Frank Berg of Milwaukee, and  
Aloysius Prenger of Chicago to the  
Redemptorist priesthood at the Red-  
emptorist college chapel at Lac La  
Pelle.La Crosse.—The war on fortune tell-  
ers, who make money off persons hav-  
ing relatives in the army, started by  
Mayor A. A. Bentley, reaped another  
victim in municipal court when a jury  
found Mrs. Samuel Mitchell, trance  
medium, guilty. She was fined \$14.35.Oshkosh.—The county board of su-  
pervisors has taken action to buy five  
acres adjoining the present fair site







KAISER SENT GUNS  
FOR U. S. REVOLT?German Rifles Stored in America  
for Uprising if Calais  
Was Taken.

## PLOT BARED IN NEW YORK

Reports That Arms Had Been sent  
to "Germanize" America Related  
in Inquiry Conducted by  
Attorney General.New York, May 16.—Reports that  
thousands of rifles had been secretly  
imported from the Krupp works in  
Essen in order to "Germanize" the  
United States were related on Tues-  
day at the inquiry conducted by State  
Attorney General Lewis into rumors  
of the boarding of ships by German in-  
terests in the United States.Edgar A. Holmes of this city, a wit-  
ness, credited the reports to a man  
named James H. Crossley, Holmes,  
as a broker, tried to buy the rifles,  
but was unsuccessful, he said. During  
the negotiations, he said, Crossley told  
him that some 1,000,000 rifles had been  
imported from Essen to the United States  
in the last few months.Holmes testified that he had never seen  
the rifles, but had talked with an  
engineer named Francis L. Judd, who  
said he had seen boxes containing 250,  
000 rifles. Two crates had been sent  
to New York, Holmes said.Holmes testified that he had never seen  
the rifles, but had talked with an  
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to New York, Holmes said.

## FIELD MARSHAL FRENCH

This is a new portrait of Field Marshal  
Lord French, who has been made  
lord lieutenant of Ireland. The Irish  
who are opposing conscription fear he  
will rule them with an iron hand.

## BORGLUM IS ACCUSED

DOCUMENTS BARE ALLEGED AT-  
TEMPTED AIRPLANE DEAL.Sculptor Charged With Criticizing U.  
S. Board to Help His Own  
Firm.Washington, May 13.—Documents  
made available from the official files  
of the government show that Gutzon  
Borglum, the sculptor, whose charges  
against the aircraft program have led  
to the pending inquiry, as having  
been connected with negotiations for  
the establishment of a new aircraft  
producing corporation, in which he was  
to be a silent partner.Negotiations between Borglum, Hugo  
Gibson, connected with the British war  
mission in the United States, and Ken-  
neth A. R. Smith, who was in charge  
of the Dodge Manufacturing  
company of Wisconsin, began last De-  
cember, the documents show. A state-  
ment by Mr. Gibson, included in the  
documents, tells how he withdrew after  
coming suspicions of Borglum's activi-  
ties and reported the matter to Howard  
Coffin, then head of the aircraft pro-  
duction board.The documents which have been sup-  
plied from the official files of the war  
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craft situation.BERLIN TRIES TO  
HIDE 'SUB' LOSSESFrench Minister Declares Ger-  
many Knows War Against  
Ships Won't Succeed.

## ALLIES MASTERS OF SEA

Sinking of Allies' Ships by Divers  
Shown to Have Driven, While  
Destruction of Pirates Has  
Grown Steadily.Paris, May 15.—The effectiveness of  
the German submarine campaign is  
declining, the German government is  
aware of this fact, declared Georges  
Loygues, minister of marine, before  
the annual committee of the chamber  
of deputies, but he made the greatest  
efforts to conceal it. He said that the  
situation was most favorable and that  
the sinking of submarines in the first  
three months of 1918 was greater than  
the number built by the enemy.Minister Loygues referred to the  
statement made in the Reichstag on  
April 17 by Vice Admiral von Capelle.  
German minister of marine, in which  
he said 600,000 tons of allies' shipping  
were sunk monthly. This figure, the  
minister said, was incorrect.It was reached only in April, May  
and June of 1917. In July it de-  
clined and in November it fell below  
400,000 and since has diminished con-  
tinuously.M. Loygues said that in February,  
March and April 3,723 French vessels  
and 788 French sailing vessels  
passed through the danger zone where  
a few months ago losses by torpedoing  
were very heavy. Not a single ship  
was sunk.On the other hand, he said, the number  
of submarines destroyed had in-  
creased progressively since January  
by the regulations that the effective-  
ness of enemy squadrons cannot be  
maintained at the minimum required  
by the regulations. The number of  
"U" boats destroyed in January, Feb-  
ruary and March was far greater in  
each month than the number constructed  
in the same month. In February  
and April the number of submarines  
destroyed was three less than the to-  
tal destroyed in the previous three  
months.These results, the minister declared,  
were due to the methodical character  
of the war against submarines; to the  
close co-ordination of the allied nav-  
ies; to the integrity and spirit of the  
navies; and to the use of modern and  
modern appliances and to the inten-  
sification of the use of old methods and  
the employment of new ones."The situation is most favorable,"  
the minister continued, "but it does  
not authorize the slackening of effort.  
As the enemy has put new submarines  
into service and is trying a fresh  
offensive which he plays for his  
last stake."The documents which have been sup-  
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## GUTZON BORGLUM

Gutzon Borglum, the famous sculp-  
tor, who, after an investigation into  
the delay in constructing aircraft for  
the forces in France, made charges  
that graft, pro-Germanism, pro-Ger-  
manism and inefficiency were respon-  
sible. The war department and the de-  
partment of justice have started investi-  
gations.The documents which have been sup-  
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HAPPENINGSNews of the Badger State Arranged  
..... in Condensed Form .....Madison.—When a clerk in the office  
of the secretary of state saw a paper  
knife into an envelope to open it, a  
powder after over her hand and caused  
violent itching. "A cow itch pow-  
der" was the report of an analysis by  
the chemical department of the state  
university. The powder has been turn-  
ed over to the postal authorities.Racine.—The police are seeking an  
unidentified man who entered the  
boiler room of the power-house of the  
Milwaukee Electric Railway & Light  
company here and opening one of the  
furnace doors, threw into the fire the  
body of an infant about 5 months old.  
The body was nearly cremated before  
discovered.Kenosha.—Federal agents, working  
in Kenosha, have rounded up six men  
charged with seditious talking. One  
of the men is alleged to have buried  
important parts of war products, the  
prevent prompt shipment of them. The  
names of the men are withheld, but  
federal agents are here making further  
examinations.Viola.—To have his neck dislocated  
and live is the unusual experience of  
Amasa Williams. The injury was  
sustained through a fall downstairs,  
and Mr. Williams was about for  
weeks before the increasing pain  
caused him to undergo an X-ray ex-  
amination and learn the truth.Green Lake.—During a recent wind  
storm a large American flag on the  
collage of Rev. R. S. Ingraham was  
blown away, but next morning it was  
found flying unharmed from a nearby  
treetop. Mr. Ingraham regards this as  
an omen presaging victory for the  
Stars and Stripes.Kiel.—Eliza Demunck, widow of the  
late Abraham Demunck, who was  
charged with the poisoning of her hus-  
band, was dismissed from custody  
by Court Commissioner Phelan at  
Sheboygan, the state having failed to  
establish any evidence to implicate  
her.Janetville.—Earl Scoville, former  
employee of a local newspaper, is held  
under arrest by the Carpanza govern-  
ment in Mexico. He was taken into  
custody with two other newspaper men  
charged with writing articles derogatory  
to the Mexican army.La Crosse.—Closing a street car door  
before a passenger had alighted, a  
practice which has resulted in many  
complaints here, has resulted in a suit  
for \$10,000 being filed against the Wis-  
consin Railway, Light & Power Co.,  
by Mary A. Madley, a local woman.Princeton.—Green Lake county farm-  
ers have bought a co-operative lime-  
stone crusher, since it was proved to  
them that the land in their county was  
quite generally acid. The crushed  
limestone is being produced at half  
price.Pond du Lac.—The body of J. F.  
Brinkhoff, 55 years old, city clerk  
for Waupun the last three years, was  
found in his home. A bullet wound  
was the cause of death. No explana-  
tion was known.Madison.—The University of Wiscon-  
sin cantonnement, quartering 400 troops  
from Iowa, is under quarantine for  
scarlet fever. There are now fifty  
patients in the University gymnasium,  
where the soldiers are quarantined.Maiden Rock.—While knitting on the  
last rock of the twentieth pair she had  
made for the Red Cross, Mrs. Eliza  
Heath, 73, a pioneer, passed away at  
her home in this city. The body was  
found by her daughter.Neenah.—A weekly newspaper, writ-  
ten, edited and printed entirely by  
boy scouts, will be issued here soon.  
The scouts have purchased a printing  
press and type.Manitowish.—Another new hotel,  
also in line similar to the Manitowish,  
recently opened, will soon be erected on  
Washington street. John M. Kadow  
will build the structure.Neenah.—The Eastern Wisconsin  
Electric Railway company has filed a  
petition with the Wisconsin railroad  
commission to discontinue the opera-  
tion of the local street car here.Marquette.—S. R. Brough has been  
appointed by State Public Administrator  
Fitzgerald as director of the state  
day of public humiliation, prayer,  
and fasting. The people of the nation  
are asked to gather that day in their  
places of worship and pray for the vic-  
tory of the American armies which will  
bring a peace founded upon mercy,  
justice and good will.Women for U. S. Arsenal.  
Rock Island, Ill., May 15.—Dupli-  
cating the action of Great Britain, the  
employment of women in the work-  
shops of the arsenal of the United  
States was begun Monday at the Rock  
Island arsenal.Star German Flyer Killed.  
Amsterdam, Hol., May 15.—Lieuten-  
ant Geigel, a star Bavarian aviator,  
has been killed on the western front,  
according to the Cologne Gazette. He  
was credited with 15 aerial victories  
in France.People in Finland Starving.  
Copenhagen, May 15.—The people  
of Finland are starving because no  
food is reaching that country from  
Germany, according to reports received  
here. People are said to be dying in  
the streets of Helsinki and Viborg.Leaders Meet Kaiser.  
Copenhagen, May 15.—German  
Chancellor von Hertling and Foreign  
Minister von Kuehlmann have gone to  
Berlin to meet the Kaiser. The Austro-  
German and German emperors are  
expected to confer on their arrival.Army Chaplain Sentenced.  
Washington, May 13.—Chaplain  
Francis C. Peiler, who was sent back  
from France by General Pershing and  
later stationed in Hawaii, was sen-  
tenced to a long term of imprisonment  
on charges of disloyalty.Anxiety Over Aviator.  
Honolulu, T. H., May 13.—Anxiety  
is felt for the safety of Maj. Harold  
Clark, who started on an interisland  
trip by airplane. He was heard but  
not seen in the fog over the island of  
Hawaii and his motor was skipping.New Lisbon.—Residents of this city  
witnessed an impressive sight when  
several flat cars filled with blazing  
lumber pulled into the city at a sixty-  
mile gait. The trainmen discovered  
the fire after leaving Needham, aban-  
doned the rest of the train and rushed  
with the blazing pile to the city water  
works. The fire department was called  
but all but one of the cars.Appleton.—First place in the Law-  
rence contest for oratorical and ex-  
temporaneous speaking at Peabody  
Hall was won by Louis Katselanos of Wa-  
re, Mass., and second by Walter L.  
Schafer of Waukegan, Ill. Katselanos  
spoke on "Why American Democracy Must  
Win" and Katselanos' subject was  
"The Wandering Jew."Appleton.—H. C. Hansen, head mill-  
er at the W. C. mill, this city,  
was killed on the Kimberly road in  
a collision with a rapidly moving auto-  
mobile. His hat blew off and he fol-  
lowed it with too much haste. He was  
60 years old and is survived by a wife  
and nine children.La Crosse.—Theodore Hauke, miss-  
ing and wanted in connection with the  
murder of Mrs. Cora Miller, wealthy  
West Salem widow, last July, stands  
first on the county's list of alternates  
for the next draft increment. A charge  
of desertion will be laid against him. If  
in case he fails to appear, he will be  
called.Randolph.—The Rev. Otto Engel,  
pastor of Friedens Lutheran church,  
in an address delivered in honor of the  
boys who left to fight on foreign bat-  
tledfields, urged his hearers to forego  
the cause of America by making great  
sacrifices. A service flag was dedi-  
cated.Kenosha.—The federal government  
has approved the schedules for the  
completion of the Sheridan road thru  
Kenosha county and has ordered the  
road completed by June 1. The Ken-  
osha portion of the road has been  
given to tourists as the worst road in  
Wisconsin.Oconomowoc.—Archbishop S. G.  
Messmer of Milwaukee ordained the  
Rev. Fathers Aloisius Kipke of St.  
Paul, Frank Borg, Milwaukee, and  
Rademacher, priesthood of the Re-  
demptionist college chapel at Lac La  
Belle.La Crosse.—The war on fortune tell-  
ers, who make money off persons hav-  
ing relatives in the army, started by  
Major A. A. Bent, who is now in  
captivity in municipal court when a jury  
found Mrs. Samuel Mitchell, trance  
medium, guilty. She was fined \$11.43.Oshkosh.—The county board of su-  
pervisors has taken action to buy five  
acres adjoining the present fair site  
and will acquire four acres more when  
the Winnebago County Fair association  
fulfills an agreement to distribute  
its stock among the farmers.Janetville.—Girls of the high school  
have become so interested in the mil-  
itary work of the boys that they have  
organized a company of their own and  
are being drilled by the officers of the  
boys' company. About 150 girls are  
taking the training.Rhinelander.—It is understood that  
paul fisher will be rewarded on the  
river again this year. Nearly a car-  
load of clam shells are piled up near  
the Zebe farm where pearl hunters  
have their camp. These shells will be  
shipped to a button factory in Iowa.Oconomowoc.—Word has been re-  
ceived by relatives here that Lieut.  
Clarence H. Schenke, one of the  
Sixty-third infantry, who has been  
in France several months, is on his  
way to the United States. The rea-  
son of his return is not known.Marquette.—The Rev. C. O. Olander,  
68 years old, pioneer pastor among  
Swedish Lutherans of this city, died  
at his home in Marquette, Minn., of  
northern pneumonia, at his home in  
Marquette, Minn., of northern pneumonia,  
at his home in Marquette, Minn., of  
northern pneumonia.Madison.—John Breen, held in jail  
for alleged failure to register under  
the draft, found ground to obtain  
his release. He is now a free man.  
An alien enemy, fellow prisoner, is charged  
with the deed.Grantsburg.—A special election is ex-  
pected to be held soon to vote on the  
question of selling the municipal elec-  
tric plant to the Grantsburg Electric  
and Power company of Cloquet, Minn.Monroe.—Lawrence Scarer, of this  
city, worked nineteen hours digging  
out a fox's den and capturing the sev-  
en little foxes upon which he received  
a bounty of \$28.Janetville.—The dead body of Adel-  
bert Newberry of Richmond, torn and  
crushed, was found at his home. He  
had been gored by a bull.La Crosse.—Sixty homes for work-  
men to be paid for by an installment  
plan, announced by the La Crosse  
Progressive league.











## WANT COLUMN

**WANTED**—Girl for general housework. Call at Steinberg's store. **LIST YOUR FAIR WITH US FOR**

**A QUICK SALE**—Or exchange for good Chicago income property. We have prospective customers waiting. G. B. Jack & Co., 2808 W. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.—11.

**FOR SALE**—3 year old black mare, well broke, reasonable. Inquire of Joe Lick. 11

**FOR SALE**—Wagon, 3 in. x 8 in. 18 in. wheels, 4 in. tires, box 12 ft. sides 14 in. Inquire of Mott & Wood. 11

**FOR RENT OR SALE**—A saloon for sale or rent. Inquire Antio Krueger, 106 2nd Ave. N. 21

**FOR SALE**—Tomato plants, 12c per dozen, cabbage 6c, John R. Humber, 1356 Appleton street, phone 625. 11

**TO LOAN**—\$1,000 on farm security. Enquire of D. D. Conway.—21.

**FOR SALE**—Used Gasoline pump, \$5.00, cost new \$26.00; Electric Range \$25.00; cost new \$90.00. 11

**FOR SALE**—1917 Ford Roadster, with truck body, good as new, about 500 miles. Cheap if taken at once. Sweet Carriage Works, Baker street.—11.

**MEN WANTED**—For bark peeling and general woods work. Midway Lumber Co., Medford, Wis.—21

**FOR SALE**—Good farm team. Inquire of Johnson & Hill Co. 11

**FOR SALE**—Helfer calf, 4 weeks old. Jacob Stark, City. 21

**FOR SALE**—Two lots, 6-room house modern except heat, with barn, or will sell west half of lots separate. Located corner of Baker and 10th streets. Also 29 acres land 1/2 mile south of High school. Will sell in 5-acre tracts if desired. Apply to E. S. Kenna, owner. 11

**WANTED**—Man familiar with work in furniture packing and shipping department. Steady employment and good wages. Luger Furn. Co., North St. Paul, Minn. 31

**FOR SALE**—33 acres unimproved land facing Grand Avenue. Bargain. Phone 876. 21

**WANTED**—20 girls. Rodda Lumber & Veneer Co. 11

**FOR SALE**—My saloon property located at Kellner. Poor health is reason for selling. Also 1 mounted mouse head and 3 mounted deer heads, one electric piano with 110 volt motor, ready to run, or will trade for Ford car. Jesse Wardon, R. D. 7, Grand Rapids, Wis. 11

**FOR SALE**—Single cylinder Harley Davidson motorcycle. First check for \$90 takes it. See J. A. Staub. 11

**FOR SALE**—Four good farm horses, two buggies and one single harness. E. T. McCarthy. 11

**FOR SALE**—Several head of good young horses. R. G. Eger. 11

**ROOMS FOR RENT**—Furnished, 414 Roosevelt street. Orin Clark. 11

**FOR SALE OR RENT**—Seven room house, barn and two acres of land. A fine place for truck garden. A. K. Keck, care Cohen Bros. 11

**FOR SALE**—Six cylinder, four passenger Geo. roadster. Also 4 cylinder Saxon roadster. Dr. O. N. Mortensen. 41

**FOR SALE**—Good milch cow, fresh on soon. Enquire of Elm Lake Creamery Co., R. 3, phone 1 long 2 short, Marsh line 18.—11



**Correct Glasses**  
All Opticians Claim To Make Them—

I make the EYES PROVE the GLASSES are CORRECT or they do not leave my establishment.

If your Glasses are correct today, you can see PERFECTLY, if not; the Glasses should be discarded and CORRECT GLASSES worn—do not experiment—visit

**LOUIS REICHEL**

## I Have For Sale

Several Lumber Wagons, Small Wheeled Truck Lumber Wagons, Truck Open and Top Buggies.

Truck Bodies made to fit any car.

Lights in back and Side Curtains.  
Auto Painting and General Repairing.

**Sweet Carriage Works**  
Baker Street

## COAL AND WOOD

The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.

CALL US UP AT  
Phone 416 or 5

**BOSSERT BROTHERS**  
WOOD AND COAL YARDS

## GRAND RAPIDS LANDS IN THE THIRD NOTCH

At the Track and Field meet held at Stevens Point last Saturday Grand Rapids landed in third place. Stevens Point was first and Merrill second.

Stevens Point won first place last year, so the championship cup will remain in that city. This is the second year that Stevens Point has won the cup, and if it is won there one time more it will remain in that city permanently. Merrill has also won the cup for two years, so that they also stand a chance of becoming the owner of the trophy.

In Saturday's meet Stevens Point won 43 points, Merrill 21 points, Grand Rapids 21 points and Wausau fourth with 20 points. Wausau also won the meets in 1913 and 1914, so that they are also in line for the ownership of the cup. Should they win again on the track, then a technical one of the athletes from Wausau was disqualified after he had won two events or it is entirely probable that Wausau would have made a much better showing as he seemed to be their star man.

The track was in poor shape, owing to weather conditions, but in spite of this fact two records were broken. (Gethell) of Merrill made the 120 yard hurdles in 17 3-5, one-fifth better than any previous mark. The same man also won the running, which jump, breaking a record by jumping 5 feet and 8 inches, the previous record being 5 feet and 6 inches.

The summary of the track and field meet is as follows: 100-yard dash—Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Stark, Stevens Point, second; Hanson, Merrill, third. Time, 11 flat. 150-yard dash—Stark, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Nornington, Grand Rapids, third. Time, 2:15. 200-yard dash—Gethell, Merrill, first; Stark, Stevens Point, second; third place, disqualified. Time, 17 3-5 seconds. Record broken. 400-yard dash—Gethell, Merrill, first; Stark, Stevens Point, second; Hanson, Stevens Point, third. Time, 2:15.

220-yard dash—Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Gethell, Wausau, third. Time, 24 3-5 seconds. 220-yard hurdles—Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Stark, Grand Rapids, second; Stark, Stevens Point, third. Time, 25 1-5.

One mile relay—Shaffer, Hanson, Nornington, Gethell, Merrill, first; Vaughan, Rice, Zorn and Nohr, Stevens Point, second; Wausau, third. Time, 3:59.

Field Events: Pole vault—Stark, Grand Rapids, first; Hyer, Stevens Point, second; Gibson, Grand Rapids, third. Height, nine feet.

Shot put—Stark, Grand Rapids, first; Plahmer, Grand Rapids, second; Hesse, Wausau, third. Distance 30 feet, two inches.

Running high jump—Gethell, Merrill, first; Nornington, Grand Rapids, second; McLaughlin, Merrill, third. Height, five foot eight inches. Record broken.

Discus throw—Hesse, Wausau, first; Sparr, Wausau, second; Zorn, Stevens Point, third. Distance, 103 feet, 3 inches.

Running broad jump—Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Stark, Stevens Point, second; Ingold, Appleton, third. Distance 19 feet, 1 1-4 inches.

## DESIGNATES A DAY FOR WAR SAVINGS

President Wilson will designate Friday, June 28th, as National War Savings day throughout the country. On this day every citizen of the Union will be asked to "go over the top" by subscribing his full quota in the National War Savings campaign. Every citizen will be asked to sign a pledge card, pledging the largest amount he can afford to be invested in war savings.

On June 28th the citizens of Wisconsin must be able to report that the state has again gone "over the top" as generously and victoriously as it has done in all the war drives of the past. Every county chairman in the state who directs the War Savings campaign, has been invested with the responsibility of putting his particular county "over the top."

This was the message given to the chairman for sixty-seven of the seventy-one counties of the state at a meeting in Milwaukee held last Tuesday.

Mortimer I. Stevens, state director of publicly, outlined the plan that has been adopted for the state and explained the responsibility which has been placed upon each county chairman to see that his particular county not only pledges full quota but registered a substantial over-subscription.

Harrison B. Riley, president of the Title and Trust company, Chicago, and federal director of war savings for the seventh and eighth districts, welcomed the county chairman and urged that the state do in the war savings campaign what it has so gloriously accomplished in all war work and drives of the past.

Mr. Riley declared that the money from the Third Liberty Loan and federal income tax, payable in June, has already been spent and that until the next Liberty Loan the government has no other reliable revenue other than war savings and short term certificates carried thru the banks. The present expenses of the government must be met by continual contributions by the public he said.

It is not a big task if we go after it right," he said. "Wisconsin must support this pledge campaign. If it is well done no citizen should be absolved from saving a certain amount each week and investing it in war savings. The government is willing to rely upon the pledge of every citizen to pay the amount for which he pledges himself."

"The obligation placed upon everyone of the time of war is the great obligation every man and woman owes, except the obligation they owe to their God. There is not a man, woman or child above eight years who cannot pledge something each week to his government. The order which is given them to do this is as binding on their conscience as is the order given to the soldier in the trenches.

**MARKET REPORT**

Hens	.....18c
Roosters	.....15c
Geese	.....15c
Beef	.....15-17
Hides	.....12-13
Pork, dressed	.....20-21
Vent	.....15-16
Butter	.....30-38
Eggs	.....28c
Hay, timothy	.....22.00
Rye	.....11.68
War Flour	.....12.40
Rye Flour	.....15.70

Adding machine paper for sale at this office.

## IF WE NEED THE WHEAT, WHY NOT MAKE 'EM SAVE?

Just at the present time our national and state food administrators are sending out a lot of dope about the conserving of wheat, claiming that the consumption of this cereal must be reduced to one-third if we are to send the amount needed across the water to feed our troops and the Allies.

Now the average man does not know much about the wheat supply of the country. He has always been able to buy wheat when he had the money, and as people have become somewhat frenzied on other subjects during the present war, he is inclined to think that the wheat cry is another cry of wolf, wolf, when possibly there may be no wolf. It is not such a long time ago that there were meatless days, and the people were asked to conserve on meat, and the conscientious ones did so, and they prided themselves with the thought that the army would not starve if they could do anything to help them out. About the time all the people had got it pounded into them that they must eat less meat, and meat had soared to prices that were never before heard of, the packers came out and stated that there was no shortage of meat in the country, and asked that the meatless days be abolished, or else there would be a break in meat prices. Of course it would have been a calamity to the public if there had been a break in meat prices, so the meatless days were abolished.

Now we would like to know if the present wheat talk is along the same line. We believe in feeding the army, and feeding it well, but we do not believe that newspaper articles and talk generally will reduce the use of wheat to one-third of what it normally is. It will cause some people to reduce the use of wheat to the required amount, but there are a much larger number, that it will not affect very materially. The conscientious ones are all right, but if the use of wheat is to be reduced the required amount, the slacker must also be reached, not with a newspaper appeal, but in a manner that will compel him to comply with the requirements.

There is just one way in which to make the slacker and his fellow-cowards reduce on the supply of wheat and that is to limit them to the amount they purchase each month. Talk is all right, and were it only necessary to reduce the consumption of wheat in this manner, but a reduction of two-thirds certainly means that drastic measures must be adopted, something more effective than a mere newspaper article. As a matter of fact, if those who are patriotic were to entirely discontinue the use of wheat products altogether, those that are left who pay no particular attention to the appeals of the government would use more than the one-third of the former consumption. The result would be that the patriotic ones would be denying themselves of almost the necessities of life, while the slackers would be living off the fat of the land.

The trouble has been right along that many of the different branches of the government have been trying to run this war thru the medium of the newspapers. They have each established a press bureau and they seem to feel that if they get out about so much matter a day and send it out to the newspapers, free, that they have done about all that can be expected of them. The result has been that ever since the war started every little newspaper throughout the country has been getting bales of this trash every week, not one-tenth of which is it possible for any one of them to use, so that it is a dead waste to the people at large. There is no doubt but what the amount of money spent on this printed stuff each week would supply every soldier in the army with all the stationery he would use during the war, and if applied in that manner would relieve the benevolent societies of a great expense.

We say, save the wheat if necessary, but put the slacker and the patriot on the same basis and give them each a card that will compel them to be on the square, and there will be no further trouble about the matter. People with plenty of money cannot then buy substitutes in order to get wheat flour and feed the substitutes to the chickens.

**TO MAKE WOOLLENS LAST USE CARE IN WASHING**

Conservation of clothing is as necessary as conservation of food, especially conservation of woolen clothing. Not the least, damaged flannels, sweaters and other woolen garments is poor laundry work.

The home economics department of the University of Wisconsin recommends the following method for washing woolen clothing, especially flannel shirts and sweaters:

Soak the garment for at least an hour in cold lukewarm soap suds. It may be soaked as long as 10 or 12 hours. Then agitate it very lightly in the water, using plenty of water. Do not rub out on wash board. Rinse in water of the same temperature. Wring out carefully and hang up immediately to dry. In the summer, hang it in a shady place; in the winter, hang in the sun.

Never use water warmer than lukewarm in any part of the washing. Do not boil. Do not rub, wring, or twist garments roughly or tightly. Release the pressure on the wool. Do not use strong soaps or washing powders.

The stock soap solution is recommended for washing both silks and woollens:

One small-sized cake of good neutral soap cut into small pieces, 1 quart of water heated until the soap chips are dissolved, 1 cup borax. Use enough cold water to cover; let the garment stand overnight in the suds.

—Take home a large Cuban pineapple for 15c from Howard's Variety Store, Friday and Saturday.

**FOR RENT OR SALE**—Five-room house, good barn, wood shed, half-acre of land for rent after the first of June in Waukegan Addition, west Grand Rapids. For particulars apply to Charles E. Krueger, 975 Peach St., Grand Rapids, Wis.

## LOCAL ITEMS

Miss Bernice Lester left on Monday for San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Green are visiting with relatives at Monroe. A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Clara Trickett on May 26th.

Rev. R. J. Locke is in Needah today to deliver the Memorial day address.

The Consolidated team will play a game of baseball at Marshfield on Sunday.

John Molapski departed for Wausau on Wednesday to enlist in the navy.

Cus Schuring has purchased a Dodge touring car of the Motor Sales Co.

Miss Jessie Goodman has resigned her position at the Johnson & Hill Co.'s store.

Miss Laura Raymond of (Arnot) was a guest at the A. B. Sutor home over Sunday.

Atty. T. W. Brazau left on Tuesday for Milwaukee to look after some legal matters.

Mrs. C. A. Nornington and daughter returned on Monday evening from a visit at Milwaukee.

Henry Haertel, the Stevens Point monument man, was a business visitor in the city on Monday.

Mrs. E. C. Rossier and son Benjamin spent several days in the past week visiting with friends in Owen.

Extra large pineapples on sale Friday and Saturday at Howard's Variety Store for 15c each.

Miss Helen Kromer left on Monday for Chicago, where she was called by the serious illness of a sister.

Will Gress of Wausau spent a couple of days in this city last week visiting with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Carl Lindberg departed on Saturday for Manitowish to join her husband who is employed there.

Mrs. Niles Thompson of Chicago arrived in the city on Monday to visit her people here for week or more.

Miss Sylvia Swartz has resigned her position as operator at the Wood County Telephone company's office.

John Radtke, one of the farmers of the town of Stoughton, favored this office with a pleasant call on Saturday.

Mrs. M. Cahill of Appleton spent Sunday in this city visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. N. Koerner.

Mrs. Francis Byron, a former resident of Bluff, called on the Tribune that she is now located at Choteau, Montana.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Miller have rented the Geo. Lyons home. Mr. and Mrs. Lyons will move onto a farm near Kellner.

Curtis Board of Green Bay spent several days in the city the past week visiting with his mother, Mrs. L. Board.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Reichel, Miss Inez Reichel and Mrs. George W. Davis spent Sunday at Needah visiting with friends.

Miss Stella Kinister has resigned her position in the Wood County drug store and has been succeeded by Miss Jessie Parrish.

Walter Canning, who is employed in Michigan, spent several days in the city the past week visiting his father, J. J. Canning.

Miss Kate Kammmerer returned on Monday evening from Milwaukee where she spent two weeks at the Sacred Heart Sanitarium.

Pank Kapitton, one of the solid farmers on R D 5 favored this office with a pleasant call on Tuesday while in the city on business.

Mrs. Edward Lynch of Milwaukee, is spending several days in the city visiting with friends and looking after some business matters.

M. C. Berg has bought the Alva A. Miller house on the west side, formerly known as the Oberbeck property. The deal was made thru Geo. Porrand.

Mark Whitrock, who has been employed at the Otto Pharmacy for several years past, has resigned his position there and accepted one at Church's drug store.

Wm. Leder, who is employed in the shop of G. J. Kaundy, had three fingers on his right hand badly cut on Monday morning by coming in contact with a circular saw.

Mrs. Jacob Beyer has received word from her son Earl Hein, who has been bugler with the 120th Field Artillery in France, that he has been appointed regimental tailor.

Frank Kubisak, who has been employed as cutter in one of the meat markets at Marshfield the past two years, has resigned his position and returned home the past week.

Elmer Kluge, who has been living in Chicago for some time past, spent several days in this city during the past week visiting his relatives before leaving for camp on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Mason left on Tuesday for Milwaukee where Mrs. Mason will take treatment for rheumatism, from which she has been suffering for some time past.

—Got one of the large sized pineapples for 15c at Howard's Variety Store, Friday and Saturday.

The Consolidated team defeated the Nekeosa team at Nekeosa on Sunday by a score of 2 to 1. Plahmer pitched his usual good game allowing but one hit for Nekeosa.

Leon Arpin arrived home the past week from Mississippi, where he had been for some time past looking after his father's dredging interests. He will remain home for several weeks.

Lloyd Allie, who has been in this city for some time past, left on Monday for Wausau and was going from there to Camp Grant, where he will take his place again in the national army.

Frank Ranker, a young lad residing at Duane, caught a German brown trout weighing six and one-fourth pounds while fishing near his home on Sunday.

Father Wm. Reding will celebrate his silver jubilee during the month of June, having served 25 years in the priesthood. Preparations are being made to hold appropriate services when the occasion arrives.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Giese have issued invitations to the wedding of their daughter Gertrude to William Schmidt, which will take place Saturday afternoon, June 15th, at the German Ev. Lutheran Immanuel church on Eighth street.

C. Laounwet was taken to the poor farm on Saturday for care. Mr. Laounwet had no near relatives here, and as he was caught well along in years it was thought that better care could be given him at the poor farm than at any other place.

Mr. and Otto Benson of the town of Milwaukee were among the business callers at the Tribune office on Tuesday. Mr. Benson reports that he has sold his farm in the town of Saratoga to George Fisher of this city and that it is his intention to leave in the near future for Iowa, where he will locate on a farm.

A millionaire out in Denver has adopted "blue jeans" as his clothing, which he states he will continue after the war. He has two suits, one for every day and one for society wear. Now if some of our local millionaires would adopt this garb the rest of us might fall into line and be right in style without costing us very much.

Another heavy rain fell in this section on Friday evening, and during the night, which at times developed into a veritable downpour. A report from Port Edwards is to the effect that 2.4 inches of rain fell down there inside of 25 minutes. Reports from the country round about this city are to the effect that the rain was pretty general.

Vesper State Center—A. P. Bean bought five head of registered Guernseys at the Marshfield sale Friday. While he did not intend to buy at this time, the fact that some of C. E. Blodgett's choice stock was selling below their true value it was a temptation to pick up some of it. Most of the stock was imported from the Island of Guernsey, which makes a valuable addition to Mr. Bean's herd.

Quite a number of people were disappointed in the Red Cross pageant held at Daly's Theatre on Thursday evening. It was not on account of the quality of the entertainment, but because the hall filled up at an early hour, and those who waited until the usual time for such affairs were unable to get in at all. Every available seat was taken and there would have been many more in attendance had it been possible to go. The affair was a most successful one and the audience was well pleased with the entertainment.

Bob Bender, who has been at Northfield, Minn., for some time past where he is engaged in putting in a dam on the Cannon river, spent Sunday and Monday in this city visiting with friends and relatives. Mr. Bender reports that they have had a great deal of rain over in that country, more, even than we have had here, and the result was that it was impossible to keep on with the work on account of the high water. The dam at that point is used to operate a large grist mill.

The Marathon county school of agriculture and domestic science was closed for the season last week, but according to reports the school will not be opened again this fall. The county board of Marathon county decided at its last meeting that the results being obtained from the school were not sufficient to justify them in keeping up the school. A county agent will be employed, and it is expected by the board that this will give them better returns than the school has.

At the last meeting of the city council one of the aldermen put in a suggestion to the effect that there should be better lights installed on the bridge, and the matter was referred to a committee. The committee will probably report at the next meeting of the council. This is a matter that should have been attended to when the white way was installed, and the committee should make a strong recommendation for the change. As a matter of fact, the plan should have been carried out at the last meeting of the council, as the cost of the change would have been so small that there is no need of discussing the matter to any great length.

—Why buy the small pineapples when you can get the large sizes for 15c on Friday and Saturday at Howard's Variety Store.

Let the Little "Gray Book" Send YOUR BOY to College

That boy of yours—he is young yet, but you are going to see that he has a good schooling. He may choose a profession.

Time flies—first thing you know it will be a question of shall he, or shall he not go to college—don't let it be a question of CAN he or can he NOT go.

**START THE COLLEGE FUND NOW**

A little bit a week entered in "The Little Gray Book" won't be missed now, and it will give you a lump sum when college time comes. That is better than making a hole in your principal, or skipping the family to send him to college.

Suppose he doesn't go to college—you'll have the money.

\$1.00 will start it at

**First National Bank**  
GRAND RAPIDS - WISCONSIN  
"The Bank That Does Things for You"

Thrift is the sister of Patriotism. Buy War Savings Bonds and Stamps.

Opportunity at Grand Rapids and Dodge

# Ready-to-Wear

We have decided hereafter to handle nothing but Ready-to-Wear Garments and accessories: Consequently we will, beginning—

# Saturday, May 25th

Close out our entire stock of Merchandise consisting of Dress Goods of all materials

Serges	Voiles	Cretons
Poplins	Curtain Scrim	Wool Challies
Crape	Tissue Gingham	Percaloes
Lawns	Sateens	Muslins

Everything we have in our large stock is going to be disposed of at a Great Sacrifice In these days when no-ones dollar is big enough to go clear around an opportunity for

# Genuine Bargains

Such as these are should be greatly appreciated by every Housewife in Grand Rapids. Remember the day and date and come early—For the Big Event!

# Steinberg's Store

Whether He's Fighting on Sea or Land Send him a pouch of Real GRAVELLY Chewing Plug

If he doesn't chew yet, he'll slice it up and mix it with his pipe tobacco to give it flavor and improve his smoke.

You will send your friend more tobacco comfort and satisfaction in one pouch of Real Gravelly Plug than in half a dozen plugs of ordinary tobacco.

Give any man a chew of Real Gravelly Plug, and he will tell you that's the kind to send. Send the best!

Ordinary plug is false economy.



# WASHINGTON CITY SIDELIGHTS

## Washington Expert Tells All About "Jazz" Music

WASHINGTON.—Meyer Davis of this city, who has been dubbed the "king of the Jazzers," is quoted by a Boston Post reporter who interviewed him as having said that jazz music, while having Wagner beaten a mile for harmony, cannot be written because it is never played the same way twice in succession.

"The jazz originated in a section of New Orleans known as Congo place, and has been transplanted to gilded hostilities, the homes of the rich and to all places where the canned-music machines give voice," said Davis.

"Will the jazz ever last?" questioned the newspaper man.

"Like the music they imported from the wave-washed shores of Honolulu," replied Davis, "it will quickly become a thing of the past. It's a novelty, and that is all. A jazz player takes a piece of music and plays what isn't there. The good jazz can take any sort of a melody and jazz it up by putting all sorts of 'blues' in, with a generous sprinkling of ragtime variations. A typical jazz band is composed of instruments of greatest noise-making power. Let me explain. You must have the slide trombone, with a bottle of oil handy. Then a drummer, with a complete assortment of kitchen utensils, and a cornetist, who must have finished execution and technique, as the rhythm of the melody depends on him. Clarinet? Sure! He plays all the convolutions, evolutions and variations. And then the pianist. That will do for a small bunch of jazzers."

"What effect does jazz music have on human beings?" asked the reporter.

"It will make a wooden man dance, and cause an octogenarian to feel like a boy of sixteen," he replied.

## Wanted to Keep Promise He Made the Children

A FARMER man wanted peppermint stick candy, pink and white. You can't find old-timey sweets like that these days, except in back-street shops that don't count, but the clerk could give him caramels, conserves, glacés, marshmallows, fudges— But the farmer was set on peppermint stick candy, pink and white. He had promised the children the last thing before starting for the city. They were going to help him out with the crop—he had to get them what they asked for. His disappointment had put a real worry line between his eyes and in his voice was a dejection which would have been ridiculous except that you can't laugh at genuine feeling—not if you are the right sort yourself. The clerk, a helpful young person with seemingly no aspiration to throw down her job for her work at one thousand per cent suggested every luring substitute in stock, but peppermint was what the farmer wanted.

"Why, little miss, those young ones will be waiting for me a mile up the road—I just can't bear to think of it—"

Little miss interrupted him with an inspiration. Under the counter were jelly-glass jars of plumpiest sticks of clear candy, lemon instead of peppermint, and of a lovely green. The farmer man had to compromise with a half-dozen jars and a braided bar of mint cream, but he wasn't happy over it.

"I suppose I can't do any better—but I hate to think of facing those boys after I gave them my word. You see, little miss, a promise ought to be kept."

Kindness to make such a fuss over nothing, of course. Of course! All the same, it is right refreshing to meet up with a man with a Gibraltarish sense of honor like that, because you must admit—

There are others.

## Couldn't Believe Gorgeous Being Was Her Father

A TINY girl out southeast way lived with an uncle and aunt because her mother was in heaven and her father at sea. Being old enough to play with other tiny children, she wondered why it was that she had no papa to come home from work every afternoon so that she could race down the pavement and hug him around the legs. She longed for that daily coming papa with a yearning that no grown-up could ever suspect, seeing that we somehow forget what goes on in childhood land after we are turned out of it and the gate locked between—except, of course, when the longsome years come along and Father Time, who is a whole lot kinder than we give him credit for, lets us peek backward through his memory glass to show us how beautiful it used to be. After so long, the father—an officer in the navy—returned from a cruise and came to the southeast home for a first glimpse of his baby daughter.

The child took in the brass buttons and gold braid with rapt wonder laden with doubt. This big, gold-shining man was not like the papas who come home from work every afternoon to have their legs hugged. The blue cloth arms were open to receive her, but she hung back fearfully. She had to be sure.

"Are you my father?"

The arms folded the tiny girl and assurance was given which settled every doubt. And the child voiced rhapsodic relief.

"I thought you were God."

A woman who used to be the tiny girl told about it recently. Father Time was letting her peek through his memory glass.

## Rather Rough on Waiter, but "Orders Is Orders"

THE manager of a Washington hotel has insisted upon strict observance of the food administration's rules from the beginning, so that two men, apparently of the class that are in Washington on business just now, who did not seem to care anything about food conservation, were responsible for the discharge of a waiter the other day.

The two had ordered a hearty luncheon, and after the usual had progressed somewhat they summoned the waiter and told him to bring some more bread. He hesitated.

"We'll protect you. Bring the bread," said one of them, and the waiter hurried off. He came back with a plate of biscuits. At the next table, however, sat an official of the food administration. He beckoned to the head waiter, said something to him in an undertone, and in a few minutes the waiter who had served the forbidden bread rushed back to the table where the two men were and said agitatedly:

"You gentlemen have cost me my job—serving that bread was against orders."

They called for the head waiter of the room and protested that the waiter was not at fault, but they.

"We have certain rules in this establishment, gentlemen, which must be followed," said the head waiter. "These particular rules are the result of a pledge made by us to the food administration."

"But this is our fault," protested one of the two men.

The head waiter didn't deny it.

"We can only punish the waiter who disobeyed our rules," he said.

## Things That Impress One in National Capital

SOMETHING of the old air of leisure still clings to Washington's amusements, particularly regarding baseball. One writer observes: "One day last summer the score was 14 to 2, in favor of Detroit, nine innings, two out. In New York nobody would have remained to hear the death rattle of the home team. But in Washington nobody—not even the celebrated 'straw-hatting' crowd—got up to go. I observed that the Washington fan was a good sport; he didn't concede the game until the last man was out. 'Good sport nothing,' said Ted, a cartoonist, or, as he might prefer me to say, the cartoonist. 'These guys stick around as long as they can. They've got 'straw-hatting' up to go when the game's over.'"

After the "sight hounds," who will find many foreign and Teutonic names carved on Washington's architecture, Washington is perhaps best known for its lack of anything like the street and subway service of New York and for its pronouncements.

"Washington is full of the Athletic Young Man. He speaks of aviation and data and SUSPECTS and the single corps; and everybody but the president, the secretary of war and the state department. But our athletic young men, here in the city, are the fire against the fire. What will win the war? I am not prepared to say, though I do read the advertisements; but nobody has advanced that dictum and annihilation will win the war."

# A Bird in the Hand

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)  
POWDERS AND SPRAYS THAT KILL LICE AND MITES



Sulphur or Pyrethrum Powder Dusted On Is Effective Against Lice—Sodium Fluoride, a New Remedy, Will Kill All Lice on Fowls.

## FIGHT PESTS OF CHICKEN FLOCKS

Mites Must Be Combated With Sprays of Insecticides in Poultry Houses.

## DUSTER FOR LICE TREATMENT

Powdered Sulphur Is Best to Use for Eradication of Lice—High Efficiency of Sodium Fluoride of Recent Discovery.

FOWLS are infested by two kinds of body parasites—lice and mites. Lice live continuously upon the birds. The common mite feeds upon them on the roosts at night, and after feeding secretes itself in the cracks and crevices about the roosts.

There are many different kinds of poultry lice. Those most common on fowls are the body louse, yellowish in color and about one-tenth of an inch in length, which remains on the skin of the fowl; the shaft louse, somewhat smaller and very pale in color, which is usually seen on the shafts of the feathers; and the head louse—a large gray species which is most frequently observed on the heads of young chickens.

Lice are not usually very abundant on healthy fowls which are kept under sanitary conditions and provided with dust baths. They multiply rapidly upon birds of low vitality and sluggish temperament, and are quickly distributed through flocks upon premises where attention to cleanliness is indifferent.

For remedies in poultry keeping, and with small flocks generally, it is advisable to make sure that the flock is free from lice by giving the birds individual treatment which will secure that result. The most universally procurable article for this purpose is powdered sulphur. The method of applying this is to hold the bird by the feet—head down—and dust the sulphur freely into the feathers, using either a small insect powder gun, or a can with a perforated cover. Pyrethrum may be used in the same way. Neither of these remedies will thoroughly and permanently rid poultry of lice. When they are more or less frequent intervals, as may appear necessary.

By using commercial sodium fluoride in the form of powder, or as a dip, all species of poultry lice may be destroyed at one application. As the high efficiency of sodium fluoride in destroying lice on poultry is of recent discovery the material is not ordinarily found in all drug stores. With a demand for it, however, local druggists will secure supplies. Poultry keepers who desire to thoroughly eradicate lice from their flocks should write the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., for Farmers' Bulletin 801, which gives, with details of the use of sodium fluoride, complete information on the control of mites and lice.

Mite Is Very Small.

The common chicken mite is a very small gray insect which, when it has filled itself with blood, becomes bright red, hence the name "red mite" by which it is often called. It may be discovered if present, by looking on the under sides of the roosts and nest supports, and in the wall crevices near them. Where the mites are very abundant they may be found in large masses in such places. They also frequent the nests of sitting hens. With reasonable attention to the cleanliness of poultry houses, mites are not likely to be troublesome except in warm weather.

Treatment for mites consists in applications of liquid insecticides or disinfectants to them and to the places where they harbor, repeating the applications at intervals of about a week until all are destroyed. Any of the petroleum products commonly used for disinfectant purposes will be found effective for the destruction of mites.

## ON EVERY FARM—100 HENS.

There should be 100 hens on every farm in the United States, declares a recent publication from the office of the secretary of agriculture, circular 107. And we should obtain 100 eggs from every hen. With approximately 600,000,000 hens and 40,000,000,000 eggs per year, according to the calculations of the writers, who then add that that number of eggs constitutes a military resource not to be ignored.

One hundred hens on every farm is not a particularly big contract. There is hardly a farm in the United States but could support that number of hens practically on its waste materials and without materially added cost. One hundred hens to a farm is considerably less than the average number of hens to a farm in many of the better poultry producing sections of the country. It is an average that could easily be maintained in the sections of the country where the average per farm is now lower.

One hundred eggs from every hen, while far below what could be obtained with proper encouragement of fowls, is considerably more than the average egg production the country over. Suggestions for attaining this average are given in the publication mentioned.

## When Chickens Are Best.

Chickens are a general scheme of poultry production, of course, must take first place. They are best adapted to general conditions, take a wider range of feeds and convert them, perhaps, with the greatest margin of profit. Chickens, better than any other class of poultry, utilize table scraps and the general run of waste from the kitchen door, all the way from apple and potato parings to sour milk. Chickens far surpass all other kinds of poultry in salvaging waste grain from the stables, from the shed or lot where the cattle are fed, and from hog pens. During the winter months, on farms where any considerable number of live stock are kept, the hens would take their living from these sources with only slight additional feeding from time to time. Chickens are great destroyers of insects.

## Making Food From Waste.

Keep this thought in mind in considering the growing of more poultry as a war necessity: Poultry is a means of converting into good food materials that cannot be utilized by man, that cannot be eaten by any other kind of stock, and that without the poultry would be absolute waste. Very clear evidence of the use of sodium fluoride in the use of sodium fluoride, complete information on the control of mites and lice.

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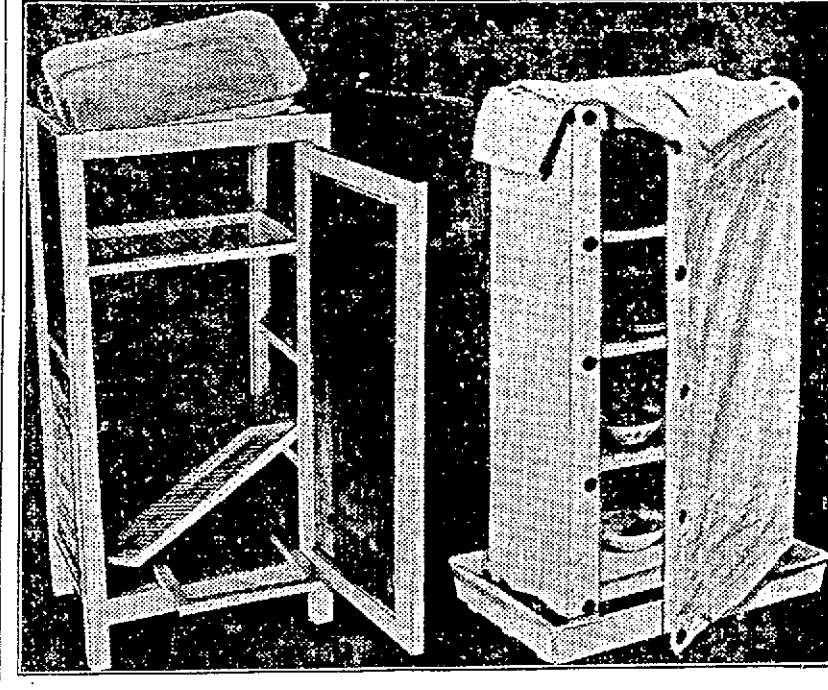
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# The Housewife and the War

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)  
AN ICELESS REFRIGERATOR FOR SUMMER DAYS



Wooden Frame Covered With Screen Wire and Canton Flannel or Burlap Makes This Refrigerator—(Left) Framework; (Right) Completed Convenience.

## DEVICE TO KEEP FOOD IN SUMMER

Evaporation of Water From Cloth Cover Is Cooling Principle of Refrigerator.

## COOLER FOR DRINKING WATER

Temperature of 50 Degrees F. Possible Under Ideal Conditions—Place for Meats, Fruits, Vegetables, Milk and Butter.

Where ice is not obtainable an iceless refrigerator, home-made, will be a useful food keeper and food saver this summer. Maintaining a low temperature through the evaporation of water from its canvas cover, the iceless refrigerator will keep meats, fruits and vegetables cool and will extend the period for keeping milk and butter. It can also serve as a cooler for drinking water.

Separate Refrigerators.

In homes where large quantities of milk and butter are to be kept it would be well to have one refrigerator for milk and butter and another for other foods, as milk and butter readily absorb odors from other foods. It costs very little to build the refrigerator and nothing to operate it. The operation is as simple as the construction. The upper pan should be kept filled with water. The water is drawn by capillary attraction through the wicks and saturates the cover. As evaporation takes place heat is taken from the inside of the refrigerator, thereby lowering the temperature of the inside and the contents. Capillary action starts more readily if the cover is first dampened by dipping it in water or throwing water upon it. The greater the rate of evaporation the lower the temperature which can be secured; therefore the refrigerator works best when rapid evaporation takes place.

Evaporation Is Rapid.

When the refrigerator is placed in a shady place in a strong breeze and the air is warm and dry, evaporation takes place continuously and rapidly and the temperature inside the refrigerator is reduced. Under ideal conditions the temperature has been known to be reduced to 50 degrees Fahrenheit. When it is damp, and the air is full of moisture, the refrigerator will not work as well, since there is not enough evaporation. More water will find its way to the lower pan, but it will be drawn up into the covering by capillary attraction when the air again becomes drier.

The refrigerator should be regularly cleaned and sunned. If the framework, shelves and pans are white enameled they can more easily be kept in a sanitary condition. It is well to have two covers, so that a fresh one can be used each week and the soiled one washed and sunned.

How to Construct an Iceless Refrigerator

A wooden frame is made with dimensions 42 by 16 by 14 inches and covered with screen wire, preferably the rustless type, which costs less than the ordinary kind. The door is made to fit closely and is mounted on brass hinges, and can be fastened with a wooden latch. The bottom is fitted solid, but the top should be covered with screen wire. Adjustable shelves can be made of solid wood or strips or sheets of galvanized metal. Shelves made of poultry netting on light wooden frames, as shown in the illustration, are probably the most desirable. These shelves rest on side braces placed at desired intervals. A bread baking pan, 14 by 16 inches, is placed on the top and the frame rests in a 17 by 13-inch pan.

All the woodwork, the shelves and the pans should receive two coats of white paint and one or two coats of white enamel. This makes a very attractive surface and one that can be easily kept clean. The screen wire also may receive the coat of enamel, which will prevent it from rusting.

A cover of cotton flannel, bur-lap or duck is made to fit the frame. Put the smooth side out if cotton flannel is used. It will require about three yards of material. This cover is buttoned around the top of the frame and down the side on which the door is not hinged, using buggy hooks and eyes or large-headed tacks and eyelets worked in the material. On the front side arrange the hooks on the top of the frame, instead of on the frame, and also fasten the cover down the latch side of the door, allowing a wide hem of the material to overlap the place where the door closes. The door can then be opened without unbuttoning the cover. The bottom of the cover should extend down into the lower pan. Four double strips, which taper to 8 or 10 inches in width, are sewed to the upper part of the cover. These strips form wicks that dip over into the upper pan.

The dimensions given make a refrigerator of very convenient size for household use and one with efficient evaporating surface, but it is not necessary to follow strictly these dimensions. If a larger capacity is desired, the height of the refrigerator can be increased.

## Some Fireless Specialties.

Here are some things that can be cooked well in the fireless cooker:

Cereals—Prepare as for the stove, but use one-sixth less water. Boil for ten minutes, or longer with coarser cereals. Place in the cooker, boiling hot and leave six or eight hours or over night.

Meats—Buy cheaper cuts. The fireless can make tough meat tender.

Cheese Stew.

1 pound lean beef or 1 cupful chopped medium fowl.  
2 cupfuls tomatoes, ion.  
1 cupful carrots or 1 tablespoonful fat.  
1 cupful chopped onion.  
1 sweet pepper.

Cut the meat in small pieces or cut the fowl into joints. Melt the fat or the onions, peppers, meat or chicken.

## Never buy large quantities of spices at a time—they spoil.

Bacon and ham fat can be used in hashes.

Dried potato parings make good fire lighters.

Snut pudding is a good dessert for cold weather.

Watercress soup should be seasoned with onion.

Oatmeal can be used for making an excellent soup.

If every home—there are 20,000,000 of them—should waste on the average one-half cup of milk daily, it would mean a waste of 2,500,000 quarts daily—612,500,000 quarts a year. The total production of more than 400,000 cows.

## Because cereals are relatively low in price and because most of them furnish some tissue-building materials as well as body fuel, it is good economy to use them freely and in the place of the more expensive foods when this can be done without reducing the food value of the meal.

## Small biscuits or rolls can stand a much hotter and quicker baking than large loaves, which must be heated slowly and long. On being taken from the oven bread should be placed on slats or shelves so that the air can circulate about it until it is thoroughly cooled.

## Many of the cheaper cuts of meat are nourishing and very appetizing when carefully prepared and cooked for a long time. A fireless cooker is particularly suitable for their preparation.

## Swiss chard is relished by the hens and as it stands drought well it constitutes an almost never failing supply of food.

## Milk is excellent for chicks and is especially valuable as the chicks begin to develop. Let them have all the milk they will drink, while they are small, during the growing period, and after they have matured.

## Make a chore of treating hens and chicks for lice.

## Air and water are the only cheap things since the heat begins yet poultry keepers are stingy with both.

## Eggs will get dirty sometimes; use such eggs at home. A washed egg will not ship well, and will spoil others.

## See that the chicks have plenty of clean, fresh water and a supply of green feed in some form.

## Chicks are easily stunned, and when once in that condition rarely get out of it.

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# French Clothes at High Prices

New York.—The millions who are employed in the making of women's apparel in this country are disturbed by an important discussion that is going on among themselves.

It has to do with the importation of French clothes, with the price asked for all kinds of apparel, with the threatened abolition of the famous French semiannual exhibitions, and with the tendency of the public to ask for American clothes.

No woman should be ignorant of this situation, asserts a prominent fashion writer. On her shoulders, as an individual, is part of a man's, rests much of the responsibility of the future. In France women are the decisive factors in fashion; in this country they have not assumed that role. With the exception of a few, they are willing to be led. They are guided by these authorities, and these authorities are guided by Paris.

This is not true to the extent that the reformers and the critics preach. No one is any the worse for it. Our country has not been in a position to assume the leadership in fashions, any more than in art, architecture or literature. We have had to be led in all these things; yet the very man who goes to Paris and Italy for art is the first one to ask his wife why she is foolish enough to adopt the French fashions!

If, therefore, the American women were not free thinkers regarding clothes, and were merely led into each fashion by a comfortable nose that was pulled along by the merchants and dressmakers, it was because they placidly felt that this was the best path in which they should tread.

Since the war, however, there has been a growing feeling here in independence of Paris. All of us who firmly believed that no country could get along without the delectable vote of France as to what should be done in clothes, realized, during the first years of the war, that our opinion was correct.

## Changes of Importance.

But the situation has changed, and our beliefs have changed with it. As far as one can see, there is no chance of our losing the comfort of getting from Paris our inspiration as to the silhouette, and we shall also get from Paris the various movements of the dress, the details of ornamentation, and the production of new tissues, which stimulate and enliven our work. But—and I say that with full conviction, after talking with people in power and with dressmakers, designers and merchants who have had their hand on the pulse of things for three years—a decided change is coming over our method of launching fashions.

The reasons are important, not only to the merchant, but to each woman. She is a thinking individual these days, if she never was before, and she will

## A Girlish Frock by Douellet—It is made of dark blue taffeta, with round neck and short baby sleeves. The décolletage is trimmed with gold braid, and this is repeated at one side of the skirt, where it ends in several gold roses.



the slight bustle and the bias folds going upward from the knee to the back. It is claimed that a French designer sent to this country for twelve of the sketches, and adopted the bustle in defiance to American wishes. Good evidence for the truth of this statement is shown in the bustle which a certain French house has sent to this country.

Another piece of alteration that is given away by good dressmakers is adding to a frock a narrow plait under skirt and cutting the gown itself 10 to 12 inches shorter, and letting it fall as a tunic with a girde over the new addition. This eliminates the flares in the chemise robe of yesterday and gives one the proper silhouette.

As long as it is fashionable to wear two or three minuscule combinations is not called upon to match the one-time chemise gown in cloth or color when adding a separate underskirt over which to drop it. Black satin goes with blue serge, beige cloth or brown gaberdine. It also goes with plaids and checks; and on the other hand Scotch designs in velvet and other fabrics are used for skirts. Tunes of plaid material are combined with these skirts by the best dressmakers, and therefore the amateur sewing woman need not be timid in making the same combination.

## The prophets who spoke against the success of the Italian neckline thought to be without honor today. The American woman took up this difficult neckline of the Renaissance with an enthusiasm that was most unexpected. One might call it well nigh universal wherever fashionably dressed women are foregathered. It is not only the ruling fashion for the evening, but it rules in separate blouses.

It is not considered fashionable any more to pull the collar of one's blouse over one's coat. Remember that. It is a small touch, but a most important one, this spring. The coat may have to come down, but the blouse will stay flat lace, but it cannot be ornamented with a collar that is not attached to it.

It is not necessary to keep to white at the neckline. Collars and cuffs are made of white organdies and checked gingham; but these should be used for the collar for any hour except informal ones.

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## Waistcoat Effects.

Some of the new French waistcoats are waistcoat effects, which are a popular style in knowing no limits.

## Lines Make the Smart Hats

Paris Shops Are Showing Many Small Models That Are Attractive for Spring Headgear.

In the Paris shops are shown many satin hats, extremely small models that are excellent for spring wear, writes a correspondent. They have satin trimmings, if they have any, and the lines of the hats are what make them smart.

Two exceptionally pretty chapeaux were seen recently. One was of black milan straw with a satin brim in military blue; the only embellishment was supplied by grosgrain ribbon and black ostrich. The other model had a black lincere brim and a very high black taffeta crown. The crown band which ended in a bow in the back—at the center of the back—was of French blue ribbon, finished in front with a knot of French dovers.

## When the Hair Is Dry.

While oily hair is not at all beautiful it is usually much healthier and thicker than dry, harsh hair. If your glory crown has started in to be dry and wispy it would be a wise move to take it in hand right away and call for an immediate reform. Twenty-four hours before the shampoo rub pure olive oil into the scalp. You can move out the lovely fluffy gloss it will impart to the hair after the shampoo. Have this cleansing with egg shampoo instead of soap.



# Mr. Romanoff and Family in Exile

Intimate View of Life of Former Royal Family of Russia in Siberian Home



NICHOLAS ROMANOFF

By IVAN NARODNY.  
In Philadelphia Public Ledger.  
T WAS a measure of safety for the life of the deposed czar and his family that the Russian government authorities decided that the former ruler and his family be sent to Tobolsk, Siberia, till the constituent assembly could determine how best to solve the problem of their future.

Kerensky was then premier, and he fell upon him to deliver the fateful decision as politely as possible. He called personally at the palace of Tsarskoye Selo and gave twenty-four hours to the royal exiles to pack their trunks and make themselves ready for their journey. The czar turned white and stammered in answer to Kerensky:

"If it is God's and the people's will we shall obey."

A day thereafter the premier again called on the ex-czar and informed him that the train which was to take him and his family to Siberia was ready. In four closed automobiles, guarded by a company of Cossacks, the royal exiles left their stately residence and drove to the railway station, where they were met by Baron Fredericks, the former minister of the court; General Vorobiev, the former commander of the palace; and Countess Naryshkin, the former lady in waiting to the czar. These were to follow their former masters to Siberia.

The baggage consisted of fifteen trunks and a few suitcases or handbags. These were carried into the car by the two loyal servants and the family members themselves. A dead silence prevailed on the platform when the once feared and respected ruler walked to his car. Premier Kerensky held his arm. Vice Premier Nekrasov accompanied the ex-czar. It was a heavy and painful moment, a moment full of depressing thoughts.

Siberia, it is true, in history has been a more complete change in human fortunes than that which Nicholas Romanoff has suddenly undergone. From a household expenditure of \$12,000,000 a year he has now been reduced to about \$5,000 a year. From having twenty palaces at his command he was at first cut down to an eight-room flat in an old Siberian municipal building. From being the most powerful autocrat of all the Russias he has become suddenly plain Mr. Nicholas Alexandrovich Romanoff, Siberian exile.

I have succeeded in procuring considerable details concerning the ex-czar's manner of life and his life at Tobolsk. It is only a short while ago that he was permitted to move from the small flat into the monastery. Here he is now occupying a small room in the house of the archbishop, while the ex-czarina occupies another room in an adjoining building. Though apparently free, the ex-czar and his family are really closely guarded carefully by the soldiers over whom he used to possess a command of life and death.

In this dreary town of 45,000 inhabitants the chief objects of interest. While a special attention had been paid by the guards to him and the ex-czarina, the daughters are free to come and go as they please, and from them the townspeople have learned a great deal about the household and life of their deposed ruler.

The residence determined for the ex-czar consisted of eight rooms of the second floor of the former governor's house at Tobolsk. It is a rather roomy house, built in the stately style of Russian institutions, of brick in white stucco, with a sloping green roof. It is not situated in the aristocratic quarter of the city, which lies on higher ground on the further side of the Tobol river. The lower floor was occupied by the guarding officers, who had been specially selected on account of their loyalty to the revolutionary cause.

Nicholas and the former czarina occupied a room each and two rooms were put aside for the daughters and the son Alexis, the former heir apparent. There was a dining room, a wide kitchen and a general sitting room, and the rest of the flat was given over to the servants. The revolutionary government allowed three servants, a butler and two maids.

Contrast these quarters with those the Romanoffs formerly enjoyed at Tsarskoye Selo, in Petrograd, at the Winter and Alexander palaces in Petrograd, at Livadia, in Gatchina, and the twenty-eight palaces they possessed. The Peterhof place was so large that a person could lose himself in it, and 200 servants were employed solely to steer guests through it. The Hall of Mirrors in the Winter palace at Petrograd is 200 feet in length and is considered one of the most gorgeous rooms in existence.

In the early days of their life in Tobolsk Nicholas and his wife were kept truly prisoners within their flat. They were only allowed out for the purpose of attending services in the Cathedral of Annunciation or the monastery where they now live, or going to the public baths. They attended divine services twice every Sunday and on religious anniversaries of importance. They attended the public baths once a week.

The Romanoff family are living a very simple life. They cannot afford oranges, lemons, pears, peaches, pineapples and many other delicacies which are quite common in America. They could not have spirituous drinks if they wanted them, for the law which Nicholas first promulgated himself is still in force. Instead of sugar they use honey for their table.

As a true huntsman, the ex-czarina generally assists the king in the kitchen to prepare the meals. The Romanoffs have a light breakfast at nine o'clock, luncheon at one and dinner at six. The late hour for breakfast and the early hour for dinner are planned to suit the convenience of the servants.

Day after day the same monotonous routine continues, with its simple meals and its lack of excitement. There are no social pleasures and no entertainments. Until recently their lives were filled with state banquets, great court balls and receptions and pageants of various kinds, not to mention the military and religious ceremonies and other diversions perhaps exciting. Now they cannot even entertain the mayor or the school children of the town.

The former czarina was greatly excited about the banishment and suffered during the first days after her arrival at Tobolsk. But she soon overcame her sorrows and took an active interest in the housekeeping. She likes most goose and roast venison cooked in the German style. There are rumors that she is now very lively in her conversation and bitter about her fate.

On the other hand, the ex-czar has been very silent, gloomy and reflective. He frequently has brushed away a tear from his eyes. He has grown very haggard, gray and old-looking. He wears ordinarily the uniform of a general of the Prebrazhensky regiment, which he is allowed to use, although he no longer enjoys the rank.

Perhaps the most interesting news of the Romanoff family relates to the daughters. There are four of these girls, all pretty and attractive: Olga, aged twenty-two; Tatiana, aged twenty; Marie, aged eighteen; and Anastasia, aged sixteen. They were nearly frightened to death at the outbreak of the revolution, but now, under just treatment, they are developing into good republicans and perhaps even radicals.

The government has been very kindly and no doubt wisely allowed these young girls to come and go as they please, without any watch being kept upon them. They mix freely with the people of the town and travel to all parts of the country if they wish. It is no uncommon thing to hear the son of a local shopkeeper say to the former Grand Duchess Olga, eldest daughter of the former czar of all the Russias:

"Hello, Olga, Nicholayevna, won't you go for a ride this evening?"

To this Olga will reply, without being the least offended:

"No, thank you, Ivan Petrovich, I have an important meeting of the Women's club to attend."

Usually the girls are addressed, according to the regular Russian style, as "Olga Nicholayevna," meaning "Olga, daughter of Nicholas;" "Tatiana Nicholayevna," and so on. The ex-czar is addressed as "Hosposhin Romanoff," and the ex-czarina as "Hosposhin Romanovna," the prefixes used being the Russian equivalents of "Mr." and "Mrs."



ALEXIS ROMANOFF

All the daughters of the former czar have plenty of money at their disposal, as they have been allowed to retain the possession of the cash they had before the revolution as well as the jewels which they possessed individually.

Olga, who is the most serious member of the family, is a volunteer nurse in the local military hospital, where she spends five hours every day. Tatiana's occupations were more indelicate, as she is a girl who likes more the social side of life and therefore made the largest number of friends in this Siberian town. All the Romanoff girls mix freely with the ordinary citizens of Tobolsk. They often go to the municipal theater, and on these occasions they sit down in the lobby, which serves the purpose of the French cafe as a social meeting place. They also go to large tea parties in the town, sit at the booths of the charity bazaar and attend luncheons at the Merchants' club. They are members of the Women's club and the Red Cross society of the town. They are also frequent visitors at all the radical meetings and lectures in Tobolsk.

A rather interesting change has taken place with the former heir apparent, little Alexis, known to his family and friends as "Allosha." From the monarchic point of view he is more important than all the girls put together. He has become very democratic and enjoys the banishment. He is allowed to go out and play in the public park as long as he pleases, but he is watched all the time, because he might be used by conspirators in an attempt to restore the monarchy.

It is interesting to know that little Alosha appears to be in much better health than when he was heir to the throne, although he still suffers from the stiffness of the right leg which he acquired in a mysterious accident. His color is better than it was and he appears to have recovered to some extent from the slow poisoning to which his father subjected him as a means of maintaining his influence over the czar and czarina.

While the younger members of the Romanoff family are reasonably happy, there is no doubt that the former czar and czarina are intensely miserable. They are tormented by the loss of their power and splendor and the great heritage that had been handed down to them from generations of famous ancestors. While the former czarina is filled with rage against those who have brought her to the present condition, Nicholas shows only melancholy.

Though occasionally downcast, she has a more aggressive and restless character than her husband. She busies herself in the household work, probably in order to save herself from going mad over her troubles. She rises at eight o'clock in the morning, makes a brief toilet and puts on a kitchen dress. Then she goes into the kitchen, looks over the provisions and plans the meals for the day. She made all her jugs of jelly and jam for last winter. The former czarina prides herself on her skill in making all kinds of cake and pastry. Pathetically she hopes that the fallen czar will be cheered by a cake baked by her own imperial hands. But all her efforts are in vain. Her husband has been gradually losing his appetite.

The exiled czar is most saddened by the thought that she has lost all the historic crown jewels of Russia. Many of these which she valued so dearly are hidden in the palace at Tsarskoye Selo now owned by the wives and sweethearts of leading socialists and bolshevik revolutionaries. One of her personal jewels to Darmstadt, Germany just before the revolution broke out.

It was in last November that the government permitted the exiled czar and his family to make their residence in the monastery near Tobolsk, where they are now living under the supervision of the clergy and local police, most of the guards have been withdrawn. The routine of their daily life in the monastery is virtually the same as it was in the former governor's house, only the atmosphere is more religious and they are secluded from the curious eyes of the outside world.

More Shelter Not Enough.  
But proper housing does not mean more shelter. Man is a sentimental animal. His holiest sentiment centers about the home. Home ties mean contentment; if they do not, they are not ties for long. They mean a vital attachment to locality, they mean a vital interest in the community; they mean, most of all, a sense of security which implies the psychologists tell us—permanence, comfort and enthusiasm in one's surroundings.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.  
A challenge not only to the sound judgment, but to the idealism of the American business man lies in what has come to be called the "industrial housing problem." Behind these matter-of-fact words is a world of vital significance affecting the greater, more efficient, more beautiful America for which forward-looking men are beginning, in a large way, to plan.

The solution lies neither in sentiment alone nor in unmitigated business sense; it is comprehended, however, in that mixture of the two qualities which makes for the greatest social value and personal success in industry.

The practice of providing suitable homes for workers is in its infancy in America. England has solved the problem with characteristic British slowness and thoroughness. But in America, the land is as yet too new, the tentative forces of industrial opportunity as yet too prolific, labor as yet too plentiful, to have brought this incidental but altogether vital problem to more than a merely tentative solution.

War Forces Consideration.  
The great war, however, has been the great precipitant. It has crystallized conditions that would otherwise have been a generation, a century or a half in the future. The housing problem in the United States has been moved up at least a generation. Where yesterday it was with many industrial organizations a matter of sentiment or casual experiment, it is today a problem of grim necessity, though it will never find a real solution until sentiment mingles with business judgment to produce a humanly likable, workable and altogether satisfactory result.

The reason why the housing problem cannot be dealt with solely in a cold, logical, business fashion should be apparent to everyone. That it is not apparent is evident from the fact that many attempts at solving the problem in America have resulted unsatisfactorily.

The English student of the housing problem provides a dwelling that com-

## HOUSING PROBLEM BECOMING ACUTE

Need for Better Homes Not Confined to Big Cities.

SOLUTION FOUND IN ENGLAND

Builders Recognize Necessity of Providing Dwellings That Will Be Something More Than Mere Shelter.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give copies FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 127 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose three-cent stamp for reply.

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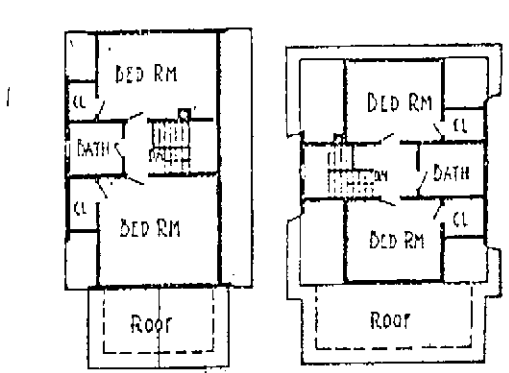
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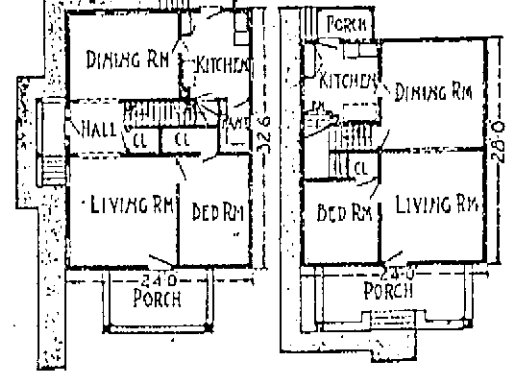
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FLOOR PLANS OF Cottages Shown in Picture, First Floor Plans Below.



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biner comfort with ample space and general cleanliness. There is usually a garden, a breathing space, the mercy of vines and trees to soothe the weariness of town-born senses which too often do not sense their own needs. The garden is no less important than the sanitation, the ventilation—even more important in many respects than the house itself.

There is no need to point out the obvious fact that the competition for labor in the United States is stiffening daily. The appeals for conscription of labor, the efforts of manufacturers to prevent competitive bidding for labor, the general but usually mistaken complaint of labor shortage—all bear witness to this fact. Far more practicable than all the solutions thus far offered is proper housing.

More Shelter Not Enough.  
But proper housing does not mean more shelter. Man is a sentimental animal. His holiest sentiment centers about the home. Home ties mean contentment; if they do not, they are not ties for long. They mean a vital attachment to locality, they mean a vital interest in the community; they mean, most of all, a sense of security which implies the psychologists tell us—permanence, comfort and enthusiasm in one's surroundings.

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ings. This was the mourning of the English cottage and garden.

The problem of housing them, is, first of all, one for the employer.

The problem is also one for the community and particularly for those members of the community who profit most by its healthy, sound and consistent growth. Chief among these members is the banker. But merchants should also be interested, as well as the owners of traction companies, and all those who are possessed of a disinterested civic pride.

So in the cities where the individual employer cannot meet the problem, it is properly one for a stock company composed of employers, bankers, merchants, and those advocates of civic betterment who prefer a garden suburb to long rows of poorly planned, ill-built, altogether mentally and financially depressing flats and shacks—miscellaneous cottages.

Country Faces New Conditions.  
There is, however, a larger and more important phase of the problem that any thus far considered here. The new world contract which has been thrust upon us within the last few years brings an obligation to create a new, more beautiful, more efficient, more glorious America.

The foundation of that America must be labor; not only labor, but only such labor can be depended upon in the period of all-inclusive readjustments and reconstruction which may be thrust upon us at any time by the end of the world war. Proper housing, housing that, no matter who the laborer or what his habits, creates the permanent home sense, will be an important determining factor in the situation.

As the future of America depends upon such labor, it is naturally a proper object of government encouragement.

We have built our nation by aid to homesteading farmers; one of our chief privileges and obligations today is to apply ourselves to the problem of adequately housing, not housing, labor, to the future greatness and glory of America.

"Eagles" in Currency.  
American gold eagles, eagles, half-eagles and quarter-eagles, of the value of \$10, \$5 and \$2.50, respectively, were first placed in circulation 125 years ago, December 6, 1792. Since that date the United States mints have turned out in the neighborhood of 150,000,000 double eagles, or \$20 gold pieces; over 50,000,000 eagles about 100,000,000 half-eagles and some 20,000,000 quarter-eagles and some three-dollar gold pieces were formerly coined, but they were discontinued in 1890. The first eagle called an eagle was used in Ireland in the thirteenth century, and was so called from the figure of an eagle impressed upon it, but it was made of base metal. The standard of the eagle was borne by the ancient Persians, and the Romans also coined gold and silver eagles as ensigns, and sometimes represented them with thunderbolts in their talons. Charlemagne adopted the double eagle as the standard of the holy Roman empire. The eagle was the standard of Napoleon I and Napoleon III, and is today the standard of Austria and Prussia, while, before the revolution, Russia also claimed it.

Sail-Driven Vehicles.  
Sail-driven vehicles have been in use in China for many centuries, but their use upon the fine roads of France is rather a novelty. Some of the French aviators, in their eagerness to devise a moderately exciting method of spending their leisure time, while for them leave behind the lines, built on rosters by sail-driven vehicle out of parts of German airplanes that had been brought down by them.

They utilized part of the framework for the body of the vehicle, put it upon pneumatic wheels taken from German machines, and to the slender mast upon the front truck they attached a sail patched together from canvas stripped from the wings of a downed German airplane. Other French aviators followed their example and soon vehicles became a recognized short among the daring flyers enjoying a brief respite from their arduous work at the front.

"Shrew Mole."  
A common mole often met with in the United States is called the "shrew mole" and is a member of the shrew family. Its snout is slender and elongated and the toes of the hind feet are webbed. The true common mole belongs to a different genus, and, although its muzzle is long and pointed and its eyes are inconspicuous, its hind feet are long and narrow. The normal food of the mole is the earthworm, though it will eat any kind of flesh that it comes upon. Contrary to popular belief, the mole will not eat vegetable matter, such as grass roots, or the roots of rose bushes or other shrubbery.

The Bronze Age.  
The bronze age prevailed in many parts of the world and among many races and nations, but it was by no means synchronous everywhere. Among other places where bronze was used before iron were Bolivia and Peru, in the days of the Incas. It has long been a disputed question whether these people dwelling along the Andes invented bronze or merely obtained it by accident from copper ores that happened, as occasionally occurs, to be mingled with a little tin.

The serious shortage of fodder in Germany has made it necessary to resort to leaf hay as a substitute.

and is still regarded as one of the most wonderful ecclesiastical edifices ever erected. The people who produced such results were the descendants of the early Greek settlers, and were not immigrants gathered from all parts of the world hurried to a place to build a city through which a Roman's name might be handed down to posterity.

Scarcity of cyanide is restricting the production of silver, particularly in Mexico.

Pin Causes Damage Sult.  
St. Louis, Mo.—Mrs. Anna Smith has filed suit against Oscar Lamy, a stock broker of this city, for \$7,500 for injuries resulting from blood poisoning suffered from a rusty needle that penetrated the thumb of her right hand while washing a tablecloth for the defendant. Her hand has been permanently disabled.

Women Bandits Secured \$1,000.  
Cleveland.—Four robbers, three women and a man, robbed the East End theater in Cleveland, O., after striking down Peter Slocum, the manager. They secured \$1,000.

Lifted 300-Pound Hog: Fell Dead.  
Springfield, Ill.—Lifting a 300-pound hog to demonstrate his herculean strength, Leon Lanskiliewicz, complained of feeling ill. A few minutes later he dropped dead of a ruptured aorta.

Death From Hot Coffee.  
Marquette, Wis.—Death from drinking scalding hot coffee was the fate of Joseph, two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lein, living near Peshtigo. The child while alone in the house climbed on a chair, took the coffee pot off the stove and swallowed a portion of the boiling contents. The boy died in great agony.

Of course we may be wrong about it, but personally we never could have such fun with a goldfish.—Galveston News.

## GETS HEART BALM WEDS OLD SUITOR

Irish Beauty Who Received \$100,000 Is Now Happily Married.

RICH OLD MAN PAID

Give Secretary Tidy Fortune After Breaking Engagement—She Returns to Ireland and Marries Old Playmate.

New York.—Miss Honora May O'Brien, the "million of Skibbereen" who collected \$100,000 heart balm from John T. Manning, an aged and wealthy stockholder of New York city, has been secretly married in Ireland to one of her childhood playmates, according to a letter forwarded by the young Irish beauty to one of her friends in this country. The letter groom is John Daly, a farmer of Skibbereen, who wanted to marry her three years ago when she came to America.

Jilted Girl Received \$100,000.  
When Miss O'Brien arrived in this country she went to work in Manning's Wall street office. Manning, who was eighty-three years old, surprised his friends by announcing, early in the year, that he was about to marry Miss O'Brien, which the prevailing news to have taken place. Manning telephoned to Cardinal Farley that there would be no wedding; that the six children of his first wife had strongly opposed the match, and that he was too old to marry a woman of twenty-eight. It had been said that he had arranged to settle \$500,000 upon his bride.

When the wedding was called off Miss O'Brien began an action for \$1,000,000 against Manning. A jury gave a verdict of \$225,000, which the prevailing news reduced to \$125,000. Manning's lawyers threatened to appeal and Miss O'Brien accepted \$100,000, returning to Ireland almost at once. At the trial Miss O'Brien testified to the ardent wooing of her aged suitor.

Stuck by His Key.  
He stuck by his key, watching his home burning, and not knowing whether or not his family had been saved.

With the arrival of relief the telegrapher dashed from the telephone office and to his home. The blaze was under control, but not until it had practically ruined the home. However, the wife and her newborn baby were safe, railroad men having placed them on a car and carried them from the burning home to a place of safety.

TROUSER MYSTERY SOLVED  
Load Removed From Minds of a Conspicuous Board in Indiana.

Princeton, Ind.—A mystery has been solved and a load removed from the minds of the members of the Gibson county board of directors. Several weeks ago, after 100 young men had taken the physical examination for army service, the board found a pair of trousers remaining in the dressing room. Nobody claimed them, and, though they watched closely, the board members saw no trouserless young man going about the streets.

One day a young man from the vicinity of Lyles station came in and claimed the trousers.

He said he had on three pairs when he came in to be examined and in the haste and bustle of getting his numerous clothes off and on again he had overlooked one pair.

COCK FIGHT AUDIENCE HELD UP BY BANDITS  
Greenwich, Conn.—While sporting men from points in Connecticut, N. Y., and New York were enjoying a series of cock fights in a barn near here six bandits, heavily armed and masked, held up the entire party, obtaining several thousand dollars. The automobiles used by the sporting men had been disabled, preventing pursuit. The bandits emptied their revolvers and then escaped. Eleven sporting men have been arrested for violating the law which prohibits cock fights.

MAN REFUSES TO QUIT JAIL  
Astoria, Ore.—Court by Tearfully Requesting Judge to Extend His Sentence.

St. Louis, Mo.—Alexander Bastien, seventy-seven years old, a gardener of East St. Louis, Ill., refused to be released from the county jail at Belleville recently. He had served a six months' sentence for vagrancy. Tearfully he asked Justice Wangelin to lengthen his sentence.

"First time I ever heard of anybody wanting to remain in that jail," justice Wangelin said. "Fifty-three days."

Bastien was a privileged prisoner and made daily trips from the jail to the county workhouse, eight blocks away.

Needed Special Coffin.  
Putnam, Conn.—A special coffin 32 inches in length, 24 inches deep and 6 feet in length had to be built before Urie Paparie, forty, the largest man in this city, could be buried. Last summer, when taken ill, he weighed 415 pounds, and since his illness he added 50 pounds.

Used Ball Bat on Fish.  
Chicago.—Ty Cobb methods of catching fish catch John Toman and pal \$10 and costs each. They were charged with having caught pickerel in Wolf lake by hitting them on the head with a baseball bat.

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## STUCK TO HIS POST OF DUTY

Railroad Telegrapher Stayed "on Job" While His Home Was Burning.

Lock Haven, Pa.—B. R. Staver, railroad telegrapher, on duty near Lock Haven, Pa., stood at his post of duty and watched his home burn, unable to leave his telegraph key. He knew that his wife and their three-day-old baby were in danger and helpless, but the thought of a possible railroad wreck, with its consequent loss of life, kept him at his post.

When Staver saw the smoke rising from the roof of his house he turned in an alarm and then summoned another telegraph operator to relieve him. Until the relief arrived Staver



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have \$2,000 which will be loaned  
at a low rate of interest. Of-  
fice over First Nat. Bank, East  
Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

J. J. JEFFREY  
LAWYER  
Loans and Collections. Commer-  
cial and Probate Law. Of-  
fice across from Church's Drug  
Store

Goggins, Brazeau & Goggins  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW  
Office in the MacKinnon Block  
on the West Side  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin  
Telephone No. 104

GEO. L. WILLIAMS  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Office in Wood Block  
over postoffice  
Telephone No. 91  
Grand Rapids - Wisconsin

W. T. LYLE  
Licensed Embalmer and  
Funeral Director  
Store on West Side  
Lady Attendant if Desired  
Night Phone 886; Day Phone 835

DR. J. K. GOODRICH  
OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN  
Entrance west of Bank of Grand  
Rapids. Office hours: 9 to 12,  
2 to 5, 7 to 8

O. R. MOORE  
PHOTOGRAPHER  
Over Gill's Paint Store  
Twenty-six years behind the  
camera, but not a day behind  
the times.

HELEN M. GILKEY  
TEACHER OF PIANO  
Phone 00  
Residence 210, South 4th Street

GEO. W. BAKER & SON  
UNDERTAKERS AND  
LICENSED EMBALMERS  
North Second Street East Side  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin  
Business Phone 401  
Night Calls, 402  
Personal Attention Given  
All Work

J. R. RAGAN  
LICENSED EMBALMER  
AND UNDERTAKER  
Home Phone No. 69  
Store 312  
SPAFFORD BUILDING  
East Side  
John Emerson, residence phone  
No. 435

NOTICE!  
If you are going to hold an  
auction sale, you are entitled  
to that talent for which you pay  
your money.

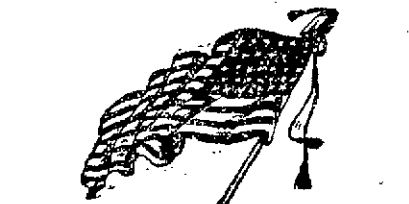
COL. G. D. HAMEL, central  
Wisconsin's leading live stock  
auctioneer, will handle your  
sale for you. Backed by 14  
years of successful block work  
is your guarantee of the able  
ability for doing the selling.

COL. G. D. HAMEL  
Real Estate and Auctioneer  
Phone 1015 and 388  
GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE  
Thursday, May 30, 1918  
—Published by—  
W. A. DRUMB & A. B. SUTOR  
Entered at the postoffice at Grand Rapids,  
Wisconsin, as second class mail matter,  
October 1, 1914.  
Subscription prices  
Per Year ..... \$1.20  
Six Months ..... .75  
Three Months ..... .40  
Payable in Advance  
Published every Thursday at Grand  
Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin  
Telephone Number 224

ADVERTISING RATES  
Resolutions, each ..... 75c  
Card of Thanks, each ..... 25c  
Transient Readers, per line ..... 10c  
Obituary Poetry, per line ..... 5c  
Paid Entertainments, per line ..... 5c  
Display Ad Rates, per inch ..... 15c

"This newspaper is a member of the  
Wisconsin Patriotic Press Association  
and pledges its uncompromising loy-  
alty to our government in this war."



"Our country! In her intercourse  
with foreign nations, she will always  
be in the right; but our country  
right or wrong."—Stephen Decatur.

### THE PEACE TO APPLY THE KICK

Before there is any ruthless shut-  
ting down of industries as non-essen-  
tial, before steady workers are thrown  
out of regular jobs on the plea of em-  
ergency, round up the loafers. Put  
the country's waste man power to  
work on farms or in any other place  
where it can be made to contribute to  
war needs, leaving better men to  
work on undisturbed in the shops and  
at the trades upon which the perma-  
nent prosperity of the nation depends.

Those who pretend there are few  
loafers in the United States at present  
are not supported by the facts. In its  
issue of a week ago today, the St. Law-  
rence Plain Dealer, published at Can-  
ton, New York, presented a view of  
local conditions common enough up-  
state and which are duplicated in  
thousands of communities in other  
parts of the country.

The Plain Dealer, noting a propos-  
al to turn machine shop labor loose  
on the farms in Jefferson county,  
asks why the numerous idlers of that  
section and offers to "go right out in  
Canton and put a hand on a certain  
class of fellows."

"When Canton was wet they could  
be seen sitting out in the sun and  
loafing behind the stails. On warm  
spring days they were fishing equip-  
ment with bottled bait and a pack of  
cards. When the town went dry they  
saw their chances to make easy money  
and became bootleggers until they  
got caught at it. Some of them are  
even now playing the trade. Every-  
body has got them. And then there  
are those who are born lazy and have  
grown up to the ages of 16 to 60 in  
that frame of mind. Every town has  
got them."

"If this government wants to get  
behind farm production with a kick,  
the best place to apply the kick is on  
the tattered pants of a great big ar-  
my of these fellows. There are en-  
ough of them to plant every acre that  
is needed. The city of New York  
could supply enough of this class to  
plant the whole state."

The city of New York can furnish  
most any variety of loafer. Con-  
spicuous just now are a kind that  
don't sit much in the sun. Electric  
light and a cigarette haze and the smell  
of wine and spirits are more in their  
line. They sleep late in the day, get  
up in time to dance before dinner and  
then loaf thru the night. And such  
loafing as they do is of the sort that  
hands many of them in the Sunday  
morning net of the district attorney has  
stretched for the protection of their  
vicinity.

The number of men in these round-  
ups of "all-nighters" add up to sub-  
stantial figures. Their pants are not  
usually tattered. But does anybody  
for an instant doubt that if they were  
kicked into useful farm labor along  
with the seedier bums both they and  
the community would be the better  
for it?

Backed by the new anti-loafing law  
of this state, and with Philadelphia  
as a warning, District Attorney Swan  
declares he and the police mean to  
make the city safe for Uncle Sam's  
soldiers and sailors and at the same  
time gather in a goodly number of  
shirkers who ought to be at work.

Any one of these night idlers who  
is strong enough to tango is strong  
enough to handle a hoe. He should  
be applied to a handle without delay.

A fine way to preserve the coun-  
try's prosperity, to shut down pro-  
ductive industries and take men from  
useful jobs, while able-bodied loaf-  
ers are still permitted to idle away  
day and night—burdens and often  
predatory menaces in a nation that  
needs every ounce of its energy and  
endurance.—New York World.

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needs every ounce of its energy and  
endurance.—New York World.

Human Virel left with the sol-  
dier boys for Camp Grant at Rock-  
ford, Ill. George Virel who was  
also drafted secured a temporary  
exemption.

There was a farewell party for the  
boys at the A. Virel's Sunday evening.  
School closed Wednesday for the  
summer vacation with a picnic at the  
schoolhouse.

Left was up in the town of  
Richfield Thursday adjusting the fire  
loss of Aug. Pankow who lost his  
house with all contents.  
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Huser, Mrs. A.  
Huser and Mrs. Jos. Schiller visited  
at the H. J. Bassauer home in Sigel.  
Dr. A. L. Ridgman and family visit-  
ed at the C. J. Smith home Sunday.  
That part of Joint District No. 4 in  
Seneca raised \$58 for the Red Cross  
fund. District No. 5 went raised \$35  
and district No. 5 south hadn't been  
heard from at the time of this writ-  
ing.

Legal blanks for sale at the Tribune

## EVERY ITEM NEWS FOR SOMEBODY

Community Events of the Past Week from Various Parts of the County

**SIGEL**  
A large crowd from here attended  
the Red Cross dance at the Sigel Pol-  
ish hall Wednesday night. All pres-  
ent report a very enjoyable time.  
Miss Agnes Knudson closed a very  
successful term of school on Friday  
with a picnic.  
Ed and Jesse Veskie entertained a  
number of boys Sunday afternoon.  
They report a very pleasant after-  
noon and evening.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ladick and  
family were Sunday afternoon visit-  
ors at the Henry Cole home.  
Mr. Joe Rokus was a Grand Rapids  
shopper on Wednesday.  
Mrs. Frank Knoll of Kellner was an  
over Sunday guest at the Rosie  
home.  
Mike Adam and son Henry and Mr.  
and Mrs. Frank Rokus and daughter  
autocaded to Green Bay last Thursday  
to attend a dance. They returned  
about noon on Tuesday.  
They returned home by high hills in pla-  
ces, and at New London the roads  
were flooded. The farmers were row-  
ing boats in their yards.  
A farewell party was given at Ves-  
per Thursday evening in honor of  
four of our boys who left on Tuesday.  
They had an interesting program,  
followed by a dance. The time was  
well spent. Before leaving for home  
they wished the boys a successful  
journey and a speedy return.  
Mr. and Mrs. James Knudson and  
Vesper visited with Mr. and Mrs.  
R. Benson.

Mr. and Mrs. Stoll Jagodzinski au-  
tocaded to Sigel Sunday evening and  
spent several hours at the J. Pat-  
rick home.  
Ed Steiner and friend from Maun-  
ster spent a few days visiting at the  
Wipili home.  
Miss Agnes Knudson and Ray Gaul-  
in autocaded to the city on Friday eve-  
ning.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Ellsworth of  
Vesper spent Sunday with the Cole-  
man family.  
Miss Caroline Patrick spent Sun-  
day afternoon with Miss Pauline Ad-  
am. A very enjoyable time was had  
by the girls.

Mr. Patrick is on the sick list this  
week. He fell from the hay mow,  
bruising his shoulder and wrist  
quite badly.  
Mike Adams and wife are spend-  
ing the week at Green Bay.  
Miss Frank Whitman arrived here  
last week from Hibbing, Minnesota,  
and will visit with relatives for a  
time.

John Newman and Seth Whitman  
spent Friday at Marshfield.  
Clement Nystrom, who is employed  
at Rudolph, spent Sunday with home  
folks.

Elmer Pelot has purchased a Ford  
car.  
Miss Edith Worlund came home on  
Friday from Grand Rapids, where  
she had been attending high school  
during the past year.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Marks of Grand  
Rapids, returned last week at the  
Kedzie home.  
Ed Beck is home from Wausau,  
where he has been the guest of rela-  
tives for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis L. Mae arrived  
here on Friday from Gary, Ind., and  
will visit relatives for some time.

Peter Brostowitz Jr., has purchas-  
ed a new car.  
Mr. and Mrs. Louis L. Mae arrived  
here on Friday from Gary, Ind., and  
will visit relatives for some time.

**SHERRY**  
The youngest son of Mr. and Mrs.  
Henry Whitney, some ten days ago  
met with quite a serious accident in  
source unexplained way and last  
Thursday was considered best to  
take him to the hospital at Grand  
Rapids and we hope he will soon be  
restored to his usual health.  
Miss Whitney and Miss Jean are  
all in attendance and the friends are  
all full of sympathy to them in this  
affliction.

Mrs. Spice and two children spent  
the week with Mrs. George Powell,  
north of here.  
C. E. Anderson of Milwaukee ar-  
rived in Sherry on Tuesday morning  
on a business trip.  
Richard O. Evans went to Wausau  
on Tuesday making the trip in the  
automobile.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Smith entertain-  
ed at their home as guests on  
Monday night at supper, the Misses  
Grace Ellis, Florence Durkee, Ruth  
Hall and Grace Wendt. Anyone  
who has been at the Smith home  
know what a good time they would  
have.

Mrs. Herman Jantz has gone to  
Pittsville for a visit.  
L. D. Drolen was taken to the  
Grand Rapids hospital on Thursday  
last for an operation for appendicitis.  
Reports are favorable as to his  
recovery.

E. C. Pors of Marshfield came last  
Friday night to address the post-  
poned Red Cross meeting which had  
failed to materialize on Tuesday  
night previous because of the hard  
electric storm. A large audience as-  
sembled. A song was given by some  
young ladies and the speaker began  
—but so did a thunder and light-  
ning and the people were obliged to  
look after their autos and horses.  
We are sorry not to have heard the  
entire address for we know it was  
well worth hearing.

Mrs. Sarah Whittey is on the sick  
list.  
Little P. J. West is just recover-  
ing from an attack of tonsillitis.  
Mrs. Mary Cozand is ill from an  
attack of tonsillitis.

The friends of Mrs. M. L. Win-  
nington were gathered on Tuesday  
evening to celebrate her birthday at her home.  
Mrs. Hugh Williams and Mrs. Arthur  
Smith are her daughters and Mrs.  
John Lounsbury is her sister.  
Miss Clara Farrell was in town last  
Thursday evening.

The grade schools closed on Fri-  
day last and the usual picnic brought  
joy to the children. The program was  
given by the school and was long, but  
interesting. The children all took  
part and as usual everyone is in-  
terested to hear what they do and say.  
The graduates from the 8th grade,  
Margaret Drollinger and Leonard Le  
Roux and gave their parts in a  
very interesting way.

Time certificates of de-  
posit, 2,134.55  
Savings deposits, 2,827.69  
Total, \$39,034.87  
State of Wisconsin, county of  
Wood, ss.  
I, Fred F. Haertel, cashier of the  
above named bank, do solemnly swear  
that the foregoing is true to the best  
of my knowledge and belief.

FRED F. HAERTEL, Cashier.  
Correct. Attest: A. J. Kuylen, J. C. Bueck,  
Directors.  
Subscribed and sworn to before  
me this 17th day of May, 1918.  
E. C. WITTING, Notary Public.

Misses Royce and O'Connell left on  
Friday night for their homes. They  
will not teach in Sherry next year.

**TEN MILE CREEK**  
Every one takes notice of the big  
Red Cross sale at the Saratoga to-  
morrow. The affair will com-  
mence at 1 o'clock sharp.  
A big home talent play with songs  
and music; also a short talk on the  
Red Cross by Earl M. Grand of the  
First National Bank of Pease River  
will take place before the auction.  
Henry Reiman of Saratoga will be  
the auctioneer.

A program will be given the even-  
ing of the same day at 7:30 o'clock.  
Admission for adults, 10c, children  
free. Ice cream will be sold during  
the whole performance. Here is your  
chance to help the boys, so be sure  
to come and bring your donation pos-  
sible. Everything will be sold for the  
benefit of the Red Cross.

Do not miss it anyway, as there  
may be things you want to buy.  
Mrs. Oosterlechner and children re-  
turned to their home here Saturday  
to spend the week.

The singing circle here met with  
Mr. and Mrs. Engdahl last week, and  
everyone is interested in the Red  
Cross work they have taken up.

Mrs. R. Jensen arrived home on  
Friday last week. Her daughter  
Miss Agnes accompanied her home for  
a week's visit.

Some of the young folks here vis-  
ited at the Lipsitz home Sunday.  
Walter Matthews and sisters vis-  
ited at the Krohn home Sunday af-  
ternoon.

A few from here attended the  
dance at New Rome Saturday eve-  
ning. They report a good time.  
The singing circle will be given on  
the 6th of June gathered at the Town  
hall Sunday morning and enjoyed a  
pleasure dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Lay visited with Mrs. R.  
Rankin last Sunday.  
W. J. Matthews was with home  
folks over Sunday.

**PLOVER ROAD**  
George and Alfred Benson, John  
and Esther Veight and John Walker  
Jr., went to Wisconsin Point Satur-  
day. The boys leave. Among  
them was Arthur Veight from here.  
Miss Pearl Akey closed a success-  
ful term of school Friday with a  
picnic which was enjoyed by all and  
in the evening the young folks en-  
joyed themselves by dancing.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Neimier and  
babe and Mrs. Knight spent Satur-  
day at the M. Sommers home in Grand  
Rapids.  
Miss Lula Moll, who teaches at  
Lena, Wis., spent the week end at  
home.

Joseph Forgen, who has been em-  
ployed in Chicago for sometime,  
came home to help his father on the  
farm.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. Belcamper and  
family spent Sunday afternoon at the  
Peter Ferguson home.

Mrs. John Walter spent a few days  
last week at the home of her bro-  
ther, Rudolph Miller, near Plover.  
Leonard Moll left Saturday eve-  
ning for Minnesota and from there  
will go with the gruffed hogs to a  
training camp in Washington.

**Along the Seneca Road**  
The Junior Red Cross meeting at  
D. M. Smith's was not held last  
week. The meeting this week is with  
Miss Bower at the F. W. Jones  
home.

The S. C. C. will hold their next  
regular meeting with Mrs. P. Condo  
Thursday, June 6th.  
Miss Daisy Brower was the guest  
of Edna Ostermeyer one day this  
week.

Those who attended the high  
school graduating exercises Friday  
evening saw plenty of rain before  
they reached home. The Jackson school  
will close this week Friday. The pupils celebrat-  
ed with a picnic on the banks of the  
Moccasin.

**ON EVERY FARM—100 HENS.**  
There should be 100 hens on every  
farm in the United States, declares  
a recent publication from the office  
of the secretary of agriculture, Cir-  
cular 167. And we should obtain 10  
times as many. The number of eggs  
would amount to 6,000,000 eggs per  
year, according to the calculations of  
the writers, who say that the number  
constitute a military resource not to  
be ignored.

One hundred hens on every farm  
is not a particularly big contract.  
There is hardly a farm in the United  
States but could support that number  
of hens practically on its waste mate-  
rials and without materially added  
cost. One hundred hens to a farm is  
considerably less than the average  
number of hens to a farm in many of  
the better poultry producing sections  
of the country. It is an average that  
could easily be attained in the sec-  
tions of the country where the average  
per farm is now lower.

One hundred eggs from every hen,  
while far below what is desired, is  
tained with proper encouragement of  
fowls, is considerably more than the  
average egg production the country  
over. Suggestions for attaining this  
average are given in the publication  
mentioned.

**OFFICIAL PUBLICATION**  
REPORT OF THE CONDITION  
OF THE FARMERS & MERCHANTS BANK lo-  
cated at Rudolph, State of Wis-  
consin, at the close of business on the  
10th day of May, 1918, pursuant to  
call by the Commissioner of Banking.

**RESOURCES**  
Loans and discounts, \$27,329.85  
Overdrafts, 15.43  
U. S. currency, 2,000.00  
debtors, 2,000.00  
Town and school orders, 110.20  
Banking house, 3,110.67  
Furniture and fixtures, 2,347.91  
Due from and to re-  
serve banks, 1,581.91  
Cash on hand, 1,742.20  
Expense, 287.70  
Total, \$39,034.87

**LIABILITIES**  
Capital stock paid in, \$15,000.00  
Surplus fund, 1,500.00  
Individual deposits sub-  
ject to call, 17,572.63  
Time certificates of de-  
posit, 2,134.55  
Savings deposits, 2,827.69  
Total, \$39,034.87  
State of Wisconsin, county of  
Wood, ss.  
I, Fred F. Haertel, cashier of the  
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that the foregoing is true to the best  
of my knowledge and belief.

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Correct. Attest: A. J. Kuylen, J. C. Bueck,  
Directors.  
Subscribed and sworn to before  
me this 17th day of May, 1918.  
E. C. WITTING, Notary Public.

**PLEASANT HILL**  
Fred Fenske had his barn painted  
by Elmer and Warden of Vesper  
last week.  
Fred Johnson returned last week  
to see the old home once more before  
going into training camp. He spent  
the whole of Sunday evening and  
Sunday afternoon. He reports his  
brother Harry with a broken arm,  
but getting along nicely now. He  
spoke at Arpin Sunday evening and  
expects to leave for Rockford, Ill.,  
Tuesday.

Quite a number of relatives and  
neighbors gathered at Arpin Satur-  
day morning, June 1st, to attend  
the State's Prison at Waupun and  
that on June second, next, he will  
have served one year of the said sen-  
tence. JNO. CONANT, Attorney.  
Postoffice address Westfield, Wis.

**NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR FINAL  
SETTLEMENT**  
Wood County Court, In Probate.  
In the Matter of the Estate of Johanna  
Kedzie, deceased.  
On reading and filing the application of  
Fred Fenske, executor of the last will  
and testament of Johanna Kedzie, de-  
ceased, representing and asking that  
the said estate be settled and the said  
estate of the said Johanna Kedzie, de-  
ceased, be distributed, and that the  
said Fred Fenske be appointed executor  
of the said estate, as are by law en-  
titled to the same.

It is Ordered, That said application be  
heard before this court, at a term thereof  
to be held on the 4th day of June, 1918,  
at 10 o'clock a. m. in the court house  
in Grand Rapids, in said county and state,  
and that all persons interested in the  
said estate be and are given notice of  
this order, for three successive weeks,  
in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper  
published in said county and state,  
before the day fixed for said hearing.  
Dated this 14th day of May, 1918.  
By the Court, W. J. CONWAY,  
County Judge.  
Goggins, Brazeau & Goggins, Attorneys.

**NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR FINAL  
SETTLEMENT**  
Wood County Court, In Probate.  
In the Matter of the Estate of Matt Peter-  
son, deceased.  
On reading and filing the application of  
Marie Peterson, administratrix with the  
will annexed of the last will and tes-  
tament of Matt Peterson, deceased, ask-  
ing that the said estate be settled and  
the said estate of the said Matt Peter-  
son, deceased, be distributed, and that  
the said Marie Peterson be appointed  
administratrix of the said estate, as are  
by law entitled to the same, and for the  
determination and adjudication of the  
said estate, as are by law entitled to  
the same, and for the determination and  
adjudication of the said estate, as are  
by law entitled to the same.

It is Ordered, That said application be  
heard before this court, at a special term  
to be held on the 4th day of June, 1918,  
at 10 o'clock a. m. in the court house  
in Grand Rapids, in said county and state,  
and that all persons interested in the  
said estate be and are given notice of  
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In the Matter of the Estate of Matt Peter-  
son, deceased.  
On reading and filing the application of  
Marie Peterson, administratrix with the  
will annexed of the last will and tes-  
tament of Matt Peterson, deceased, ask-  
ing that the said estate be settled and  
the said estate of the said Matt Peter-  
son, deceased, be distributed, and that  
the said Marie Peterson be appointed  
administratrix of the said estate, as are  
by law entitled to the same, and for the  
determination and adjudication of the  
said estate, as are by law entitled to  
the same, and for the determination and  
adjudication of the said estate, as are  
by law entitled to the same.

It is Ordered, That said application be  
heard before this court, at a special term  
to be held on the 4th day of June, 1918,  
at 10 o'clock a. m. in the court house  
in Grand Rapids, in said county and state,  
and that all persons interested in the  
said estate be and are given notice of  
this order, for three successive weeks,  
in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper  
published in said county and state,  
before the day fixed for said hearing.  
Dated this 14th day of May, 1918.  
By the Court, W. J. CONWAY,  
County Judge.  
J. J. Jeffrey, Attorney.

**NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR FINAL  
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LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. Basil Barton of Clintonville are visiting at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Barton, at Elgin.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gladish of St. Paul arrived in the city on Monday evening for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Kluge.

Rev. August Miller of La Crosse arrived in the city on Friday evening for a visit of several weeks at the home of his daughter, Mrs. G. M. Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Sealy have moved over the north side of Walker, where they expect to spend the summer looking after their berry business.

John Arthur Gorman, who recently graduated from the military school at Fort Riley, Okla., is spending a few days at home with his parents at Nebraska and friends in this city.

Mr. Harry Blackburn was in New London on Wednesday where he attended the funeral of the youngest child, a girl who will visit with Mr. Blackburn's parents for some time.

Mrs. H. B. Ducker departed on Thursday for Jacksonville, Florida, to spend the summer with her husband, Lieut. Ducker, who is in an infantry in a training camp.

CHAUTAUQUA JUNE TENTH

The Chautauqua which is billed for this city will occur from June 10 to 14. It is stated that the program will contain some unusually attractive features this year, and as the surplus will be given to the Red Cross it is probable that the attendance will be larger than it has been in former years.

PREVENT LOSS FROM CUTWORMS

Not much a bigger average as a bigger yield is the hope for greater food production for 1918. Insects of the pest and plant diseases is one of the ways to get the better yield without increasing the expense of the amount of labor needed. The replanting that is necessary when a crop is attacked by cutworms, grub, and insects is more costly in time, labor and money than the prevention of the pest could be.

Cutworms are somewhat difficult to fight, according to L. C. Genter of the entomology department of the University of Wisconsin, because they feed at night and hide in the soil during the day. They can be traced by their work. They cut off the young plants near the surface of the soil, making replanting necessary, and eat the leaves of the older plants, causing the plants to become stunted and finally die.

Poison bean mash is the most effective means of fighting the cutworm now. The mash should be scattered over the ground before the crop appears. If broadcasted over the field in the later afternoon or early evening at the rate of 3 to 5 pounds an acre, the cutworms will feed on it at night and die. If the poison mash is applied at night, it is more effective. The poison bean mash is made by mixing 1 pound of white arsenic or 2 pounds of lead arsenate with 25 pounds of dry bean or middling. Then dissolve 1 quart of low grade lard in a quantity of water. Mix this with the bean and add more water to make a creamy mash. Care should be taken to keep poultry from the mash.

WHEAT NOT NECESSARY IN FEEDING CHILDREN

"Wheat has no superiority over other cereals excepting for yeast bread." This is the answer of the findings of the home economies of the University of Wisconsin to the persons who would excuse their use of wheat flour on the plea of its being necessary in feeding children.

"There is no reason why other cereals cannot be used in place of wheat for children," says Miss Amy L. Daniels, who is known throughout the state as a leader in child welfare. "Corn flour made into porridge for young children is just as good as wheat. Strained rolled oats is equally good. There is probably not more than one person in a thousand who cannot use the substitutes because of danger of health."

A CHIVALROUS JUDGE

"One of our judges, famed for his chivalry and unimpeachable loyalty to the traditions of the attorney, was trying a case in which one of the witnesses happened to be a local actress of unusual popularity," said Col. Riker of Harrodsburg, Ky. "Her evidence was such that the usual question as to how long was not likely to be omitted, so when she came to the stand his honor instructed the court clerk to suspend action for a moment; then he addressed the lady: 'Madam, how old are you?'

Judge Makes Erroneous Prediction Regarding Lawyer

"About one clean shirt is all I thought he would ever wear. He had fallen away to a mere shadow, was as yellow as saffron and often doubled up with pain. Doctors continually gave him morphine and were about to operate for gall stones. May's Wonderful Remedy quickly restored him to perfect health again." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach troubles, including indigestion, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded.

Scandinavian Moravian Church

Sunday, April 7, 1918. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Norwegian preaching service at 10:30 a. m. Christian Endeavor prayer meeting 7:30 p. m., followed by English service at 8 p. m.

Rev. T. H. Reine, Pastor.

FOR SALE—Four good farm horses, two bays, one black and one single harness. B. T. McCarthy.

PEOPLES CASH & CARRY STORE

- ORIGINATORS AND MAINTAINERS OF LOW PRICES
- |   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| Standard Tobacco, half pound.....   | 44c                  |
| Badger Tobacco, half pound.....   | 14c                  |
| Growler Tobacco, half pound.....  | 14c                  |
| Velvet Tobacco, in tins.....  | 10c                  |
| Oleomargarine, 5 pound drums.....   | \$1.25               |
| Oleomargarine, 1 pound prints.....  | 26c                  |
| Seedless Raisins, fancy, 2 pounds.....  | 25c                  |
| Prunes, Santa Clara, per pound.....   | 9c, 10c, 12c and 13c |
| Extra Fancy Peaches, per pound.....   | 16c                  |
| Dill Pickles, fancy, per dozen.....   | 9c                   |
| Extra Fancy Brick Cheese, per pound.....  | 25c                  |
| Small pieces of Fancy Salt Pork, per pound.....   | 23c                  |
| Rodgers Blue and Aluminum Tinbills.....   | 5c                   |
| Matches, 6 boxes for.....   | 25c                  |
| Dry Blossom Apples, fancy, per box.....   | 10c                  |
| Syrup, 10 lb pails.....   | 68c                  |
| Ripe Apples, per can.....   | 10c                  |
| Green Bay Soup, 6 bars for.....   | 25c                  |
| Galvanic Soap, per bar.....   | 5c                   |
| Extra Special—Fancy Picnic Hams—everyone should get one of these hams at per pound..... | 22c                  |
| Corn and Barley Feed, per hundred.....  | \$2.50               |
- This is a snap Mr. Farmer.

PEOPLES CASH & CARRY STORE

T. P. PEERENBOOM.

SAVE, WHEAT AND WHEAT PRODUCTS

Our boys and the Allied armies across the Atlantic are crying for wheat. The situation is serious, very serious.

Hoover appeals to us to give up all wheat and wheat products until next harvest. Will you help? You must, or we will lose the fight.

Give this message from Hoover the widest publicity. Every clergyman is asked to preach it from his pulpit and newspapers are asked to print it. Prater's organization, women's clubs and schools will please read it and copies should be placed in banks, post offices, and in stores.

The necessities of the United States Food Administration that the people of the country would respond enthusiastically and whole heartedly upon presentation of the facts and any necessary request for reduction in the consumption of food has been fully justified. We have demonstrated our ability not only to think together but to act together. This response of the people is the reason for the present appeal.

Your work is not yet complete. In spite of the encouraging results of our efforts, in spite of the fact that our exports of food stuffs are constantly increasing and are approaching the minimum requirements of the Allies, it is pressing. While all of the requirements of the food administration should be constantly observed, there are certain matters which I desire to stress at this time.

In the case of meat and meat products the necessities for shipment abroad are very great. Whereas the allied consumption has been reduced to an average of about one and one-quarter pounds per person per week, we are today enjoying an average of about three and one-quarter pounds per person per week. This division is inequitable; an understanding of the facts will justify our request that the consumption of all meats, including poultry, be nearly as possible, be reduced to two pounds per week per person over four years of age.

In the case of sugar, we are unhampered by the necessity of using sugar for carrying out our policy of feeding the Allies and in consequence we must use sugar with great economy. We must emphasize the importance of canning and preserving on a large scale among our people this summer and our available sugar must be conserved for this purpose.

"But the situation with regard to wheat is the most serious in the food supply of the allied world. If we are to satisfy the minimum wheat requirements of our armies and the allied countries our consumption of wheat in the United States until the next harvest must be reduced approximately to one-third of the normal. It is lamentable that we should fail in this crisis. For each of us who can personally contribute to the relief of human suffering it is a privilege and not a sacrifice. All elements of our population cannot bear this burden equally; therefore, there is a physical labor need a larger bread ration than those in sedentary occupations. Because of the constant daily employment of women and the lack of home baking facility many households in large urban centers require a food ration already prepared, such as the baker's standard victory loaf. Furthermore, we must constantly safeguard the special requirements of children and invalids."

"To meet the situation abroad and to prevent serious suffering at home, it is imperative that all these whose circumstances permit shall abstain from wheat and wheat products in any form until the next harvest. It is realized and deeply appreciated that many organizations and some communities have already agreed to follow this plan.

"It is hoped that you will communicate this to your organization and to your community, urging them to follow this plan. We will permit to join with us and take this stand."

(Signed) HERBERT HOOVER, Federal Food Administrator for Wis.

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THRIFT AND ECONOMY ESSENTIAL TO VICTORY

The Council of National Defense and its advisory commission adopted on May 6 a resolution urging an immediate and concerted effort on the part of all citizens for economy as an important step in the prosecution of the war. The work of carrying out the campaign has been entrusted to the state Councils of Defense.

It is fundamental that every man, woman and child in the country at once begin the practice of the thrift and economy. Not everyone can fight at the front, but every one can fight against Prussia by fighting against waste and extravagance at home.

In presenting the resolution of the National Council of Defense the Wisconsin State Council of Defense appeals to the citizens of Wisconsin to put into practice the principles that it contains. The resolution is as follows:

"The Council of National Defense and the advisory commission of the Council believe that the concerted effort for economy by the people of the nation will not only go far toward saving America's expense in the war, but will also reduce consumption of raw and manufactured materials essential to the conduct of the war.

"The nation's resources in manpower, money, transportation, food stuffs, raw materials, and fuel, have already been subjected to heavy strain, and it is their duty of every citizen to contribute against exceeding this strain by a single wasteful act."

"It is most creditable for everyone, man and woman, boy and girl, to be economical in dress, food and in the use of their money. Every evidence of helpful self-denial on the part of all in a time like this is most commendable.

"This war is more than a conflict between armies; it is a contest of the man, woman and child and should render real assistance, as nearly as possible, be reduced to two pounds per week per person over four years of age."

Andrew Mosher of Trout Lake spent several days in the city this week on business.

ARPIN

Misses Nellie and Marion Catlett, who have been attending high school at Manawa, are expected home Saturday to spend their vacation with their parents here.

Arthur Rattelleff, our garage man, and Archie Parfitt of Bethel were among the boys that left Grand Rapids Tuesday for camp.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Dingeldien and family moved to Grand Rapids Sunday and look dinner with the latter's father, A. J. Cowell and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Cutler and baby drove to Pittsville Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. F. Burgess.

Mrs. H. P. Roehrig entertained the ladies aid Wednesday.

Miss Bertha Rehbock who has been employed in Milwaukee is home to spend the summer.

The Red Cross workers met at the Carl Smith home last Wednesday night.

Carl Johnson of Stevens Point, formerly from here was in this vicinity last week.

Miss Lenore Johnson closed her school in district No. 2 last Friday with a picnic and returned to her home in Grand Rapids Saturday.

Lester Cutler who has been quite ill at his home east of town is able to be about again.

KELLNER

The H. J. Baldrige family are entertaining their nephew and niece from Cranford.

Angus Cook left for Milwaukee last week for a visit.

Miss Mahel Morgan of Amherst is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. August Buss were called to Nekeosa by the death of their niece.

John Hastings who enlisted, left for the training camp Monday.

The reception at the town hall which was held in honor of the boys that leave for training was well attended. The Loyalty Legion fed about four hundred. Mr. Brazner delivered an excellent speech.

L. H. Hastings left last week to be carpenter work for the government.

Mr. and Mrs. Bob Hannaman and family of the town of Grand Rapids were frightened very badly last Thursday evening when returning from the town hall. They were about one-half mile from Kellner when a car came along and turned the buggy around, tipping the family out. Mr. Hannaman was hurt quite badly. The rest received just a few scratches.

SARATOGA

Thursday, May 23rd Mr. Munroe of Kellner put across one of the most daring and successful patriotic demonstrations America will witness. In the whole present war with a constituency of almost wholly foreign born farmers, covering a really vast territory in the towns of Grant and Saratoga. In the midst of a much belated spring planting, he had a representative gathering at his farm, well to the five boys from Saratoga and Grant who left for training that would have done credit to a community of retired farmers and city pleasure seekers. Farmers drove over there seven miles after working the teams all day in the field and of the most fitting address by T. W. Brazner, the committee who had charge of the affair fed over four hundred. Mr. Ellis of the county defense was chairman of the day and Walter Peterson and Miss Kowalski furnished music for the guard of honor that accompanied the boys to the hall. Carl Voligt, Geo. Hannaman, Reinhold Helke, Ed. Schorer, guests. The guard of honor was headed by a large American flag carried by a 15 year old boy sent in uniform, whose only wish is to grow fast enough to "Get into it, over there." The supper was served not a word of starvation or ration handling, and one of our table neighbors remarked "It is impossible for one to comply with Mr. Hoover's request" and left half of his food on his plate. "We have seen sympathy for those who are afraid to do their bit 'over there' or who beyond the call to arms, stay home and are still actually biting the hand that's feeding them. There are some who are still heavy enough to stand for the Kaiser and some who stayed very little patriotism on last Thursday night. A man should have very excellent reasons, not a poor excuse when he stays away from such a gathering after 'overcome from Saratoga' were so strongly urged to be present. A man within a mile of the hall, who absent himself on such occasions, while others drive seven or nine miles to be present, exists at least a shadow on his patriotism, and a good many shades were cast Thursday night. John Hastings, 19 is a volunteer.

Mr. and Mrs. Nensay are entertaining company from Grand Rapids. Miss Sadie Woden of Bancroft, Virginia, visited friends in this vicinity last week.

The Nick Rosenthal family are moving on to the old Ed. Johnson place.

Mr. and Mrs. Duss are entertaining company from Grand Rapids. Mr. Duss was a visitor in Grand Rapids on Tuesday.

Herbert Gaulke of the Rapids is visiting at the W. H. Witt home.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Munroe and family autoed to Nekeosa Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Riekman were visitors at the home of Rev. Rathke last week.

Word has been received that Charles Knoll has arrived in France. The Loyalty Legion will meet in the town hall next Wednesday evening, June 5th. Everybody cordially invited.

The German Lutherans are rebuilding their schoolhouse which burnt last winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pfund are moving on to the old Sernaup place.

USE SUBSTITUTE FLOURS

Don't discard your favorite recipes because they contain wheat. But don't expect them to be just the same when made with the substitute flours. Yeast breads, according to home economies workers, are almost impossible without some wheat flour. But griddle cakes, muffins, cakes, cookies, biscuits, nut bread and raisin bread are quite possible with any of the substitute flours.

The following substitutions in recipes replace 1 cup of wheat flour: 1 cup oatmeal flour—1 cup barley flour—1 cup rice flour—1 cup corn flour—3/4 cup potato flour.

—Large choice pineapples, suitable for canning on sale at Howard's Variety Store Friday and Saturday for 15c each.

DRS. FAIRFIELD, BARTRAN & CO.

CLINIC BUILDING, GREEN BAY, WIS.

DR. W. E. FAIRFIELD, Surgery

DR. W. E. LEAPER, Obstetrics, Diseases of Women, Heart and Lungs

DR. R. L. COMWES, Diseases of Children, Skin, Kidneys and Bladder

DR. J. J. ROBB, Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Glasses Fitted

DR. W. H. BARTRAN, Diseases of the Stomach and Intestines

E. WHITE, X-Ray and Chemical Laboratories

**SAVE AND SERVE**

**Friendship Service**

Our Policy; simply this—that our service may satisfy our patrons to such an extent that it can lead to nothing but established friendship which assures permanent patronage. On this basis we ask you to transact your business with us.

**BANK OF GRAND RAPIDS**  
West Side

Where Could You Find More Attractive Prices?

**JOHNSON & HILL CO.**  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Pictures Framed

If you have any pictures that need framing we can do it at moderate prices.

We Announce  
A New Picture Framing Department.  
Good selection of Mouldings, work expertly done at Moderate Prices.

Summer Days Will Soon Be Here

The Summer Season will soon be here---perhaps in a few days, for it is only a question of sunshine and warm breezes. All outdoors has passed the budding stage and announces itself ready to make attractive our summer days. Leafy trees promise to keep us cool, protecting us from the hot sun.

Nature will do her best to make us happy; but we must do our part; we must dress for summer. Our store provides the largest assortment of summer wearing apparel for Men, Women and Children, and prices are very moderate.

Did You Have Your Baby Weighed?

Careful consideration of the babies welfare is becoming more and more a subject for discussion. Sentiment leans strongly in favor of better conditions, to decrease the large percentage of infant mortality, especially during the hot summer months.

Baby's clothes, we believe, make a great difference. He should have plenty of every thing to assure a change complete when that is necessary. If you will come to our Infants Department you will find everything you could possibly need, including the Baby Carriage for his daily airing.

**Everything is Priced Very Moderately**

SUMMER SPORTS

Men, as well as boys, during these days of strenuous work and nervous strain should, more than ever before, take a certain amount of outdoor recreation. Baseball or tennis furnish the most enjoyable sports for men and boys and build up energy for the day to come.

**Base Balls**—Goldsmiths official league ball—18 innings, priced at..... **\$1.50**  
Others at \$1.00 down to 5c.

**Base Ball Bats**—Your choice of a good selection at from..... **8c**  
\$1.00 down to.....

**Base Ball Gloves**—Quality corresponding with prices ranging from..... **25c**  
\$4.00 down to.....

**Catchers Mitts**—the kind that hold the ball, priced from..... **50c**  
\$5.00 down to.....

**First Basemen's Mitts**—light weight and easily handled, priced from \$4.50 down to..... **75c**

**Tennis Balls**—of excellent quality, good and live at..... **50c**

**Tennis Rackets**—Your choice of shapes and sizes at from \$3.25 down to..... **\$1.50**

**79 Cents on the \$1.00 Reduction Sale!**

Our sale has been running now almost a week and continues in its opening success. People were quick to realize that 21 cents saved on every dollar in household necessities is worth looking into. On a set of dishes, silverware, phonographs or floor lamps the saving on these larger purchases is surprising in its total.

If you have not heard—we are selling our complete stock in crockery, music and lamp departments at \$1.00 worth of merchandise for

**79c**

We take great pleasure in introducing the E. M. C. Union Suit for women. It is the cool, comfortable, practical garment you have been looking for. We are certain that it will meet with the instant approval of the majority of women in this city and vicinity as it has with women all over the country in these active, practical times. Priced at

**\$2.50, \$2.25, \$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1.25**

Athletic Union Suits FOR WOMEN

Something New in Our Underwear Department

Pineapple Week

This is the time of season for canning Pineapples. Do not wait, get them NOW—season will be short, per doz. \$1.63 and \$1.38 for very fine quality.

You are allowed to purchase up to 25 lbs. of sugar by signing a card wherein you promise you will use said sugar for canning purposes only.

Sauer Kraut is selling fast. The very finest quality sold under the Silver Buckle Brand. Ask for Silver Buckle Sauer Kraut—its fine eating.

National Rolled Oats, large package.....27c  
Toasted Corn Flakes, per package.....9c  
Unsalted Apples, per pound.....12c  
Peanut Butter, pound.....22c  
24 lb. Barley Flour \$1.48 10 lbs Barley Flour.....60c  
Rolled Oats, bulk, lb.....7c Prunes, fancy, lb.....10c  
Grapes, dried, lb.....12c  
Vanilla, the great Vanilla, 4 oz. bottle.....25c  
Vandetta, Substitute at less than half price

Frazzle Soap for greasy hands, per can.....10c

Coffee—Guatemala Blend Coffee, lb.....22c  
Yucatan Blend Coffee, lb.....18c  
Brazilian Blend Coffee, lb.....15c

The above coffees are very good, the best in bulk you can buy for the money

Soroso Coffee—This brand of coffee that has stood the test for 20 years only 25c the lb., or 10 lbs. at per lb.....23c

Baking Powder—Calumet, 1 lb can.....19c  
Old Dutch, 1 lb can.....19c Big Store, 1 lb can.....19c  
Arm & Hammer Saleratus, 1 lb package.....5c  
Yeast Foam, 3 packages.....10c  
Snow Boy Washing Powder, large package.....18c  
Grandmas Washing Powder, large package.....17c

Tea—Ask for our Famous Orange Pekoe Tea, one-half pound tin cartons.....40c  
Nine Star Gunpowder Tea, 1 lb pkg 65c, 1/2 lb pkg 35c  
Indian Chief uncolored Japan Tea, 1/2 lb pkg.....25c

Remember the CHAUTAUQUA, June 10 to 15. Hobson will be here. Program consists of 12 sittings or 24 entertainments for only \$2. Never so much for your money before



WANT COLUMB

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Call at Steinberg's store. LIST YOUR FARM WITH US FOR A QUICK SALE—Or exchange for good Chicago income property. We have prospective customers waiting. G. B. Jack & Co., 2308 W. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.—1t.

FOR SALE—3 year old black mare, colt, well broke, reasonable. Inquire of Joe Rick. 1t.

FOR SALE—Wagon, 3 in. skids, 48 in. wheels, 4 in. tires, box 12 ft., sides 14 in. Inquire of Moff & Wood Co. 1t.

FOR RENT OR SALE—A saloon for sale or rent. Inquire Anton Kriger, 106 2nd Ave. N. 31t.

FOR SALE—Tomato plants, 12c per dozen, cabbage 6c, John Bannister, 1366 Appleton street, phone 635.

TO LOAN—\$1,600 on farm security. Enquire of D. D. Conway.—2t.

FOR SALE—Used Gasoline range, \$5.00, cost new \$26.00; Electric Range \$25.00; cost new \$90.00. 1t.

FOR SALE—1917 Ford Roadster, with truck body, good as new, run about 500 miles. Cheap if taken at once. Sweet Carriage Works, Baker street.—1t.

MEN WANTED—For bark peeling and general woods work. Medford Lumber Co., Medford, Wis.—2t.

FOR SALE—Good farm team. Inquire of Johnson & Hill Co. 1t.

FOR SALE—Helter calf, 4 weeks old. Jacob Swartz, City. 2w.

FOR SALE—Two lots, 6-room house modern except heat, with barn, or will sell west half of lots separate. Located corner of Baker and 10th streets. Also 20 acres land 3/4 mile south of High school. Will sell in 5-acre tracts if desired. Apply to E. S. Renne, owner. 1t.

WANTED—Man familiar with work in furniture packing and shipping department. Steady employment and good wages. Luger Farm Co., North St. Paul, Minn. 3t.

FOR SALE—32 acres unimproved land facing Grand Avenue. Barkin. Phone 876. 3w.

WANTED—20 girls. Roddis Lumber & Veneer Co. 1t.

FOR SALE—My saloon property located at Kellner. Poor health is reason for selling. Also 1 mounted roose head and 3 mounted deer heads, one electric piano with 110 volt motor, ready to run, or will trade for Ford car. Jesse Worden, R. D. 7, Grand Rapids, Wis. 1t.

FOR SALE—Single-cylinder Harley Davidson motorcycle. First check for \$90 takes it. See J. A. Staub. 1t.

FOR SALE—Four good farm horses, two buggies and one single harness. E. T. McCarthy. 1t.

FOR SALE—Several head of good young-horses. B. G. Eggert. 1t.

ROOMS FOR RENT—Unfurnished. 444 Roosevelt street. Orin Clark. 1t.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Seven room house, barn and two acres of land. A fine place for truck garden. A. G. Kock, care Cohen Bros. 1t.

FOR SALE—Six cylinder, four passenger Reo roadster. Also a pinder Saxon roadster. Dr. O. N. Mortensen. 4t.

FOR SALE—Good milch cow, fresh soon. Enquire of Elm Lake Creamery Co., R. 3, phone 1 long 2 short, Marsh 120 18.—1t.

**CORRECT GLASSES**

All Opticians Claim To Make Them—

I make the EYES PROVE the GLASSES are CORRECT or they do not leave my establishment.

If your Glasses are correct today, you can see PERFECTLY, if not, the Glasses should be discarded and CORRECT GLASSES worn—do not experiment—visit

**LOUIS REICHEL**

**I Have For Sale**

Several Lumber Wagons, Small Wheeled Truck Lumber Wagons, Spring Open and Top Buggies.

Truck Bodies made to fit any car.

Lights in back and Side Curtains.

Auto Painting and General Repairing.

**Sweet Carriage Works**

Baker Street

**COAL AND WOOD**

The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.

CALL US UP AT Phone 416 or 5

**BOSSERT BROTHERS**

WOOD AND COAL YARDS

GRAND RAPIDS LANDS IN THE THIRD NOTCH

At the Track and Meld meet held at Stevens Point last Saturday Grand Rapids landed in third place. Stevens Point was first and Merrill second.

Stevens Point won first place last year, so the championship cup will remain in that city. This is the second year that Stevens Point has won the cup. If it is won here one time more it will remain in that city permanently. Merrill has also won the cup for two years, so they also stand a chance of becoming the owner of the trophy.

In Saturday's meet Stevens Point won 47 points, Merrill 21 points, Grand Rapids 21 points and Wausau fourth with 20 points. Wausau also won the meet in 1913 and 1914, so that they are also in line for the ownership of the cup should they win again this year. Then a technicality one of the athletes from Wausau was disqualified after he had won two events or it is entirely probable that Wausau would have made a much better showing as he seemed to be their star man.

The track was in poor shape, owing to weather conditions, but in spite of this fact two records were broken. Detroit of Merrill made the 120 yard hurdles in 17 3/5, one-fifth better than any previous mark. The same man also won the running high jump, breaking a record by jumping 5 feet and 8 inches, the previous record being 5 feet and 6 inches.

The summary of the track and field meets is as follows:

100-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Park, Stevens Point, second; Hanson, Merrill, third, Time, 11 flat.

200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 24 1/5.

400-yard dash, Park, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Nohr, Stevens Point, third, Time, 1:02 1/2.

800-yard dash, Grunke, Wausau, first; Park, Stevens Point, second; Nohr, Stevens Point, third, Time, 2:19.

1,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 4:45.

1,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 5:45.

2,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 7:15.

2,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 8:45.

2,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 10:15.

3,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 11:45.

3,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 13:15.

4,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 14:45.

4,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 16:15.

4,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 17:45.

5,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 19:15.

5,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 20:45.

6,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 22:15.

6,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 23:45.

6,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 25:15.

7,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 26:45.

7,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 28:15.

8,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 29:45.

8,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 31:15.

8,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 32:45.

9,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 34:15.

9,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 35:45.

10,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 37:15.

10,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 38:45.

10,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 40:15.

11,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 41:45.

11,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 43:15.

12,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 44:45.

12,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 46:15.

12,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 47:45.

13,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 49:15.

13,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 50:45.

14,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 52:15.

14,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 53:45.

14,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 55:15.

15,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 56:45.

15,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 58:15.

16,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 59:45.

16,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 61:15.

16,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 62:45.

17,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 64:15.

17,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 65:45.

18,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 67:15.

18,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 68:45.

18,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 70:15.

19,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 71:45.

19,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 73:15.

20,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 74:45.

20,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 76:15.

20,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 77:45.

21,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 79:15.

21,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 80:45.

22,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 82:15.

22,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 83:45.

22,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 85:15.

23,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 86:45.

23,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 88:15.

24,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 89:45.

24,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 91:15.

24,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 92:45.

25,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 94:15.

25,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 95:45.

26,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 97:15.

26,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 98:45.

26,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 100:15.

27,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 101:45.

27,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 103:15.

28,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 104:45.

28,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 106:15.

28,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 107:45.

29,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 109:15.

29,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 110:45.

30,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 112:15.

30,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 113:45.

30,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 115:15.

31,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 116:45.

31,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 118:15.

32,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 119:45.

32,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 121:15.

32,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 122:45.

33,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 124:15.

33,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 125:45.

34,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 127:15.

34,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 128:45.

34,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 130:15.

35,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 131:45.

35,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 133:15.

36,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 134:45.

36,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 136:15.

36,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 137:45.

37,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 139:15.

37,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 140:45.

38,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 142:15.

38,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 143:45.

38,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 145:15.

39,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 146:45.

39,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 148:15.

40,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 149:45.

40,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 151:15.

40,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 152:45.

41,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 154:15.

41,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 155:45.

42,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 157:15.

42,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 158:45.

42,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 160:15.

43,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 161:45.

43,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 163:15.

44,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 164:45.

44,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 166:15.

44,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 167:45.

45,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 169:15.

45,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 170:45.

46,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 172:15.

46,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 173:45.

46,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 175:15.

47,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 176:45.

47,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 178:15.

48,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 179:45.

48,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 181:15.

48,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 182:45.

49,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 184:15.

49,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 185:45.

50,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 187:15.

50,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 188:45.

50,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 190:15.

51,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 191:45.

51,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 193:15.

52,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 194:45.

52,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 196:15.

52,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 197:45.

53,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 199:15.

53,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 200:45.

54,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 202:15.

54,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 203:45.

54,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 205:15.

55,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 206:45.

55,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 208:15.

56,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 209:45.

56,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 211:15.

56,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 212:45.

57,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 214:15.

57,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 215:45.

58,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 217:15.

58,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 218:45.

58,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 220:15.

59,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 221:45.

59,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 223:15.

60,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 224:45.

60,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 226:15.

60,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 227:45.

61,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 229:15.

61,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 230:45.

62,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 232:15.

62,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 233:45.

62,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 235:15.

63,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 236:45.

63,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 238:15.

64,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 239:45.

64,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 241:15.

64,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 242:45.

65,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 244:15.

65,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 245:45.

66,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 247:15.

66,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 248:45.

66,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 250:15.

67,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 251:45.

67,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 253:15.

68,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 254:45.

68,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 256:15.

68,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 257:45.

69,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 259:15.

69,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 260:45.

70,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 262:15.

70,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 263:45.

70,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 265:15.

71,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 266:45.

71,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 268:15.

72,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 269:45.

72,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 271:15.

72,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 272:45.

73,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 274:15.

73,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 275:45.

74,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 277:15.

74,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 278:45.

74,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 280:15.

75,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 281:45.

75,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 283:15.

76,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 284:45.

76,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 286:15.

76,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 287:45.

77,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 289:15.

77,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 290:45.

78,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 292:15.

78,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 293:45.

78,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 295:15.

79,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 296:45.

79,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 298:15.

80,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 299:45.

80,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 301:15.

80,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 302:45.

81,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 304:15.

81,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 305:45.

82,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 307:15.

82,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 308:45.

82,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 310:15.

83,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 311:45.

83,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 313:15.

84,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 314:45.

84,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 316:15.

84,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 317:45.

85,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 319:15.

85,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 320:45.

86,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 322:15.

86,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 323:45.

86,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 325:15.

87,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 326:45.

87,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 328:15.

88,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 329:45.

88,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 331:15.

88,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 332:45.

89,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 334:15.

89,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 335:45.

90,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 337:15.

90,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 338:45.

90,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 340:15.

91,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 341:45.

91,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 343:15.

92,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 344:45.

92,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 346:15.

92,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 347:45.

93,200-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 349:15.

93,600-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 350:45.

94,000-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 352:15.

94,400-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 353:45.

94,800-yard dash, Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Park, Stevens Point, third, Time, 355:15.

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WANT COLUMN

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call at Steinberg's store. LAST YOUR FARM WITH US FOR

A QUICK SALE—Or exchange for good Chicago income property. We have prospective customers waiting. G. E. Jack & Co., 2308 W. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.—1t.

FOR SALE—3 year old black mare, trot, well broke, reasonable. Inquire of Joe Rick. 1t

FOR SALE—Wagon, 3 in. skels, 45 in. wheels, 14 in. tires, box 12 ft., sides 14 in. Inquire of Mott & Wood Co. 1t

FOR RENT OR SALE—A saloon for sale or rent. Inquire Anton Krieger, 106 2nd Ave. N. 2t

FOR SALE—Tomato plants, 12c per dozen, cabbage 6c. John Rasmberg, 1366 Appleton street, phone 635. 1t

TO LOAN—\$1,000 on farm security. Enquire of D. D. Conway.—2t.

FOR SALE—Used Gasoline range, \$5.00, cost new \$25.00; Electric Range \$25.00; cost new \$50.00. 1t

FOR SALE—1917 Ford Roadster, with truck body, good as new, in about 500 miles. Cheap if taken at once. Swift Carriage Works, Baker street.—1t

MIN WANTED—For bark peeling and general woods work. Medford Lumber Co., Medford, Wis.—2t

FOR SALE—Good farm tract, inquire of Johnson & Hill Co. 1t

FOR SALE—Helter cat, 4 weeks old. Jacob Searls, City.—2w

FOR SALE—Two lots, 8-room house modern except heat, with barn, or will sell well half of lots separate. Located corner of Baker and 10th streets. Also 20 3/4 acre land, a mile south of High school. Will sell in 5-acre tracts if desired. Apply to E. S. Itonne, owner. 1t

WANTED—Man familiar with work in furniture packing and shipping department. Steady employment and good wages. Laker Furn. Co., North St. Paul, Minn. 3c

FOR SALE—33 acres unimproved land facing Grand Avenue. Bargain. Phone 875. 3w

WANTED—20 girls. Roddis Lumber & Veneer Co. 1t

FOR SALE—My saloon property located at Kellner. Poor health is reason for selling. Also 1 mounted moose head and 3 mounted deer heads, one electric piano with 110 volt motor, ready to run, or will trade for Ford car. Write Worden, R. D. 7, Grand Rapids, Wis. 1t

FOR SALE—Single-cylinder Harley Davidson motorcycle. First check for \$90 takes it. See J. A. Staub. 1t

FOR SALE—Four good form horses, two buggies and one single harness. E. T. McCarthy. 1t

FOR SALE—Several head of good young horses. B. G. Eggert. 1t

ROOMS FOR RENT—Unfurnished. 444 Roosevelt street. Orta Clark. 1t

FOR SALE OR RENT—Seven room house, barn and two acres of land. A nice place for truck garden. G. Koch, care Colton Bros. 1t

FOR SALE—Six cylinder, four passenger Deo roadster. Also 4 cylinder Saxon roadster. Dr. O. N. Mortensen. 4t

FOR SALE—Good milch cow, fresh on son. Enquire of Elm Lake Creamery Co., R. 3, phone 1 long 3 short, Marsh line 18.—1t

GRAND RAPIDS LANDS IN THE THIRD NOTCH

At the Track and Field meet held at Stevens Point last Saturday Grand Rapids landed in third place. Stevens Point was first and Merrill second.

Stevens Point won first place last year, so the championship cup will remain in that city. This is the second year that Stevens Point has won the cup, and if it is won there one time more it will remain in that city permanently. Merrill has also won the cup for two years, so that they also stand a chance of becoming the owners of the trophy.

On Saturday's meet Stevens Point won 42 points, Merrill 31 points, Grand Rapids 21 points and Wausau fourth with 20 points. Wausau also won the meet in 1913 and 1914, also won the meet in 1915 and 1916, so that they are also in line for the ownership of the cup should they win again this year. "Thru a technicality" one of the athletes from Wausau was disqualified after he had won two events or it is entirely probable that Wausau would have made 3 much better showing as he seemed to be their star man.

The track was in poor shape, owing to weather conditions, but in spite of this fact two records were broken. (Gethell) of Merrill made the 120 yard hurdles in 17 3/5, one-fifth better than any previous mark. The same man also won the running high jump, breaking a record by jumping 5 feet and 8 inches, the previous record being 5 feet and 5 inches.

The summary of the track and field meet is as follows: 100-yard dash—Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Park, Stevens Point, second; Hanson, Merrill, third. Time, 11 flat.

150-yard dash—Goetz, Merrill, first; Goetz, Wausau, second; Powell, Wausau, third. Time, five minutes, one second.

440-yard dash—Park, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Nohr, Grand Rapids, third. Time, 3 3/5 seconds.

120-yard hurdles—Gethell, Merrill, first; Park, Stevens Point, second; third place, disqualified. Time, 17 3/5 seconds. Record broken.

800-yard dash—Graunke, Wausau, first; Goetz, Merrill, second; Vaughn, Stevens Point, third. Time 2:19.

320-yard dash—Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Goetz, Wausau, third. Time, 24 1/5 seconds.

One mile relay—Shaffer, Hanson, Nohr, Goetz, Merrill, first; Vaughn, Rice, Zorn and Nohr, Stevens Point, second; Wausau, third. Time, 2:35.

Field Events 100-yard dash—Stark, Grand Rapids, first; Hyer, Stevens Point, second; Gibson, Grand Rapids, third. Height, nine feet.

Shot put—Stark, Grand Rapids, first; Plahmer, Grand Rapids, second; Hess, Wausau, third. Distance 30 feet, two inches.

Shot put—High jump—Gethell, Merrill, first; Nohr, Grand Rapids, second; McLaughlin, Merrill, third. Height, five feet eight inches. Record broken.

Oncus throw—Hess, Wausau, first; Sparr, Wausau, second; Zorn, Stevens Point, third. Distance, 103 feet, 3 inches.

Running broad jump—Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Park, Stevens Point, second; Ingrid, Appleton, third. Distance 19 feet, 1 1/4 inches.

200-yard dash—Nohr, Stevens Point, first; Hanson, Merrill, second; Goetz, Wausau, third. Time, 24 1/5 seconds.

One mile relay—Shaffer, Hanson, Nohr, Goetz, Merrill, first; Vaughn, Rice, Zorn and Nohr, Stevens Point, second; Wausau, third. Time, 2:35.

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IF WE NEED THE WHEAT, WHY NOT MAKE 'EM SAVE?

Just at the present time our national and state food administrators are sending out a lot of dope about the conserving of wheat, claiming that the consumption of this cereal must be reduced to one-third if it is to be sent the amount needed across the water to feed our troops and the Allies.

Now the average man does not know much about the wheat supply of the country. He has always been able to buy wheat when he had the money, and as people have become somewhat frenzied on other subjects during the present war, he is inclined to think that the wheat cry is another cry of wolf, wolf, when possibly there may be no wolf. It is not such a long time ago that there were meatless days, and the people were asked to conserve on meat, and the conscientious ones did so, and they prided themselves with the thought that the army would not starve if they could do anything to help them out. About the time all the people had got it pounded into them that they must eat less meat, and meat had soared to prices that were never before heard of, the packers came out and stated that there was no shortage of meat in the country, and asked that the meatless days be abolished, or else there would be a break in meat prices. Of course it would have been a calamity to the public if there had been a break in meat prices, so the meatless days were abolished.

Now we would like to know if the present wheat talk is along the same line. We believe in feeding the army, and feeding it well, but we do not believe that newspaper articles and talk generally will reduce the use of wheat to one-third of what it normally is. It will cause some people to reduce the use of wheat to the required amount, but there are a much larger number, that it will not affect very materially. The conscientious ones are all right, but if the use of wheat is to be reduced to the required amount, the slacker must also be reached, not with a newspaper appeal, but in a manner that will compel him to comply with the requirements.

There is just one way in which to make the slacker and his fellow-courts reduce on the supply of wheat, and that is to limit them to the amount they purchase each month. Talk is all right, and were it only necessary to reduce the consumption a small percentage, it could be done in this manner, but a reduction of two-thirds certainly means that drastic measures must be adopted, something more effective than a mere newspaper article. As a matter of fact, if those who are patriotic were to entirely discontinue the use of wheat products altogether, those that are left who pay no particular attention to the appeals of the government would use more than the one-third of the former consumption. The result would be that the patriotic ones would be denying themselves of almost the necessities of life, while the slackers would be living off the fat of the land.

The trouble has been right along that many of the different branches of the government have been trying to run this war thru the medium of the newspapers. They have each established a press bureau and they seem to feel that if they get out about so much matter a day and send it out to the newspapers, free, that they have done about all that can be expected of them. The result has been that ever since the war started every little newspaper thruout the country has been getting bales of this trash every week, not one-tenth of which is it possible for any one of them to use, so that it is a dead waste to the people at large. There is no doubt but what the amount of money spent on this printed stuff each week would supply every soldier in the army with all the stationery he would use during the war, and if applied in that manner would relieve the benevolent societies of a great expense.

We say, save the wheat if necessary, but put the slacker and the patriot on the same basis and give them each a card that will compel them to be on the square, and there will be no further trouble about the matter. People with plenty of money cannot then buy substitutes in order to get wheat flour and feed the substitutes to the chickens.

TO MAKE WOOLENS LAST USE CARE IN WASHING

Conservation of clothing is as necessary as conservation of food, especially conservation of woollen clothing. Not the least danger to flannels, sweaters, and other woollen garments is poor laundry work.

The home economics department of the University of Wisconsin recommends the following method for washing woollen clothing, especially flannel shirts and sweaters: Soak the garment for at least an hour in cold lukewarm soap suds. It may be soaked as long as 10 or 12 hours. Then agitate it very lightly in the water, using plenty of water. Do not rub out on wash board. Rinse in water of the same temperature. Wring out carefully and hang up immediately to dry. In the summer, hang it in a shady place; in the winter, hang in the sun.

Never use water warmer than lukewarm in any part of the washing. Do not boil. Do not rub, wring, or twist garments roughly or tightly. Release the pressure on the fingers. Do not use strong soap or washing powders.

The stock soap solution is recommended for washing both silks and woollens.

On a small-sized cake of good neutral soap cut into small pieces, 1 quart of water heated until the soap chips are dissolved, 1 cup water. Then add cold water to cover, let the garment stand overnight in the suds.

—Take home a large Cuban pineapple for 15c from Howard's Variety Store, Friday and Saturday.

FOR RENT OR SALE—Five-room house, good barn wood shed, half acre of land for rent after the first of June in Wickham Addition, west Grand Rapids. For particulars apply to Charles E. Kluge, 975 Peach St., Grand Rapids, Wis.

LOCAL ITEMS

Miss Bernice Lester left on Monday for San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Green are visiting with relatives at Monroe.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Pritchard on May 26th.

Rev. R. J. Locke is in Needah today to deliver the Memorial day address.

The Consolidated team will play a game of baseball at Marshfield on Sunday.

John Molapski departed for Wausau on Wednesday to enlist in the navy.

Gus Schuman has purchased a Dodge touring car of the Motor Sales Co.

Miss Jessie Goodman has resigned her position at the Johnson & Hill Co.'s store.

Miss Laura Raymond of (Arnet) was guest at the A. B. Sutor home over Sunday.

Atty. T. W. Brazau left on Tuesday for Milwaukee to look after some legal matters.

Mrs. C. A. Nornington and daughter returned on Monday evening from a visit at Milwaukee.

Henry Haertel, the Stevens Point monument man, was a business visitor in the city on Monday.

Mrs. E. C. Rossier and son Benjamin spent several days last week visiting with friends in Owego.

—Extra large pineapples on sale Friday and Saturday at Howard's Variety Store for 15c each.

Miss Helen Kromer left on Monday for Chicago, where she was called by the serious illness of a sister.

Will Gorss of Wausau spent a couple of days in this city last week visiting with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Carl Lundberg departed on Saturday for Manitowish to join her husband, who is employed there.

Mrs. Niles Thompson of Chicago arrived in the city on Monday to visit her people here for week or more.

Miss Sylvia Swartz has resigned her position as operator at the Wood County Telephone company's office.

John Radtke, one of the farmers of the town of Sigel, favored this office with a pleasant call on Saturday.

Mrs. M. Cahill of Appleton spent Sunday in this city visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. N. Roemer.

Mrs. Francis Biron, a former resident of Biron, writes the Tribune that she is now located at Choteau, Montana.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Miller have rented the Geo. Lyons home. Mr. and Mrs. Lyons will move onto a farm near Kellner.

Curtis Berard of Green Bay spent several days in the city last week visiting with his mother, Mrs. L. Berard.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Reichel, Miss Inez Reichel and Mrs. George W. Davis spent Sunday at Needah visiting with friends.

Miss Stella Kinister has resigned her position in the Wood County drug store and has been succeeded by Miss Jessie Farrish.

Walter Canning, who is employed in Michigan, spent several days in the city the past week visiting his father, J. J. Canning.

Miss Kate Kammerer returned on Monday evening from Milwaukee where she spent two weeks at the Sacred Heart sanatorium.

Frank Kapitani, one of the solid farmers on R D 5 favored this office with a pleasant call on Tuesday while in the city on business.

Mrs. Edward Lynch of Milwaukee, is spending several days in the city visiting with friends and looking after some business matters.

M. C. Berg has bought the Alva A. Miller house on the west side, formerly known as the Oberbeck property. The deal was made thru Geo. Forrand.

Mark Whitrock, who has been employed at the Otto Pharmacy for several years past, has resigned his position there and accepted one at Church's drug store.

Wm. Lader, who is employed in the shop of G. J. Kaundy, had three fingers on his right hand badly cut on Monday morning by coming in contact with a circular saw.

From her son Earl Hein, who has been bugler with the 120th Field Artillery in France, that he has been appointed regimental tailor.

Frank Kubisak, who has been employed as butcher in one of the meat markets at Marshfield the past two years, has resigned his position and returned home the past week.

Elmer Kluge, who has been living in Chicago for some time past, spent several days in this city during the past week visiting his relatives before leaving for camp on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Mason left on Tuesday for Milwaukee where Mrs. Mason will take a treatment for rheumatism from which she has been suffering for some time past.

—Get one of the large sized pineapples for 15c at Howard's Variety Store, Friday and Saturday.

The Consolidated team defeated the Nekosoa team at Nekosoa on Sunday by a score of 2 to 0. Plahmer pitched his usual good game allowing but one hit for Nekosoa.

Leon Arpia arrived home the past week from Mississippi, where he had been for some time past looking after his father's dredging interests. He will remain home for several weeks.

Lloyd Allie, who has been in this city for some time past, has returned to Camp Grant, where he will take his place again in the national army.

Mrs. J. Brocken and daughter Willie of Chicago, Illinois, are visiting at the home of James Brockman. Mrs. Cunningham of Chicago is also a guest at the Brockman home.

Atty. B. R. Goggin returned to this city on Tuesday after an absence of a couple of weeks, having been looking after business in connection with his office of U. S. district attorney.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Duck of Net Rome were up in the city on Tuesday. While here they had their name enrolled on the subscription list of the Grand Rapids Tribune.

According to the Clinton, Iowa Herald Lloyd Boyce, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Boyce, has enlisted in the United States army. Mr. and Mrs. Boyce made their home in this city before moving to Clinton.

Will Burt of Green Bay came over last week and spent a few days visiting with his father, Wm. Burt, of this city. Will has enlisted in the army and was taking a few days off before leaving for camp.

P. O. Wintner, who for some time operated the Nekosoa Tribune, and when he sold out there went to Peshigo, where he later bought the Times and sold out the latter paper and has retired from the newspaper business.

Mrs. Frank Collier entertained a number of lady friends at her home on Friday afternoon at a party. The ladies present devoted their time to Red-Cross work and a considerable amount of work was done and a pleasant time had by those present.

Frank Ranker, a young lad residing at Dudley, caught a German brown trout weighing six and one-fourth pounds while fishing near his home on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Reding will celebrate his silver jubilee during the month of June, having served 25 years in the priesthood. Preparations are being made to hold appropriate services when the occasion arrives.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Giese have issued invitations to the wedding of their daughter Gertrude to William Schmidt, which will take place Saturday afternoon, June 15th, at the German Ev. Lutheran Immanuel church on Eighth street.

C. Laounwet was taken to the poor farm on Saturday for care. Mr. Laounwet has no near relatives here and as he was getting well along in years it was thought that better care could be given him at the poor farm than at any other place.

Mr. and Otto Benson of the town of Saratoga were among the business callers at the Tribune office on Tuesday. Mr. Benson reports that he has sold his farm in the town of Saratoga to George Fisher of this city and that it is his intention to leave in the near future for Iowa, where he will locate on a farm.

A millionaire out in Denver has adopted "blue jeans" as his clothing, which he states he will continue after the war. He has two suits, one for every day and one for society wear. Now if some of our local millionaires would adopt this garb the rest of us might fall into line and be right in style without costing us very much.

Another heavy rain fell in this section Friday evening, and during the night, which at times developed into a veritable downpour. A report from Port Edwards is to the effect that 2.4 inches of rain fell down there inside of 25 minutes. Reports from the country round about this city are to the effect that the rain was pretty general.

Vesper Service Center—A. P. Bean bought five head of registered Guernseys at the Marshfield sale Friday. While he did not intend to buy at this time, the fact that some of G. E. Blodgett's choice stock was selling below their true value it was a temptation to pick up some of it. Most of the stock was imported from the Island of Guernsey, which makes a valuable addition to Mr. Bean's herd.

Quite a number of people were disappointed in the Red Cross pageant held at Daly's Theatre on Thursday evening. It was not on account of the quality of the entertainment, but because the hall filled up at an early hour, and those who waited until the usual time for such affairs were unable to get in at all. Every available seat was taken and there would have been many more in attendance had it been possible to go. The affair was a most successful one and the audience was well pleased with the entertainment.

Bob Bender, who has been at Northfield, Minn., for some time past where he is engaged in putting in a dam on the Cannon river, spent Sunday and Monday in this city visiting with friends and relatives. Mr. Bender reports that they have had a great deal of rain over in that country, more, even than we have had here, and the result was that it was impossible to keep on with the work on account of the high water. The dam at that point is used to operate a large grist mill.

The Marathon county school of agriculture and domestic science was closed for the season last week, and according to reports the school will not be opened again this fall. The county board of Marathon county decided at its last meeting that the results being obtained from the school were not sufficient to justify them in keeping up the school. A county agent will be employed, and it is expected by the board that this will give them better returns than the school has.

At the last meeting of the city council one of the aldermen put a suggestion to the effect that there should be better lights installed on the bridge, and the matter was referred to a committee. The committee will probably report at the next meeting of the council. This is a matter that should have been attended to when the white way was installed, and the committee should make a recommendation for the change. As a matter of fact, the plan should have been carried out at the last meeting of the council, as the cost of the change would have been so small that there is no need of discussing the matter to any great length.

Why buy the small pineapples when you can get the large sizes for 15c on Friday and Saturday at Howard's Variety Store.

—Get one of the large sized pineapples for 15c at Howard's Variety Store, Friday and Saturday.

The Consolidated team defeated the Nekosoa team at Nekosoa on Sunday by a score of 2 to 0. Plahmer pitched his usual good game allowing but one hit for Nekosoa.

Leon Arpia arrived home the past week from Mississippi, where he had been for some time past looking after his father's dredging interests. He will remain home for several weeks.

Lloyd Allie, who has been in this city for some time past, has returned to Camp Grant, where he will take his place again in the national army.

Mrs. J. Brocken and daughter Willie of Chicago, Illinois, are visiting at the home of James Brockman. Mrs. Cunningham of Chicago is also a guest at the Brockman home.

Atty. B. R. Goggin returned to this city on Tuesday after an absence of a couple of weeks, having been looking after business in connection with his office of U. S. district attorney.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Duck of Net Rome were up in the city on Tuesday. While here they had their name enrolled on the subscription list of the Grand Rapids Tribune.

According to the Clinton, Iowa Herald Lloyd Boyce, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Boyce, has enlisted in the United States army. Mr. and Mrs. Boyce made their home in this city before moving to Clinton.

Will Burt of Green Bay came over last week and spent a few days visiting with his father, Wm. Burt, of this city. Will has enlisted in the army and was taking a few days off before leaving for camp.

P. O. Wintner, who for some time operated the Nekosoa Tribune, and when he sold out there went to Peshigo, where he later bought the Times and sold out the latter paper and has retired from the newspaper business.

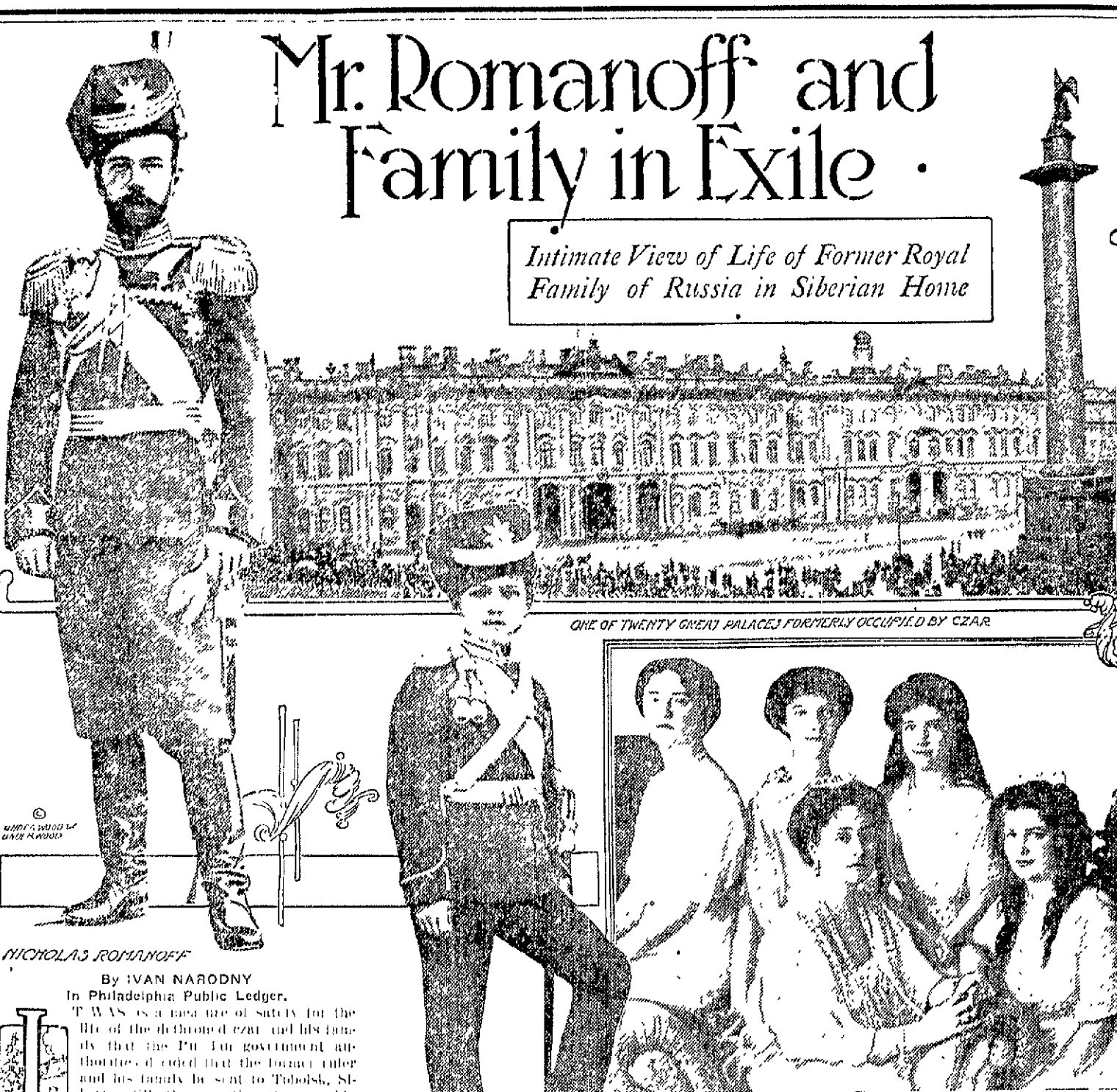
Mrs. Frank Collier entertained a number of lady friends at her home on Friday afternoon at a party. The ladies present devoted their time to Red-Cross work and a considerable amount of work was done and a pleasant time had by those present.

Ready-to-Wear



# Mr. Romanoff and Family in Exile

Intimate View of Life of Former Royal Family of Russia in Siberian Home



ONE OF TWENTY GREEN PALACES FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY CZAR

FORMER CZARINA AND HER DAUGHTERS

ALEXIS ROMANOFF

NICHOLAS ROMANOFF  
By IVAN NARODNY  
In Philadelphia Public Ledger.

It WAS a rare day of safety for the life of the deposed czar and his family. The czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia.

Kerensky was then premier and he fell upon him to deliver the latest decision as to the czar and his family. He called personally at the palace of Tsar Nicholas and gave twenty-four hours to the czar and his family to pack their trunks and make themselves ready for their journey. The czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia.

"It is God's will and the people's will we shall obey." A day thereafter the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia. The czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia.

The baggage consisted of fifteen trunks and a few suitcases or handbags. These were carried into the city by the two loyal servants and the family members themselves. A dead silence prevailed on the platform when the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia.

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In this dreary town of 45,000 inhabitants the czar and his family have remained the chief objects of interest. While a special attention had been paid by the guards to him and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia.

The residence determined for the czar and his family was in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia. The czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia.

Nicholas and the former czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia. The czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia, and the czar and his family were in the city of Philadelphia.

Contrast these quarters with the Romanoffs formerly enjoyed at Tsarskoe-Selo, Peterhof, at the Winter and Anichkova palaces in Petrograd, at Livadia, in Gatchina and the twenty-eight palaces they possessed. The Peterhof palace was so large that a person could lose himself in it, and 200 servants were employed solely to steer guests through it. The Hall of Mirrors in the Winter palace at Petrograd is 200 feet in length and is com-

## Recalls Economy of 1864.

Let the persons who think wheatless and meatless days are a hardship listen to the venerable men and women whose memory takes them back to the Civil war. Roasted barley, parched corn, chicory roots and even candlenuts, dried and roasted, were used as coffee substitutes. White or granulated sugar was rarely used and only on the table for company. Brown sugar and old-fashioned black-

molasses were used for sweetening. Honey, apple butter, fruit jams and even lard were used as substitutes for butter. Butter was scarce and dear for those times, and bread and molasses, bread and honey, and even bread and lard, were considered plenty good enough for all but the very old people. In those days nearly every family in town kept a cow. The papers of that day emphasized the fact that coffee and tea were more numerous when used without milk. Ananias (Mont.) Standard.

## Valuable Walrus Hides.

One of the thickest-skinned animals in existence is the walrus, which is found in great herds on the ice fields of the ocean and in winter on Bering sea. Hides one inch or more thick, especially around the shoulders, are common, and they can be split into many thicknesses, every layer a tough, strong, durable leather. The hides are used for making bags, trunks and buffers for polishing in the shops of

gold and silver smiths. Beneath the hide of the walrus is a layer of fat often six inches thick which protects the walrus from cold. It will sleep on an ice floe till he melts a great basin in it from the warmth of his ponderous body.

Fitting for it. "That man ought to be able to keep the pot boiling." "Why should he?" "Because he is always in hot water."

would men who can testify to the joy of having been saved by it. It can carry two patients in its fuselage, lying upon stretchers hung from springs and sheltered from all wind. Its great advantages over terrestrial ambulances are that it goes 40 miles in 15 minutes; its occupants get none of the shocks and jolts that give so much pain.

It was the Red Cross painted large on its wings, and it never flies high, so that it may not be suspected of making observations. Of course, this

## HOUSING PROBLEM BECOMING ACUTE

Need for Better Homes Not Confined to Big Cities.

SOLUTION FOUND IN ENGLAND

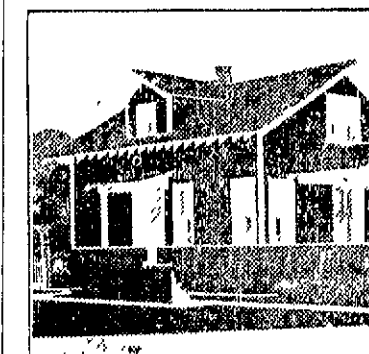
Builders Recognize Necessity of Providing Dwelling That Will Be Something More Than Mere Shelter.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF CHARGE on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the reader of this paper. He will be glad to receive suggestions and criticisms. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 127 Pacific avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose three cent stamp for reply.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD. A challenge not only to the sound judgment, but to the idealism of the American business man lies in what has come to be called the "industrial housing problem." Behind this name of fact words is a world of vital significance affecting the greater, more efficient, more beautiful America for which forward-looking men are beginning, in a large way, to plan.

The solution lies neither in sentiment alone nor in unmitigated business sense; it is comprehended, however, in that mixture of the two qualities which makes for the greatest social value and personal success in industry.

The practice of providing suitable homes for workers in its infancy in America, England has solved the prob-

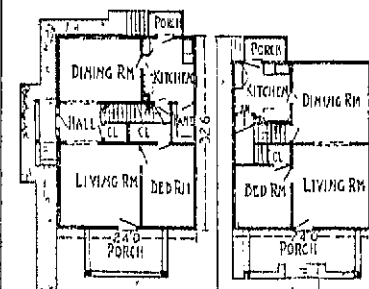
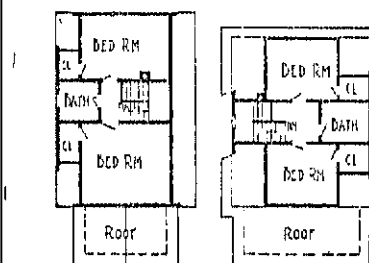


lem with characteristic British slowness and thoroughness. But in America, the land is as yet too new, the positive forces of industrial opportunity as yet too prolific, labor is yet too plentiful, to have brought this incidental but altogether vital problem to more than a merely tentative solution.

War Forces Consideration. The great war, however, has been the great precipitator. It has crystallized conditions that would otherwise have been a generation, a century in a quieted flux. The housing problem in the United States has been moved up at least a generation. Where yesterday it was with many industrial organizations a matter of sentiment or casual experiment, it is today a problem of grim necessity, though it will never find a real solution until sentiment aligns with business judgment to produce a humanly likable, workable and altogether satisfactory result.

The reason why the housing problem cannot be dealt with solely in a cold, logical, business fashion should be apparent to everyone. That it is not apparent is evident from the fact that many attempts at solving the problem in America have resulted unsatisfactorily.

The English student of the housing problem provides a dwelling that com-



Floor Plans of Cottages Shown in Picture. First Floor Plans Below.

lines comfort with ample space and general coziness. There is usually a garden, a breathing space, the mercy of vines and trees to soothe the weariness from toil-worn senses which too often do not sense their own needs. The garden is no less important than the sanitation, the ventilation—even more important in many respects than the house itself.

There is no need to point out the obvious fact that the competition for labor in the United States is stiffening daily. The appeals for conscription of labor, the efforts of manufacturers to prevent competitive bidding for labor, the general but usually mistaken complaint of labor shortage—all bear witness to this fact. Far more practicable than all the solutions thus far offered is proper housing.

Mere Shelter Not Enough. But proper housing does not mean mere shelter. Man is a sentimental animal. His holiest sentiment centers about the home. Home is man's own country; if they do not, they are not less for long. They mean attachment to locality, they mean a vital interest in the community; they mean, most of all, a sense of security which implies—the psychologists and the workmen themselves tell us—permanence, comfort and enthusiasm in one's surround-

ings. This was the meaning of the English cottage and garden.

The problem of housing then is, first of all, one for the employer.

The problem is also one for the community and particularly for those members of the community who profit most by its healthy, sound and consistent growth. Chief among these members is the banker. But merchants should also be interested, as well as the owners of traction companies, and all those who are possessed of a disinterested civic pride.

So in the cities where the individual employer cannot meet the problem, it is properly one for a stock company composed of employers, bankers, merchants, and those advocates of betterment who prefer a garden suburb to huge rows of poorly planned, ill-built, altogether mentally and financially depressing flats and shacks—mis-called cottages.

Country Faces New Conditions. There is, however, a larger and more important phase of the problem that may thus far be considered here. The new world which has been thrust upon us within the last few years brings an obligation to create a new, more beautiful, more efficient, more glorious America. The foundation of that America must be labor; well paid, contented labor; and only such labor can be depended upon in the period of all-inclusive readjustments and reconstruction which may be thrust upon us at any time by the end of the world war. Proper housing, housing that, no matter who the laborer or what his habits, creates the permanent home sense, will be an important demoralizing factor in the situation.

As the future of America depends upon such labor, it is naturally a proper object of government encouragement.

We have built our nation by aid to home-steadling farmers; one of our chief privileges and obligations today is to

## GETS HEART BALM

WEDS OLD SUITOR

Irish Beauty Who Received \$100,000 Is Now Happily Married.

RICH OLD MAN PAID

Give Secretary Tidy Fortune After Breaking Engagement—She Returns to Ireland and Marries Old Playmate.

New York.—Miss Hannah May O'Brien, the "Goddess of Skibbereen," who collected \$100,000 heart balm from John H. Manning, an aged and wealthy stockholder of New York city, has been secretly married in Ireland to one of her childhood playmates, according to a letter forwarded by the young Irish beauty to one of her friends in this country. The bridegroom is John Daly, a farmer of Skibbereen, who wanted to marry her three years ago when she came to America.

Jilted Girl Received \$100,000.

When Miss O'Brien arrived in this country she went to work in Manning's Wall street office. Manning, who was thirty-three years old, surprised his friends by announcing, early in December of 1914, that he was about to marry Miss O'Brien. The day before the wedding was to have taken place, Manning telephoned to Cardinal Farley that there would be no wedding; that the six children of his first wife had strongly opposed the match, and that he was too old to marry a woman of twenty-eight. It had been said that he had arranged to settle \$500,000 upon his bride.

When the wedding was called off, Miss O'Brien began an action for \$1,000,000 against Manning. A jury gave a verdict of \$225,000, which the presiding judge reduced to \$125,000. Manning's lawyers threatened to appeal and Miss O'Brien accepted \$100,000, returning to Ireland almost at once. At the trial Miss O'Brien testified to the ancient wooing of her aged suitor.

Ample herself to the problem of adequately housing, not housing labor, to the future greatness and glory of America.

"Eagles" in Currency. American gold eagles, eagles, half-eagles and quarter-eagles of the value of \$10, \$5 and \$2.50, respectively, were first placed in circulation 125 years ago, December 6, 1792. Since that date the United States mints have turned out in the neighborhood of 750,000,000 eagles, or \$20 billion pieces; over 50,000,000 eagles about 10,000,000 half-eagles, and some 20,000,000 quarter-eagles. One and three-fourth gold pieces were formerly coined, but they were discontinued in 1830. The first eagle called an eagle was used in Ireland in the thirteenth century, and was so called from the figure of an eagle impressed upon it. It was made the basic metal. The standard of the eagle was borne by the ancient Persians, and the Romans also coined gold and silver eagles as emblems, and sometimes represented them with thunderbolts in their talons. Charlemagne adopted the double eagle as the standard of the holy Roman empire. The eagle was the standard of Napoleon I and Napoleon III, and is today the standard of Austria and Prussia, while before the revolution, Russia also claimed it.

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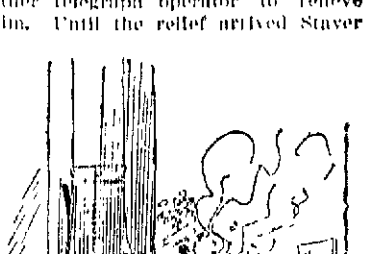
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## STUCK TO HIS POST OF DUTY

Railroad Telegrapher Stayed "on Job" While His Home Was Burning.

Lock Haven, Pa.—It. R. Slaver, railroad telegrapher, on duty near Lock Haven, Pa., stood at his post of duty and watched his home burn, unable to leave his telegraph key. He knew that his wife and their three-day-old baby were in danger and helpless, but the thought of a possible railroad wreck, with its consequent loss of life, kept him at his post.

When Slaver saw the smoke rising from the roof of his house he turned in an alarm and then summoned another telegraph operator to relieve him. Until the relief arrived Slaver



Stuck by His Key.

stuck by his key, watching his home burning and not knowing whether or not his family had been saved.

With the arrival of relief the telegrapher dashed from the telegraph office and to his home. The blaze was under control, but not until it had practically ruined the home. However, the wife and her newborn baby were safe, railroad men having placed them on a cot and carried them from the burning home to a place of safety.

TROUSER MYSTERY SOLVED

Load Removed From Minds of a Conspicuous Board in Indiana.

Princeton, Ind.—A mystery has been solved and a load removed from the minds of the members of the Gibson county conscription board. Several weeks ago, after 100 young men had taken the physical examination for army service, the board found a pair of trousers remaining in the dressing room. Nobody claimed them, and, though they watched closely, the board members saw no trespassing young man going about the streets.

One day a young man from the vicinity of Lyles station came in and claimed the trousers.

He said he had on three pairs when he came in to be examined and in the haste and bustle of getting his numerous clothes off and on again he had overlooked one pair.

COCK FIGHT AUDIENCE HELD UP BY BANDITS

Greenwich, Conn.—While sporting men from points in Connecticut, N. J. and New York were enjoying a series of cock fights in a barn near here six bandits, heavily armed and masked, held up the entire party, obtaining several thousand dollars. The automobiles used by the sporting men had been disabled, preventing pursuit. The bandits emptied their revolvers and then escaped. Eleven sporting men have been arrested for violating the law which prohibits cock fights.

MAN REFUSES TO QUIT JAIL

Antisocial Court by Fearfully Resisting Judge to Extend His Sentence.

St. Louis, Mo.—Alexander Hastlen, seventy-seven years old, a gardener of East St. Louis, Ill., refused to be released from the county jail at Belleview recently. He had served a six months' sentence for vagrancy.

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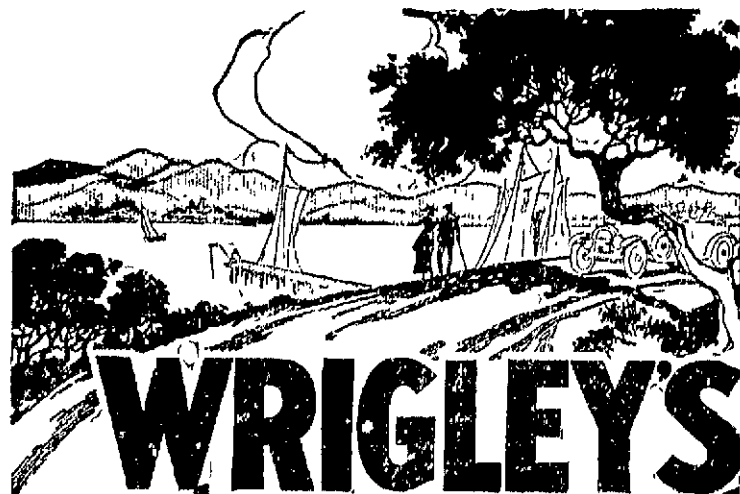
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"After every meal"

Spring is in the air—the fields and woods and waters call—

And to add to the zest of outdoor pleasures nothing affords the long-lasting refreshment of WRIGLEY'S—

So carry it always with you.

The Flavor Lasts



Reading, Pa.

Lord Reading, the British ambassador, is as young looking as he is talented, and his youthful appearance got him into an amusing adventure last week.

He had lunched at a Washington hotel, and when his bill was brought, he told the waiter he would have it charged.

"Charge it, then, please," said the waiter.

So Lord Reading wrote "Reading" at the foot of the bill, and the waiter snatched it up and hurried away.

He returned in a moment and said contemptuously:

"Here, young fellow, sign your name to this. 'We don't care nothing about where you from.'"

Indian Warriors.

A company of soldiers recruited from the Mohawk tribe of Indians was sent to England for training several weeks ago and is now in action on the continent.

Health may be worth, but the pawnbroker refuses to accept it as collateral.

Self dental is also one of the attributes of patriotism.

Up in the Air.

Copeland (narrated by censor) is the champion optimist in the (deleted by censor) column. On his first visit to Paris in an air raid was in progress, and as he observed the Parisians, all about on the tables, he said to his companion:

"There's one fine thing about this air raid—"

"And that is—?"

"It keeps you looking up."

"(Hearty deleted by censor)."—Curtain Magazine.

An Audacious Guest.

"The lions never touched Dantel when he was thrown into their den."

"Maybe," ventured the painfully perspiring child, "it was menial day."

His Species.

"What a mean looking fellow. I bet he's a bird."

"Yes, he's a stool pigeon."

Many a man is sorry he spoke after spending an hour picking furniture and such things.

Kicking a man after he is down is one way of making him get up—but it isn't always safe to do it.

HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

IF YOUR BACK ACHES

Do you feel tired and "worn-out"? Are you nervous and irritable? Don't sleep well at night? Have a "drugged out" or "restless" feeling when you get up in the morning? Do you get a "backache" or "stiffness" in the morning? Do you get a "backache" or "stiffness" in the morning?

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"I can see no reason why the White Sox will not repeat this season the victory they put over in 1917." Such was the enthusiastic declaration of Charles A. Comiskey, owner of the world champion Chicago White Sox, and one of the biggest men in the national pastime in point of prestige. "Our club remains intact," he added. "Except for the loss of Joe Judge and Jim Scott, who have joined the colors, we will have the same club that won for us the championship of the world last autumn. We have a veteran ball club, most of our men being married. Therefore we have lost few in the draft. And, also, we have no holdouts."

## NATIONAL LEAGUE NOW FIGHT FOR UNCLE SAM.

New York—Killy, Baird, Jones, Philadelphia—Thurp, Cincinnati—Roth, St. Louis—Curry, Goodwin, Miller, Knight, Hunt, Chicago—Marriott, Mann, Alexander, Boston—Gowdy, Marville, Rhee, Schreiner, Brooklyn—Caddess, Pfeffer, Smith, Malone, Kilgus, Kelleher, McGinnis, Hietman, Pittsburgh—Warner, Miller, Carlson, Flynn.

## "NIG" CLARKE MADE MANAGER

Veteran Catcher Appointed Leader of Mariners' Baseball Team—Miller Refused Job.

"Nig" Clarke, veteran catcher, now in the marines, has been shifted from the camp at Parris Island, S. C., to Quantico, Va., where he has been made manager of the Mariners' ball team. This is the team that John Miller, formerly of the St. Louis Cardinals, was slated to manage, but Miller declined he had enlisted to fight, not to play ball.

## SISLER AFTER LEADING HONORS THIS SEASON

George Sisler, the first baseman of the St. Louis Browns, will make Ty Cobb look to his laurels the coming season. Sisler ran second to Cobb in batting last year, hitting over the .350 mark. This season he should go even better. Sisler is the best all-around player on the diamond. "The New York Yankees made a mighty effort to land this wonderful player, offering a record-breaking sum, but the offer was spurned."

## YANKEE SOLDIERS IN FRANCE

Americans Organize Baseball League in Paris and Are Ready to Arrange Schedule.

The American Soldiers' Baseball league, which has been organized in Paris, is ready to arrange a schedule for the season's games. The league committee has made up of men of all the different categories of the service in the city—the aviation service, the engineers, the military police, the Soldiers and Sailors' club, the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., and the quartermaster's department.

Practice games already played have shown plenty of good material available for the teams, whose workouts in the Tuilleries gardens, in Montmartre, and other quarters of the city have aroused great curiosity on the part of Parisians.

Phillips Loea a Pitcher.

Ben McKenty, a rookie pitcher of promise with the Phillies, has declined to enlist and "thence, another twister, is likely to be caught in the draft."

Hummel Playing on Coast.

John Hummel, for many years with the Brooklyn club, and last season first baseman for the Buffalo International, is now playing an outfield position for the San Francisco club.

Ferris Will Manage.

Doc Ferris, a pitcher, has been appointed manager of the Ingersoll Blue Ridge League club.

Draft Outfielder Miller.

Biddle Miller, Chattanooga outfielder, has been called to the colors.

Brooklyn Leader is Winner.

Won National League Pennant in 1916—Was Member of Wonderful 1916 Team.

Wilbur Robinson, the fastidious leader of the Brooklyn Nationals, has to his credit as a manager one pennant. He won the National flag in 1916 and was chosen by the Boston Red Sox in a world's championship series. Robinson is a veteran catcher and acted as chief coach of J. J. McGraw's pitching staff before signing with Brooklyn as manager.

In his playing days he caught for the wonderful Baltimore Orioles team, having for his teammates, J. J. McGraw, Hugh Jennings, Joe Kelly, Kid Gleason, and other celebrated baseball stars. Robinson's Brooklyn Dodgers finished seventh last year. He had a disfigured hand of players, who rebelled over salary reductions. Brooklyn ought to get better this season.

FEW PLAYERS FOREIGN BORN.

All but Dozen of 400 Baseball Pastimes in 1917 Were Natives of the United States.

Among the 400 ball players in big league camps last year there were only a dozen or so who were not born in this country, demonstrating baseball is absolutely an American game.

The only big leaguers born on foreign soil are Catchers Jimmy Archie, born in Dublin; Catcher George Gibson, a native of London; Outfielder Miguel Gonzalez of the Cardinals, who hails from Havana; Pitcher George Chalmers, born in Aberdeen, Scotland; Third Baseman Jimmy Austin of the Browns, born in Swansea, Wales; First Baseman Melvitz of the Cubs, who first saw the light in Kolberg, Germany; Outfielder Marsup of the Yankees, another native of Cuba; Roy Beecher and Jack Graney, Canadians, and Jim Walsh of the Red Sox, who was born in County, Ireland.

OLDEST OUTFIELD IN LEAGUE.

Frank Schulte, Zeb Milan and Bert Shotton of Washington Nationals, Are Veterans.

## TRADE MANY PLAYERS

Twenty-Five in American League Play for New Bosses.

List of Players Exchanged Does Not Include Those Who Have Been Called to Colors Since End of Last Season.

A number of players in both of the major league organizations will wear different uniforms this season than the ones they performed in during the 1917 campaign. Twenty-five players in the American League will dress their uniforms from new owners this season and twenty-one in the National League.

Following is the list of athletes who have been traded or sold among the major league clubs since last season. It does not include those players who have been traded and called to the colors:

## American League.

New York—Joe Judge to St. Louis, Fritz Malsb to St. Louis, Nick Cullip to St. Louis, Urban Shocker to St. Louis, Tim Hendrix to St. Louis, Leslie Numenaker to St. Louis.

Boston—Forest Gacy to Philadelphia, Chester Thomas to Philadelphia, Vonn Gregg to Philadelphia, Larry Gardner to Philadelphia, Joe Kopp to Philadelphia, Pennock to Philadelphia, George Foster to Cincinnati.

Washington—Bert Gallia to St. Louis.

Philadelphia—Stuffy McInnis to Boston, Joe Bush to Boston, Wally Schang to Boston, Ping Bodie to New York.

St. Louis—Doc Pratt to New York, Doctor Lavan to Washington, Bert Shotton to Washington, Lee Mingo to Cincinnati, Bob Groom of Cleveland.

Detroit—George Burns to Philadelphia, via New York club.

## National League.

New York—Charles Egan to Boston, Jimmy Smith to Boston.

Brooklyn—Cawey Stengel to Pittsburgh, George Chisham to Pittsburgh, Boston—George Taylor to Chicago, Jesse Harness to New York.

Philadelphia—Graver Alexander to Chicago, Bill Kilgus to Chicago, Dodo Paskert to Chicago, Bert Neill to St. Louis.

St. Louis—Dan Griner to Brooklyn, Pittsburgh—Albert Mannaux to Brooklyn, Burleigh Grimes to Brooklyn.

Cincinnati—William McKeechie to Pittsburgh, Dave Sheen to Boston Americans.

Chicago—Larry Doyle to New York, via Boston, Ott Wilson to Boston, Cy Williams to Philadelphia, Mike Pendergast to Philadelphia, "Pickles" Dillinger to Philadelphia.

## JACK COOMBS SAYS THIS WILL BE HIS LAST YEAR

Jack Coombs, veteran pitcher of the Dodgers and a former star of the old Athletics, has told friends that this year will be his last season in baseball. He did not say what his future plans are, but he is known to have interests in Palestine, Tex., which probably demand his attention.

Nothing Even Midway.

Jeffery—"It's even ahead of his time with his ideas." Ketter—"Yes, and away behind times with paying his bills."

Alas Slacker.

"Oh, what is a pacifist?"

"A pacifist, my son, is a bachelor who's afraid to get married."

After acquiring a European reputation an actor seeks an American salary.

Pleading debts may sink a corporation.

## WOMAN'S NERVES MADE STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Winona, Minn.—"I suffered for more than a year from nervousness, and so bad I could not rest at night—would awake and get so nervous I would have to get up and walk around, and in the morning would be all tired out. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and thought I would try it. My nervousness soon left me. I sleep well and feel fine in the morning and able to do my work. I gladly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to make weak nerves strong."

Mrs. Albert Surtz, 608 Olmstead St., Winona, Minn.

How often do we hear the expression among women, "I am so nervous, I cannot sleep," or "It seems as though I should fly." Such women should profit by Mrs. Surtz's experience and give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial.

For forty years it has been overcoming such serious conditions as dyspepsia, indigestion, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, dizziness, and nervous prostration of women, and is now considered the standard remedy for such ailments.

Clear Your Skin While You Sleep with Cuticura

25c. Cuticura 25c. & 50c.

## NOW A BIG LEAGUE VETERAN

Walter Johnson Has Been With Washington Club Eleven Years—1913 Best Season.

Walter Johnson has been with the Washington club 11 years and in that period has won 240 games and lost 100. His best season was in 1913, when he clinched up 36 victories and lost only seven games. The year previous his record was 32 won and 12 lost. Last season he won 23 and lost 10 games. He makes us one of the greatest pitchers that have ever been in the game. He put Washington on the baseball map.

Baseball's War Hero.

Baseball's first involuntary war hero to return from the front in France has arrived on a hospital ship at New York in the person of Barney Kornas, former Northwestern League and Coast League player. Kornas suffered a physical breakdown soon after arriving in France and as his condition showed no signs of improvement he was invalided home.

Moran Picks the Giants.

Pat Moran, manager of the Philadelphia Athletics, picks the Giants to win the National League pennant again. He praises Alexander and Kilgus, but he says they will hardly strengthen the Cubs enough to enable the Chicago team to win the title.

Browne Get Billy Kelley.

Billy Kelley, who won the catching end of the celebrated \$22,600 battery sold to the Pirates by Minneapolis some years ago, has been landed by the St. Louis Browns.

## THINKING MORE ABOUT DEATH

War's Effect on the Minds of Englishmen Is Declared to Have Been Extraordinary.

In England the effect of religious thought of three years ago and a half of war has been extraordinary. The revival of religious fervor, in many instances the direct result of personal loss by death or fear of impending loss, has reflected itself in English literature.

The most astonishing of all recent conversions is that of H. G. Wells, hitherto and yet tender-hearted Socialist, who now writes of religion as if it were a discovery of his own.

Another writer who has been led by the war in faith in a life beyond the grave is Sir Oliver Lodge, whose book, "Raymond," dealing with the communications said to have been received from his son, is one of the phenomena of present-day literature.

The war is making the world think intently about death and what comes after and, in consequence, is urging them to establish a closer relation during life with the eternal—Exchange.

## Too Late.

"Hello! Is this Senator Banks?"

"Yes, What do you want?"

"I want to be appointed Postmaster of Knoxville."

"Who are you?"

"I am the son of the present incumbent. Father is very ill, and the doctor says that he cannot last another day. As no one else should soon see it, I thought I would call you up to make sure that I was the first."

"I'm sorry, but some one has anticipated you."

"What! Who was it?"

"The doctor!"—Judge.

## FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of faking up your freckles, as Othello—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these blemishes.

Simply get an ounce of Othello—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it each morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is so simple that even a child can use it. It is so gentle that it does not irritate the skin and does not need to be completely clear of the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othello as it is the only one guaranteed to remove freckles—Ad.

Encouraging.

"There's a man outside who says he's your father and wants to see you about a bill."

"Will you have me to attend the funeral of a rich relative from whom I expect to inherit a great deal of money?"

"Have you lost a relative, sir?"

"No; but that fellow has been here so many times I feel I ought to say something that will make him feel better."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss. I, Frank J. Cheney, make oath that he is senior partner of the firm of J. J. Cheney & Co., doing business as the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS for any case of Cuticura that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH REMEDY.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Signed before me and subscribed in my presence, this 10th day of December, A. D. 1918.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Notary Public.

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## It's Poor Economy to Endure a Bad Back

In these days of rising prices, we need every ounce of strength and the ability to do a full day's work every day. The man or woman with weak kidneys is half crippled. Sore, aching kidneys; lame, stiff back, headache, dizzy spells and a dull, tired feeling and urinary disorders are daily sources of distress. You can't afford to neglect kidney weakness and make it easy for gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease to take you. Get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills today. They have helped thousands. They should help you.

## Personal Reports of Real Cases

A WISCONSIN CASE.

Mrs. A. Lindstrom, 201 Menomonee Ave., Marinette, Wis., says: "About three years ago I suffered from backache and was in misery from head to foot. The worst pain seemed to be in the small of my back. My system was full of bile and my kidneys were badly diseased. I got no relief until I began to use Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me and I am glad to say I haven't had to use a kidney medicine since. My back is now as strong and well as can be and my kidneys act fine."

ANOTHER WISCONSIN CASE.

Henry Newkirk, State St., Manitowish, Wis., says: "I knew Doan's Kidney Pills are good for kidneys were weak and I had pain through my joints. The kidneys contained acid, too. I have been better in every way since I used Doan's Kidney Pills. The sharp pains have left me and my kidneys are normal."

Two years later Mr. Newkirk said: "Doan's Kidney Pills gave me a lasting cure. I am pleased to confirm the other recommendations I have given them."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

60c a Box At All Stores. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Chemists

## As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

correct CONSTIPATION

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills

## Spring Run of Distemper

"SPORNS" A small outlay of money brings very great results. It is a sure cure and a preventive if you use it as per directions. Brooms, mats and sars. The \$1 size is twice the quantity and an ounce more than the face size. Get your horses in best condition for late spring and summer. All druggists, harness dealers or manufacturers.

SPORN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

LET HIS GERMAN BLOOD OUT

Patriotism Shown by Would-Be Fighter—Surely Entitled Him to a Place in the Ranks.

"I thought I had a few drops of German blood in my veins, so I picked my great toe and let them flow out. Now I'm ready to take the oath."

So saying, William Strasburger, an applicant for enlistment in the United States marine corps at Newark, N. J., removed his shoe and displayed to the astonished gaze of Sgt. Thomas Green a limped "little pig that went to market."

"How do you know that the blood you let out was German and not some other kind?" asked Green.

"I picked at a point furthest from my heart," returned Strasburger, who is American-born and pugilistically anti-Yentone.

But Strasburger can't be a United States marine. He lacked the weight and height necessary.—New York World.

## Not So Merc.

The small boy sometimes sees straight and sees far, says the Christian Science Monitor. John stood high in his examination, but a girl took the highest mark. His father was indignant.

"John, I am surprised to find you have allowed yourself to be beaten by a mere girl."

"Yes, father," said John, unblushingly, "I have; but I can tell you something—girls are not so very merciful after all."

Wise Mabel.

Louise, nine years old, asked her mother:

"Where is papa going?"

"To a stag party," she



OWNER COMISKEY PREDICTS WHITE SOX  
PENNANT VICTORY AGAIN THIS SEASON

"I can see no reason why the White Sox will not repeat this season the victory they put over in 1917." Such was the enthusiastic declaration of Charles A. Comiskey, owner of the world champion Chicago White Sox and one of the biggest men in the national pastime in point of prestige. "Our club remains intact," he added. "Except for the loss of Joe Jenkins and Jim Scott, who have joined the colors, we will have the same club that won for us the championship of the world last autumn. We have a veteran ball club, most of our men being married. Therefore we have lost few in the draft. And, also, we have no holdouts."

NATIONAL LEAGUE NOW  
FIGHT FOR UNCLE SAM.

New York—Kelly, Baird, Jones, Philadelphia—Tincup, Cincinnati—Rath, St. Louis—Carr, Goodwin, Milwaukee—Hill, Chicago—Marriott, Mann, Alexander, Boston—Gowdy, Maranville, Rico, Schreiber, Brooklyn—Cadore, Pfeiffer, Smith, Malone, Miljus, Kelleher, Fitzsimmons, Hickman, Pittsburgh—Warner, Miller, Carlson, Flynn.

## "NIG" CLARKE MADE MANAGER

Veteran Catcher Appointed Leader of Mariners' Baseball Team—Miller Refused Job.

"Nig" Clarke, veteran catcher, now in the marines, has been shifted from the camp at Parris Island, S. C., to Quantico, Va., where he has been made manager of the Mariners' ball team. This is the team that John Miller, formerly of the St. Louis Cardinals, was slated to manage, but Miller declined he had enlisted to fight, not to play ball.

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Draft Outfielder Miller. Eddie Miller, Chattanooga, outfielder, has been called to the colors.

## BROOKLYN LEADER IS WINNER

Won National League Pennant in 1916—Was Member of Wonderful Oriole Team.

Wilbur Robinson, the Palastan leader of the Brooklyn Nationals, has to his credit as a manager one pennant. He won the National flag in 1916 and was beaten by the Boston Red Sox in a world's championship series. Robinson is a veteran catcher and acted as chief coach of J. J. McGraw's pitching staff before signing with Brooklyn as manager.

In his playing days he caught for the wonderful Baltimore Oriole team, having for his teammates, J. J. McGraw, Hugh Jennings, Joe Kelly, Kid Gleason and other celebrated baseball stars. Robinson's Brooklyn Dodgers finished seventh last year. He had a dissatisfied bunch of players, who rebelled over salary reductions. Brooklyn ought to go better this season.

## FEW PLAYERS FOREIGN BORN

All but Dozen of 400 Baseball Pastimes in 1917 Were Natives of the United States.

Among the 400 ball players in big league camps last year there were only a dozen or so who were not born in this country, demonstrating baseball is absolutely an American game. The only big leaguers born on foreign soil are Catchers Jimmy Archer, born in Dublin; Catcher George Gibson, a native of London, Ontario; Catcher Miguel Gonzalez of the Cardinals, who hails from Havana; Pitcher George Chalmers, born in Aberdeen, Scotland; Third Baseman Jimmy Austin of the Browns, born in Swansea, Wales; First Baseman Mollwitz of the Cubs, who first saw the light in Kolberg, Germany; Outfielder Minors of the Yankees, another native of Cuba; Bob Bescher and Jack Grancy, Canadians, and Jim Walsh of the Red Sox, who was born in Connaught, Ireland.

## OLDEST OUTFIELD IN LEAGUE

Frank Schulte, Zeb Milan and Bert Shotton of Washington Nationals, Are Veterans.

If Frank Schulte, veteran Cub outfielder, succeeds in his attempted comeback with the Nationals, the Washington club will have one of the oldest outfield combinations in point of years that has ever been on the pay roll of a major league outfit. Schulte will be thirty-six years old next September. Zeb Milan and Bert Shotton, the other regular outfielders, are also in the veteran class. Milan is thirty-one and Shotton thirty-two.

## DIAMOND NOTES

Bill Kilfliter has been made field captain of the Cubs.

The Brooklyn park department provides 25 diamonds for youngsters' use.

Hul Chase is playing first base for the Reds in brilliant style. He seems as young as ever.

Baker and Bodie ought to bat in the .800 class this year, with Pratt and Pipp not far behind them.

Merlin Kopp's fine fielding and base running is earning him a job on the Athletics in place of Ping Bodie.

Baseball games in Milwaukee will start at 3:30 p. m. this season instead of four o'clock, the time advocated by some of the club owners of the American association.

The Philadelphia Nationals announce the release of infielder Ossie Duerst to the St. Paul American association club.

President Baum of the Coast league announced Perle Casey, Ralph Frary and Ed Finney as his three umpires to start the season.

If any more of the Cubs announce their intention of answering the draft call, Kilfliter's Cub cadets may prove to be a formidable rival for Jack Barry's navy yard nine.

## TRADE MANY PLAYERS

Twenty-Five in American League Play for New Bosses.

List of Players Exchanged Does Not Include Those Who Have Been Called to Colors Since End of Last Season.

A number of players in both of the major league organizations will wear different uniforms this season than the ones they performed in during the 1917 campaign. Twenty-five players in the American league will draw their salaries from new owners this season and twenty-one in the National league.

Following is the list of athletes who have been traded or sold among the major league clubs since last season. It does not include those players who have been traded and called to the colors:

American League. New York—Joe Gedeon to St. Louis, Fritz Maisel to St. Louis, Nick Culp to St. Louis, Urban Shocker to St. Louis, Tim Hendrix to St. Louis, Leslie Nunemaker to St. Louis.

Boston—Forrest Cady to Philadelphia, Chester Thomas to Philadelphia, Vean Gregg to Philadelphia, Larry Gardner to Philadelphia, Joe Kopp to Philadelphia, Pennock to Philadelphia, George Foster to Cincinnati.

Washington—Bert Gatliff to St. Louis.

Philadelphia—Stuffy McInnis to Boston, Joe Bush to Boston, Wally Schang to Boston, Ping Bodie to New York.

St. Louis—Del Pratt to New York, Doctor Lavan to Washington, Bert Shotton to Washington, Lee Magee to Cincinnati, Bob Groom to Cleveland.

Detroit—George Burns to Philadelphia, via New York club.

National League. New York—Charles Herzog to Boston, Jimmy Smith to Boston.

Brooklyn—Clayton Kopp to Pittsburgh, George Cuthbert to Pittsburgh.

Boston—George Tyler to Chicago, Jesse Burnes to New York.

Philadelphia—Grover Alexander to Chicago, Bill Kilfliter to Chicago, Dode Faskett to Chicago, Bert Neuhoff to St. Louis.

St. Louis—Dan Griner to Brooklyn, Pittsburgh—Albert Mammaux to Brooklyn, Burleigh Grimes to Brooklyn.

Cincinnati—William McKechnie to Pittsburgh, Dave Shean to Boston Americans.

Chicago—Larry Doyle to New York, via Boston, Clint Wilson to Boston, Cy Williams to Philadelphia, Mike Frenckergast to Philadelphia, "Pickles" Dillifer to Philadelphia.

Jack Coombs Says This Will Be His Last Year



Jack Coombs, veteran pitcher of the Dodgers and a former star of the Athletics, has told friends that this year will be his last season in baseball. He did not say what his future plans are, but he is known to have interests in Palestine, Tex., which probably demand his attention.

## CHICAGO CLUB IS PATRIOTIC

Unable to Buy Players, National Leaguers Subscribe for \$100,000 Liberty Loan Bonds.

The Chicago National League club has subscribed for \$100,000 of the third Liberty loan bonds, being the money part of the \$250,000 which the stockholders appropriated last year for the purpose of purchasing new players and otherwise strengthening the team.

## NOW A BIG LEAGUE VETERAN

Walter Johnson Has Been With Washington Club Eleven Years—1913 Best Season.

Walter Johnson has been with the Washington club 11 years and in that period has won 240 games and lost 136. His best season was in 1913, when he chalked up 36 victories and lost only seven games. The year previous his record was 32 won and 12 lost. Last season he won 23 and lost 16 games. He ranks as one of the greatest pitchers that have ever been in the game. He put Washington on the baseball map.

## Baseball's War Hero.

Baseball's first invalided war hero to return from the front in France has arrived on a hospital ship at New York in the person of Barney Kearns, former Northwestern league and Coast league player. Kearns suffered a physical breakdown soon after arriving in France and as his condition showed no signs of improvement he was invalided home.

Moran Picks the Giants. Pat Moran, manager of the Philadelphia Athletics, has picked the New York Giants to win the National league pennant again. He praises Alexander and Kilfliter, but he says they will hardly strengthen the Cubs enough to enable the Chicago team to win the title.

Brownie Get Billy Kelley. Billy Kelley, who was the catching end of the celebrated \$22,500 battery sold to the Pirates by Minneapolis some years ago, has been landed by the St. Louis Browns.

## THINKING MORE ABOUT DEATH

War's Effect on the Minds of Englishmen is Declared to Have Been Extraordinary.

In England the effect of religious thought of three years and a half of war has been extraordinary. The revival of religious fervor, in many instances the direct result of personal loss by death or fear of impending loss, has reflected itself in English literature.

The most astonishing of all recent conversions is that of H. G. Wells, hard-headed and yet tender-hearted Socialist, who now writes of religion as if it were a discovery of his own.

Another writer who has been led by the war in faith in a life beyond the grave is Sir Oliver Lodge, whose book, "Raymond," dealing with the communications said to have been received from his son, is one of the phenomena of present-day literature.

The war is making the world think intently about death and what comes after and, in consequence, is urging them to establish a closer relation during life with the eternal—Exchange.

Too Late. "Hello! Is this Senator Blanks?" "Yes. What do you want?" "I want to be appointed Postmaster of Dreezeville."

"Who are you?" "I am the son of the present incumbent. Father is very ill, and the doctor says that he cannot last another day. As no one else outside the family is aware of the seriousness of his illness I thought I would call you up to make sure that I was the first."

"I'm sorry, but some one has anticipated you."

"What! Who was it?" "The doctor!"—Judge.

## FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othello—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these annoying spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othello—double strength—each day, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and give a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to get the double strength Othello, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Encouraging. "There's a man outside who says he's your tailor and wants to see you about a bill."

"Tell him I've gone to attend the funeral of a rich relative from whom I expect to inherit a great deal of money."

"Have you lost a relative, sir?" "No; but that fellow has been here so many times I feel I ought to say something that will make him feel better."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner in the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., engaged in doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Sworn to before me this 6th day of December, A. D. 1918.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public, HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

Druggists sell it, or write F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Nothing Even Midway. Jetter: "He's away ahead of his time with his ideas." Keeter: "Yes, and away behind times with paying his bills."

Alias Slacker. "Pa, what is a pacifist?" "A pacifist, my son, is a bachelor who's afraid to get married."

After acquiring a European reputation an actor seeks an American salary.

Floating debts may sink a corporation.

## WOMAN'S NERVES MADE STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Winona, Minn.—"I suffered for more than a year from nervousness, and was so bad I could not rest at night. I was unable to do any work, and I was so nervous I would have to get up and walk around and in the morning would be all tired out. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and thought I would try it. My nervousness and sleep left me. I sleep well and feel fine in the morning and I can do my work."

"I had the cash and we could not spend it for players," Charles H. Weeghman, president of the club, explained.

For four years it has been overcoming such serious conditions as displacement, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, dizziness, and nervous prostration of women, and is now considered the standard remedy for such ailments.

How often do we hear the expression among women, "I am so nervous, I cannot sleep," or "It seems as though I should be crazy?"

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial.

For four years it has been overcoming such serious conditions as displacement, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, dizziness, and nervous prostration of women, and is now considered the standard remedy for such ailments.

Clear Your Skin While You Sleep with Cuticura

See 25c. Cuticura 25c. & 50c.

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He praises Alexander and Kilfliter, but he says they will hardly strengthen the Cubs enough to enable the Chicago team to win the title.



## It's Poor Economy to Endure a Bad Back

In these days of rising prices, we need every ounce of strength and the ability to do a full day's work every day. The man or woman with weak kidneys is half crippled. Sore, aching kidneys; lame, stiff back, headache, dizzy spells and a dull, tired feeling and urinary disorders are daily sources of distress. You can't afford to neglect kidney weakness and make it easy for gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease to take you. Get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills today. They have helped thousands. They should help you.

## Personal Reports of Real Cases

A WISCONSIN CASE. Mrs. A. Lindstrom, 301 Menomonee Ave., Marinette, Wis., says: "About three years ago I suffered from backache and was in misery from head to foot. The worst pain seemed to be in the small of my back. My system was full of uric acid and my kidneys were badly disordered. I got no relief until I began to use Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me and I am glad to say I haven't had to use a kidney medicine since. My back is now as strong and well as can be and my kidneys set fine."

## DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

60c a Box At All Stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Chemists

## As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price But Great in its Good Work

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS correct CONSTIPATION

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills

## Spring Run of Distemper

"SPOONS" MAY BE WILLIAMS' AVOIDED BY USING A small outlay of money brings very great results. It is a cure and a sure cure. The size is twice the quantity and an ounce more than the size of any other brand of medicine.

LET HIS GERMAN BLOOD OUT. Patriotism Shown by Would-Be Fighter Surely Entitled Him to a Place in the Ranks.

"I thought I had a few drops of German blood in my veins, so I picked my great toe and let them flow out. Now I'm ready to take the oath."

So saying, William Strassburger, an applicant for enlistment in the United States marine corps at Newark, N. J., removed his shoe and displayed to the astonished gaze of Sergeant Thomas Green a bandaged "little pig that went to market."

"How do you know that the blood you let out was German and not some other kind?" asked Green.

"I picked at a point furthest from my heart," returned Strassburger, "I am American-born and passionately anti-Teutonic."

But Strassburger can't be a United States marine. He lacked the weight and height necessary.—New York World.

Not So Mere. The small boy sometimes sees straight ahead, says the Christian Science Monitor. John stood high in his examination, but a girl took the highest mark. His father was indignant.

"John, I am surprised to find you have allowed yourself to be beaten by a mere girl!"

"Yes, father," said John, unblushingly. "I have; but I can tell you something—girls are not so very mere after all."

Wise Mabel. Louise, nine years old, asked her mother:

"Where is papa going?"

"To a stag party," she replied.

"What is a stag party?"

Sister Mabel, seven years old, who had been listening with a dignified attitude of superior wisdom answered instantly: "It's where they stagger. Didn't you know?"—Pittsburgh Sun.

Mistaken. A Mississippi duck was defended in court on one occasion by a lawyer who is now in congress.

Having brought against him the attorney said: "Tell me, Joe, did you really steal that mule?"

"Well, suh, it was just like this," said the duck. "I did think that I stole that mule, but after what you said to the jury I know I didn't."

Reverse Effect. "Why are you always warning me against loose talk?" "Because they generally end in tight places."

Cruel Comment. "My wife was stung on that last bonnet she got." "No wonder; she's always got a bee in it."

ON GUARD. At this time of the year people feel weak, tired, listless, their blood is thin, they have lived indoors and perhaps expended all their mental and bodily energy and they want to know how to renew their energy and stamina, overcome headaches and backaches, have clear eyes, a smooth, rosy skin, and feel the exhilaration of real good health tingling thru their body. Good, pure, rich, red blood is the best insurance against all of these ailments. Almost all diseases come from impure and impoverished blood. It is to be noticed in the pale or pimply face, the tired, haggard appearance or the listless manner.

Drink hot water a half hour before meals, and for a valuable tonic there's nothing better than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the old-fashioned herbal remedy, which has had such a fine reputation for fifty years. It contains no alcohol or narcotics. It is made from Golden Seal root, Blood-root, Oregon grape root, Queen's root, Black Cherry bark, extracted with glycerine, and made into tablets and liquid. Tablets sixty cents, at most drug stores.

In order to insure pure blood and to build up the system try this tonic known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Get it now!

"My wife was stung on that last bonnet she got." "No wonder; she's always got a bee in it."

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 20-1918.

Are You Bloating After Eating With that gassy, puffy feeling, and hurting near your heart? For Quick Relief—Take ONE

EATONIC FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE

You can fairly feel it work. It drives the GAS out of your body and the Bloat goes with it. Removes Quickly—Indigestion, Heartburn, Sour Stomach, etc. Get EATONIC from your Druggist with the DOUBLE GUARANTEE. Sold by the "Eaton" Store, Address Eaton Specialty Co., 1015-16 St. W. Adams, Chicago, Ill.



## WRIGLEY'S

"After every meal"

Spring is in the air—the fields and woods and waters call—

And to add to the zest of outdoor pleasures nothing affords the long-lasting refreshment of WRIGLEY'S—

So carry it always with you.

The Flavor Lasts

Up in the Air. Corporal (name deleted by censor) is the champion optimist in the (deleted by censor) regiment. On his first visit to Paris an air raid was in progress, but as he observed the Parisians, all intent on the tubs, he said to his companion:

"There's one fine thing about this air stuff."

"And that is—?"

"It keeps you looking up."

(Reply deleted by censor).—Cartoons Magazine.

An Audacious Guest. "The fies never touched Daniel when he was thrown into their den."

"Why?" ventured the painfully precocious child, "it was needless day."

His Species. "What a mean-looking fellow. I bet he's a bird."

"Yes, he's a stool pigeon."

Many a man is sorry he spoke after spending an hour pricing furniture and such things.

Kicking a man after he is down is one way of making him get up—but it isn't always safe to do it.

Self-denial is also one of the attributes of patriotism.

Indian Warriors. A company of soldiers recruited from the Mohawk tribe of Indians was sent to England for training several weeks ago and is now in action on the continent.

Health may be wealth, but the pawnbroker refuses to accept it as collateral.

HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES IF YOUR BACK ACHES

Do you feel tired and "worn-out"? Are you nervous and irritable? Don't sleep well at night? Have a "dragged out" uneasy feeling when you get up in the morning? Dizzy spells? Biliousness? Bad taste in the mouth, backache, pain or soreness in the loins, and abdomen? Severe distress when urinating, bloated, cloudy urine or sediment? All these indicate gravel or stones in the bladder, or that the poisonous microbes, which are always in your system, have attacked your kidneys.

You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules immediately. The oil soaks gently into the walls and lining of the kidneys, and the life-giving natural germ, which are causing the inflammation, are immediately attacked and chased out of your system without inconvenience or pain.

Don't ignore the "little pains and aches," especially backaches. They may be little now but there is no telling how soon a dangerous or fatal disease of the kidneys, and the life-giving natural germ, which are causing the inflammation, are immediately attacked and chased out of your system without inconvenience or pain.

Do not delay a minute. Go to your druggist and insist on his supplying you with a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. In 24 hours you will feel renewed health and vigor. After you have cured yourself, continue to take one or two Capsules each day so as to keep in first-class condition, and ward off the danger of future attacks. Money refunded if they do not help you. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand, and this is sure of getting the genuine—Adv.

Reasonable inquiry. "I should like a porterhouse steak with mushrooms," said the stranger, "some delicately browned toast with plenty of butter."

"Scuse me, suh," interrupted the waiter. "Is you tryin' to give an order or is you jus' reminiscin' 'bout old times?"

AN ATTACK OF GRIP USUALLY LEAVES KIDNEYS IN WEAKENED CONDITION

Doctors in all parts of the country have been kept busy with the epidemic of grip which has visited so many homes. The symptoms of grip this year are often



NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE



LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. David Barton of Clintonville are visiting at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Barton, at Biron.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gladish of St. Paul arrived in the city on Monday for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Kluge.

Rev. August Miller of La Crosse arrived in the city on Friday evening for a visit of several days with his parents at Neokaosa, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Sears have moved into the new house at Walker, where they expect to spend the summer looking after their cranberry interests.

Miss Arthur Crowns, who recently graduated from the military school at Fort Sill, Okla., is spending a few days at her home with her parents at Neokaosa and friends in this city.

Mrs. Harry Blackburn was in New Lisbon on Wednesday when she accompanied her two young children who will visit with Mr. Blackburn's parents for some time.

Mrs. H. P. Buckert departed on Thursday for Jacksonville, Florida, to spend the summer with her husband, Lieut. Buckert, who is an instructor in a training camp.

CHAUTAUQUA JUNE 10TH

The Chautauqua which is billed for this city will occur from June 10th to 15th. It is stated that the program will contain some unusual features, including a visit by the children who will visit with Mr. Blackburn's parents for some time.

PREVENT LOSS FROM CUTWORMS

Not so much a bigger acreage as a bigger yield is the hope for greater food production. The destruction of insect pests and plant diseases is one of the ways to get the bigger yield without increasing the expense of the amount of labor necessary when a crop is attacked by cutworms. The replanting of cutworms which are more costly in time, labor and money than the prevention of the pests, is a difficult task. The replanting of cutworms is somewhat difficult to fight, according to L. G. Guntner of the entomology department of the University of Wisconsin, because they are mostly at night and hide in the soil during the day. They can be traced by their work. They cut off the young plants near the surface of the soil, making irregular holes in the rows. The cutworms are not the same as the cutworms which are found in the soil during the day. They are not the same as the cutworms which are found in the soil during the day. They are not the same as the cutworms which are found in the soil during the day.

WHEAT NOT NECESSARY IN FEEDING CHILDREN

"Wheat has no superiority over other cereals excepting for yeast bread." This is the answer of the directors of the home economics of the University of Wisconsin to the persons who would excuse their use of wheat flour on the plea of its being necessary in feeding children. "There is no reason why other cereals cannot be used in place of wheat for children," says Miss Amy L. Daniels, who is known throughout the state as a leader in child welfare. "Corn flour makes a good porridge for young children is quite as good as cream of wheat. Strained rolled oats is equally good. There is probably more than one objection in a thousand who cannot use the substitutes because of danger of health."

"Wheat is necessary in yeast bread, not because of any superior nutritive value, but because the gluten in wheat enables the bread to rise properly and the loaf is therefore better in texture and quality."

A CHIVALROUS JUDGE

"One of our judges, famed for his chivalry and unswerving loyalty to the traditions of procedure, was trying a case in which one of the witnesses happened to be a local actress of unusual popularity," said the clerk of the court. "Her evidence was such that the usual question as to her age was not likely to be omitted, so when she came to the stand his honor instructed the court clerk to suspend action for a moment; then he addressed the lady: 'Madam, how old are you?'"

"Twenty-five," promptly returned the witness, who was plainly thirty-five or over.

"Very well," said the judge, politely. "I asked you that question because, if I hadn't, it would surely have been asked by the attorney for the defense cross-examined you. And, now, that you have told your age, do you swear to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth?" Everybody's Magazine.

Dain the covered in a trench are cheaper than open ditches—they don't waste land.

SAVE WHEAT AND WHEAT PRODUCTS

Our boys and the Allied armies across the Atlantic are crying for wheat. The situation is serious, very serious. However, appeals to us to give up all wheat and wheat products until next year. Will you help? You must or we will lose the fight.

Give this message from Hoover the widest publicity. Every citizen should be asked to read it from his pulpit and newspapers should be asked to print the message. Fraternal organizations, women's clubs and schools will please read it and copies should be placed in banks, postoffices and in stores.

The coincidence of the United States Food Administration's appeal to the citizens of Wisconsin to put into practice the principles that it contains is a most timely one.

The Council of National Defense and the advisory commission of the National Council of Defense appeals to the citizens of Wisconsin to put into practice the principles that it contains. The resolution is as follows:

"The Council of National Defense and the advisory commission of the National Council of Defense believe that a concerted effort by the people of the nation will not only go far toward paying America's expenses in the war, but will also reduce consumption of raw and manufactured materials essential to the conduct of the war. The Council urges all to refrain from unnecessary expenditures of every kind, and to bear constantly in mind that only one thing is now of great importance, and that is the winning of the war."

"Our work is not yet complete. In spite of the encouraging results of our efforts, in spite of the fact that our exports of food stuffs are actually increasing and are approaching the minimum requirements abroad, the need for renewed devotion and effort is pressing. While all of the requirements of the food and clothing should be constantly observed, there are certain matters which I desire to stress at this time."

"In the case of meat and meat products, the demand for shipment abroad is very great. Whereas the allied consumption has been reduced to an average of about one and one-quarter pounds per person per week, we are today enjoying an average of about three and one-quarter pounds per person per week. This diversion is inequitable; an understanding of the situation should be reached that the consumption of all meats, including poultry, as nearly as possible, be reduced to two pounds per week per person over four years of age."

"In the case of sugar, we are increased by the necessity of using ships for carrying our soldiers and feeding the Allies and in consequence we must use sugar with great economy. We must emphasize the importance of canning and preserving on a large scale among our people this summer and our available sugar must be conserved for this purpose."

"But the situation with regard to wheat is the most serious in the food supply of the allied world. If we are to satisfy the minimum wheat requirements of our armies and the Allies and the suffering millions in the allied countries our consumption of wheat in the United States until the next harvest must be reduced approximately to one-third of the normal. It is inconceivable that we should fail in this crisis. For each of us who feel that human suffering is a privilege and not a sacrifice. All elements of our population cannot bear this burden equally; those engaged in physical labor need a larger ration than those in sedentary occupations. Because of the constant daily employment of women and the lack of home baking facilities and the fact that in large urban centers require a food ration already prepared, such as the bakers' standard victory bread loaf. Furthermore, we must constantly safeguard the special requirements of children and invalids."

"To meet the situation abroad and to prevent serious suffering at home, it is imperative that all those whose circumstances permit abstain from wheat and wheat products in any form until the next harvest. It is realized and deeply appreciated that this burden cannot be placed on all equally. The minimum wheat ration for all citizens should be reduced to one-third of the normal. It is inconceivable that we should fail in this crisis. For each of us who feel that human suffering is a privilege and not a sacrifice. All elements of our population cannot bear this burden equally; those engaged in physical labor need a larger ration than those in sedentary occupations. Because of the constant daily employment of women and the lack of home baking facilities and the fact that in large urban centers require a food ration already prepared, such as the bakers' standard victory bread loaf. Furthermore, we must constantly safeguard the special requirements of children and invalids."

Andrew Mosher of Trent, Lake spent several days in the city this week on business.

THRIFT AND ECONOMY ESSENTIAL TO VICTORY

The Council of National Defense and its advisory commission adopted on May 6 a resolution urging an immediate and concerted effort on the part of all citizens in the prosecution of the war. The work of carrying out the campaign has been entrusted to the state Councils of Defense.

It is fundamental that every man, woman and child in the country at once begin the practice of the utmost economy. Not everyone can fight at the front, but every one can fight against Prussia by fighting against waste and extravagance at home.

In presenting the resolution of the National Council the Wisconsin State Council of Defense appeals to the citizens of Wisconsin to put into practice the principles that it contains. The resolution is as follows:

"The Council of National Defense and the advisory commission of the National Council of Defense believe that a concerted effort by the people of the nation will not only go far toward paying America's expenses in the war, but will also reduce consumption of raw and manufactured materials essential to the conduct of the war. The Council urges all to refrain from unnecessary expenditures of every kind, and to bear constantly in mind that only one thing is now of great importance, and that is the winning of the war."

"The nation's resources in manpower, money, transportation, food stuffs, raw materials, and fuel, have already been subjected to heavy strain, and it is their clear duty of every citizen to guard against increasing this strain by a single wasteful act."

"It is most creditable for every one, man and woman, boy and girl, to be economical in dress, food and manner of living. Every evidence of helpful self-denial on the part of all in a time like this is most commendable."

"This war is more than a conflict between armies; it is a contest in which every man, woman and child can and should render real assistance. Thrift and economy are not only a patriotic privilege, they are a duty."

KELLNER

The H. J. Baldridge family are entertaining their nephew and niece from Neokaosa.

Angus Cook left for Milwaukee last week for a visit.

Miss Mabel Morgan of Amherst is visiting friends of this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. August Buss were called to Neokaosa by the death of their niece.

John Hastings who enlisted, left for the training camp Monday.

The reception at the town hall which was held in honor of the boys who leave for training was well attended. The Loyalty Legion feasted four hundred. Mr. Brazeau delivered an excellent speech.

J. B. Hastings left last week to do carpenter work for the government.

Mr. and Mrs. Bob Hannaman and family of the town of Grand Rapids were frightened very badly last Thursday evening when returning from the town hall. They were when a car came along and turned the buggy around, tipping the family out. Mr. Hannaman was hurt quite badly. The rest received just a few scratches.

Mrs. Will Rowland and children, Mrs. Ed. Johnson and daughter, Virginia, visited friends in this vicinity last week.

The Nick Rosenthal family are moving on to the old Ed. Johnson place.

Mr. and Mrs. Nepsy are entertaining company from Grand Rapids. Miss Sadie Woden of Bancroft is visiting relatives here.

Miss Julia Rathke has returned home after spending the winter in Minnesota working.

Mrs. Buss was a visitor in Grand Rapids on Tuesday.

Herbert Caukie of the Rapids was a visitor at the W. H. Witt house.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Munroe and family autoed to Neokaosa Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Rickman were visitors at the home of Rev. Rathke last week.

Word has been received that Charles Knoll has arrived in France. The Loyalty Legion will meet in the town hall next Wednesday evening, June 5th. Everybody cordially invited.

The German Lutherans are rebuilding their schoolhouse which burnt last winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pfund are moving on the old Serneau place.

USE SUBSTITUTE FLOURS

Don't discard your favorite recipes because they contain wheat. But don't expect them to be just the same when made with the substitute flour. Yeast breads, according to home economics workers, are almost impossible without some wheat flour. But griddle cakes, muffins, cakes, cookies, biscuits and bread and salad bread are quite possible with any of the substitute flours.

The following substitutions in recipes replace 1 cup of wheat flour:

1 cup oatmeal flour—1 cup barley flour—1 cup rice flour—1 cup corn flour—1/2 cup potato flour.

—Large choice pineapples, suitable for canning on sale at Howard's Variety Store Friday and Saturday for 15c each.

ARPIN

Misses Nellie and Marion Cutler who have been attending high school at Manawa are expected home Saturday to spend their vacation with their parents here.

Arthur Rattiselt, our garage man, and Archie Parfett of Bethel were among the boys that left Grand Rapids Tuesday for camp.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Dingeldein and family motored to Grand Rapids Sunday and took dinner with the father's father, A. J. Cowell and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Cutler and baby drove to Pittsville Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. F. Burgess.

Mrs. H. F. Roehrig entertained the ladies aid Wednesday.

Miss Bertha Rehnold who has been employed in Milwaukee is home to spend the summer.

The Red Cross workers met at the Jack Smith home last Wednesday night.

Earl Johnson of Stevens Point, formerly from here was in this vicinity last week.

Miss Lenore Johnson closed her school in district No. 3 last Friday with a picnic and returned to her home in Grand Rapids Saturday.

Lester Cutler who has been quite ill at his home east of town is able to be about again.

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Mr. and Mrs. August Buss were called to Neokaosa by the death of their niece.

John Hastings who enlisted, left for the training camp Monday.

The reception at the town hall which was held in honor of the boys who leave for training was well attended. The Loyalty Legion feasted four hundred. Mr. Brazeau delivered an excellent speech.

J. B. Hastings left last week to do carpenter work for the government.

Mr. and Mrs. Bob Hannaman and family of the town of Grand Rapids were frightened very badly last Thursday evening when returning from the town hall. They were when a car came along and turned the buggy around, tipping the family out. Mr. Hannaman was hurt quite badly. The rest received just a few scratches.

Mrs. Will Rowland and children, Mrs. Ed. Johnson and daughter, Virginia, visited friends in this vicinity last week.

The Nick Rosenthal family are moving on to the old Ed. Johnson place.

Mr. and Mrs. Nepsy are entertaining company from Grand Rapids. Miss Sadie Woden of Bancroft is visiting relatives here.

Miss Julia Rathke has returned home after spending the winter in Minnesota working.

Mrs. Buss was a visitor in Grand Rapids on Tuesday.

Herbert Caukie of the Rapids was a visitor at the W. H. Witt house.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Munroe and family autoed to Neokaosa Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Rickman were visitors at the home of Rev. Rathke last week.

Word has been received that Charles Knoll has arrived in France. The Loyalty Legion will meet in the town hall next Wednesday evening, June 5th. Everybody cordially invited.

The German Lutherans are rebuilding their schoolhouse which burnt last winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pfund are moving on the old Serneau place.

SARATOGA

Thursday, May 23rd Mr. Monroe of Kellner put across one of the most daring and successful patriotic demonstrations America will witness. In the whole present war with Germany, the most successful patriotic demonstration of almost wholly foreign born farmers, covering a really vast territory in the towns of Grant and Saratoga. In the midst of a much belated spring planting, he had a representative gathering at his farm, well to the five hours from Saratoga and Grant who left for training that would have done credit to a community of retired farmers and city pleasure seekers. Farmers drove over there seven miles after working the teams all day in the field and after the most tiring address by T. W. Brazeau, the committee who had charge of the affair fed over four hundred. Mr. Ellis of the county defense was chairman of the day and Walter Peterson and Mike Kowlenki furnished music for the guard of honor that accompanied the boys to the hall. Carl Voigt, Geo. Hannaman, Reinhold Helke, Ed. Schoor, and John Hastings were the honored guests. The guard of honor was headed by a large American flag carried by a 15 year old boy scout in uniform, whose only wish is to grow fast enough to "Get into it, over there." The supper served spoke not a word of starvation or ration handling, and one of our table neighbors remarked "It is impossible for me to comply with Mr. Hoover's request" and left half of his food on his plate. "We have scant sympathy for those who are afraid to do their bit 'over there' or who beyond the call to arms, stay home and are still actually biting the hand that's feeding them. There are some who are still brassy enough to stand for the Kaiser and some who show very little patriotism on last Thursday night. A man should have very excellent reasons, not a poor excuse when he stays away from such a gathering as this. Everyone from Grant and Saratoga" were so strongly urged to be present. A man within a mile of the hall, who absent himself on such occasions, while others drive seven or nine miles to be present, casts at least a shadow on his patriotism, and a good many shadows were cast Thursday night. John Hastings, 19 is a volunteer.

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Our Policy; simply this—that our service may satisfy our patrons to such an extent that it can lead to nothing but established friendship which assures permanent patronage. On this basis we ask you to transact your business with us.

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Where Could You Find More Attractive Prices?

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Pictures Framed

If you have any pictures that need framing we can do it at moderate prices.

We Announce

A New Picture Framing Department. Good selection of Mouldings, work expertly done at Moderate Prices.

Summer Days Will Soon Be Here

The Summer Season will soon be here—perhaps in a few days, for it is only a question of sunshine and warm breezes. All outdoors has passed the budding stage and announces itself ready to make attractive our summer days. Leafy trees promise to keep us cool, protecting us from the hot sun.


Nature will do her best to make us happy; but we must do our part; we must dress for summer. Our store provides the largest assortment of summer wearing apparel for Men, Women and Children, and prices are very moderate.

Did You Have Your Baby Weighed?

Careful consideration of the babies welfare is becoming more and more a subject for discussion. Sentiment leans strongly in favor of better conditions, to decrease the large percentage of infant mortality, especially during the hot summer months.

Baby's clothes, we believe, make a great difference. He should have plenty of every thing to assure a change complete when that is necessary. If you will come to our Infants Department you will find everything you could possibly need, including the Baby Carriage for his daily airing.

**Everything is Priced Very Moderately**



Silk Dresses for Summer

at \$14.95


Our Biggest Sale—Only Two More Days

Friday and Saturday remain in which to choose your silk dress at the greatest saving we have offered for several years. A silk dress for summer is a necessary part of your wardrobe. Buy yours now from this special lot, including

Values to \$24.75

Materials are in Georgettes, combinations of Georgettes, Foulards, Taffetas, and Messa lines in every color and pattern imaginable. Styles are of this seasons most popular "made in America" vogue. They are selling rapidly at our low price of only

**\$14.95**



SUMMER SPORTS

Men, as well as boys, during these days of strenuous work and nervous strain should, more than ever before, take a certain amount of outdoor recreation. Baseball or tennis furnish the most enjoyable sports for men and boys and build up energy for the day to come.

**Base Balls**—Goldsmiths official league ball—18 innings priced at **\$1.50** Others at \$1.00 down to 8c.

**Base Ball Bats**—Your choice of a good selection at from \$1.00 down to **8c**

**Base Ball Gloves**—Quality corresponding with prices ranging from **25c** \$4.00 down to

**Catchers Mitts**—the kind that hold the ball, priced from \$5.00 down to **50c**

**First Basemen's Mitts**—light weight and easily handled, priced from \$4.50 down to **75c**

**Tennis Balls**—of excellent quality, good and live at only **50c**

**Tennis Rackets**—Your choice of shapes and sizes at from \$3.25 down to **\$1.50**

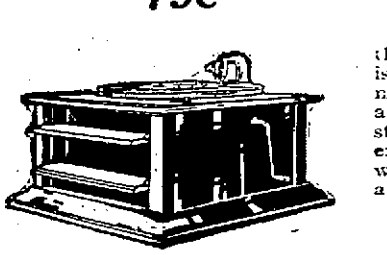


79 Cents on the \$1.00 Reduction Sale!

Our sale has been running now almost a week and continues in its opening success. People were quick to realize that 21 cents saved on every dollar in household necessities is worth looking into. On a set of dishes, silverware, phonographs or floor lamps the saving on these larger purchases is surprising in its totality.


If you have not heard—we are selling our complete stock in crockery, music and lamp departments at \$1.00 worth of merchandise for

**79c**



Athletic Union Suits FOR WOMEN

Something New in Our Underwear Department



We take great pleasure in introducing the E. M. U. Union Suit for women. It is the most comfortable, practical garment you have been looking for. We are certain that it will meet with the approval of the majority of women in this city and vicinity as it has with women all over the country in these active, practical times. Priced at **\$2.50, \$2.25, \$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1.25**

Pineapple Week

This is the time of season for canning pineapples. Do not wait, get them NOW—season will be short, per doz. \$1.63 and \$1.38 for very fine quality.

You are allowed to purchase up to 25 lbs. of sugar by signing a card wherein you promise you will use said sugar for canning purposes only.

**Sauer Kraut** is selling fast. The very finest quality sold under the Silver Buckle Brand. Ask for Silver Buckle Sauer Kraut—its fine eating.



National Rolled Oats, large package.....27c  
Toasted Corn Flakes, per package.....9c  
Unpitted Apricots, per pound.....12c  
Peanut Butter, pound.....22c  
24 lb. Barley Flour \$1.48 10 lbs Barley Flour.....60c  
Rolled Oats, bulk, lb.....7c Prunes, fancy, lb.....10c  
Grapes, dried, lb.....12c  
Vanilla, the great Vanilla, 4 oz. bottle.....25c  
Substitute at less than half price

Frazzle Soap for greasy hands, per can.....10c  
Coffee—Guatemala Blend Coffee, lb.....22c  
Yucatan Blend Coffee, lb.....18c  
Brazilian Blend Coffee, lb.....15c  
The above coffees are very good, the best in bulk you can buy for the money

Soroso Coffee—This brand of coffee that has stood the test for 20 years only 25c the lb., or 10 lbs. at per lb.....23c

**Baking Powder**—Calumet, 1 lb can.....19c  
Old Dutch, 1 lb can.....19c Big Store, 1 lb can.....19c  
Arm & Hammer Saleratus, 1 lb package.....5c  
Yeast Foam, 8 packages.....10c  
Snow Boy Washing Powder, large package.....18c  
Grandmas Washing Powder, large package.....17c

Tea—Ask for our Famous Orange Pekoe Tea, one-half pound tin cartons.....40c  
Nine Star Gunpowder Tea, 1 lb pkg 65c, 1 lb pkg 35c  
Indian Chief uncolored Japan Tea, 1 lb pkg.....25c



PEOPLES CASH & CARRY STORE

ORIGINATORS AND MAINTAINERS OF LOW PRICES

Standard Tobacco, full pound.....	44c
Badger Tobacco, half pound.....	14c
Growler Tobacco, half pound.....	14c
Velvet Tobacco, in tins.....	10c
Oleomargarine, 5 pound drums.....	\$1.25
Oleomargarine, 1 pound prints.....	25c
Seedless Raisins, fancy, 2 pounds.....	25c
Prunes, Santa Clara, per pound.....	9c, 10c, 12c and 15c
Extra Fancy Peaches, per pound.....	9c
Dill Pickles, fancy, per dozen.....	9c
Extra Fancy Pickles, per pound.....	25c
Small pieces of Fancy Salt Pork.....	23c
Reddersons Blue and Aluminum Thimbles.....	25c
Matches, 6 boxes for.....	5c
Dry Blossom Apples, fancy, per box.....	10c
Syrup, 10 lb pails.....	10c
Ripe Apricots, per can.....	10c
Green Bay Soap, 6 bars for.....	25c
Galvanic Soap, per bar.....	5c
Extra Special—Fancy Picnic Hams—everyone should get one of these hams at per pound.....	22c
Corn and Barley Feed, per hundred.....	\$2.50

This is a snap Mr. Farmer.

PEOPLES CASH & CARRY STORE

Remember the CHAUTAUQUA, June 10 to 15. Hobson will be here. Program consists of 12 sittings or 24 entertainments for only \$2. Never so much for your money before